THE NEW YORK STATE PREKINDERGARTEN LEARNING STANDARDS: A RESOURCE FOR SCHOOL SUCCESS

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INTRODUCTIONS

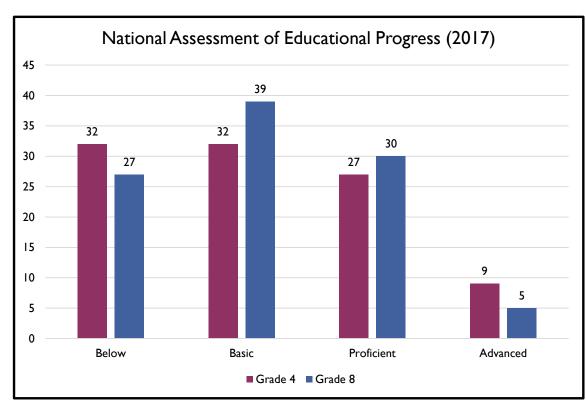


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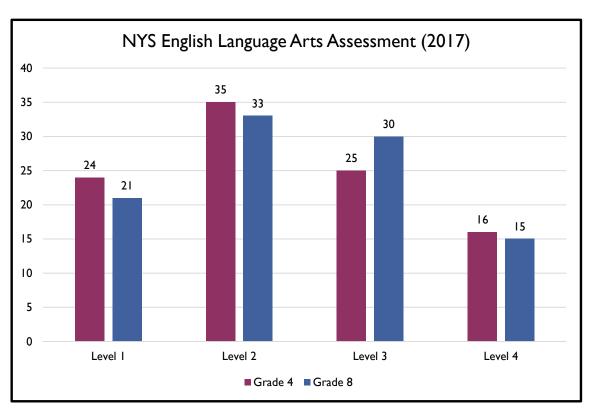


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TODAY'S LITERACY CONTEXT: NEW YORK STATE 4TH AND 8TH GRADERS



SOURCE: U.S. Department of Education, Institute of Education Sciences, National Center for Education Statistics, National Assessment of Educational Progress (NAEP), 2017 Reading Assessment.

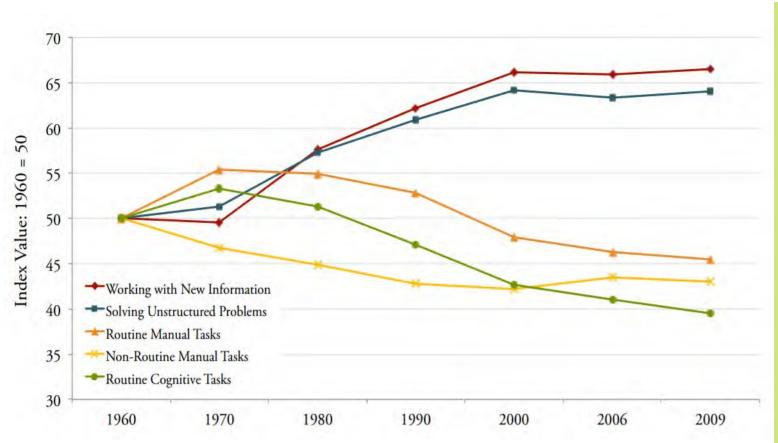


SOURCE: New York State Education Department, Retrieved on May 16, 2019 from data.nysed.gov.

TODAY'S LITERACY CONTEXT



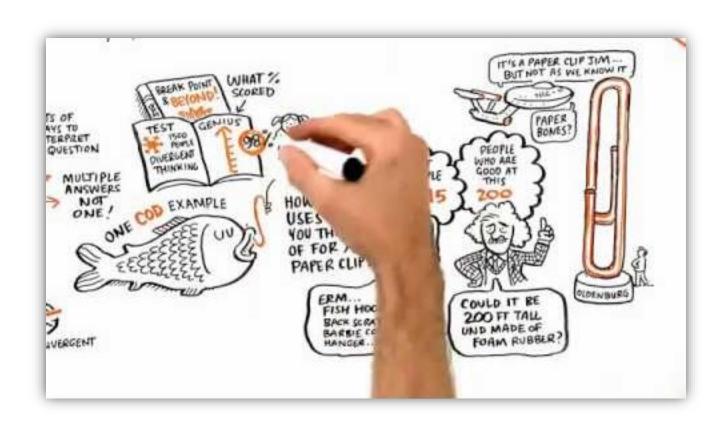
CHANGING DEMANDS OF WORKFORCE PARTICIPATION



"In order to prepare young people to do the jobs computers cannot do, we must re-focus our education system around one objective: giving students the foundational skills in problem-solving and communication that computers don't have."

Murnane & Levy, 2013

DIVERGENT THINKING



SUCCESSFUL LEARNING

Students successfully learn when they are:

- ► Mentally active
- Engaged
- Socially interactive
- Building meaningful connections to their lives



Hassinger-Das, B., Hirsh-Pasek, K. & Golinkoff, R.M. (2017).

STRONG CURRICULA





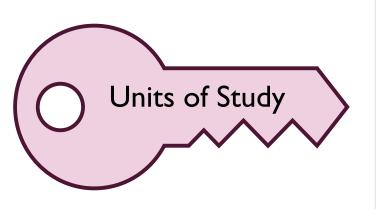
Strong Curricula

- Content-rich themes/texts
- Culturally responsive
- Consistent routines/language
- Rigorous/challenging within supportive context
- Combine explicit instruction with inquiry based learning
- Support peer-to-peer interactions





UNITS OF STUDY



Depth of Learning

 Place a concept, word, or theme at the center to deepen understanding

Learning as a Process

Facilitate
 learning such
 that students
 can grapple with
 ideas and learn
 from mistakes

Interactive Learning

Support
 meaningful
 interactions
 among teachers
 and peers

Strong Curricula

ADVANCED LITERACY BRIEFS

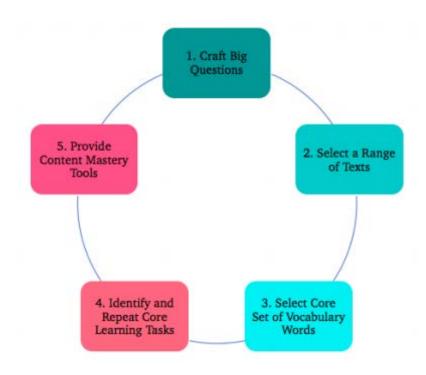
"Effective literacy instruction ... brings the world to students in meaningful ways and supports them as they develop the foundation they need to access and comprehend a range of texts."



http://www.nysed.gov/bilingual-ed/linguistically-diverse-learners-and-nys-next-generation-p-I2-learning-standards

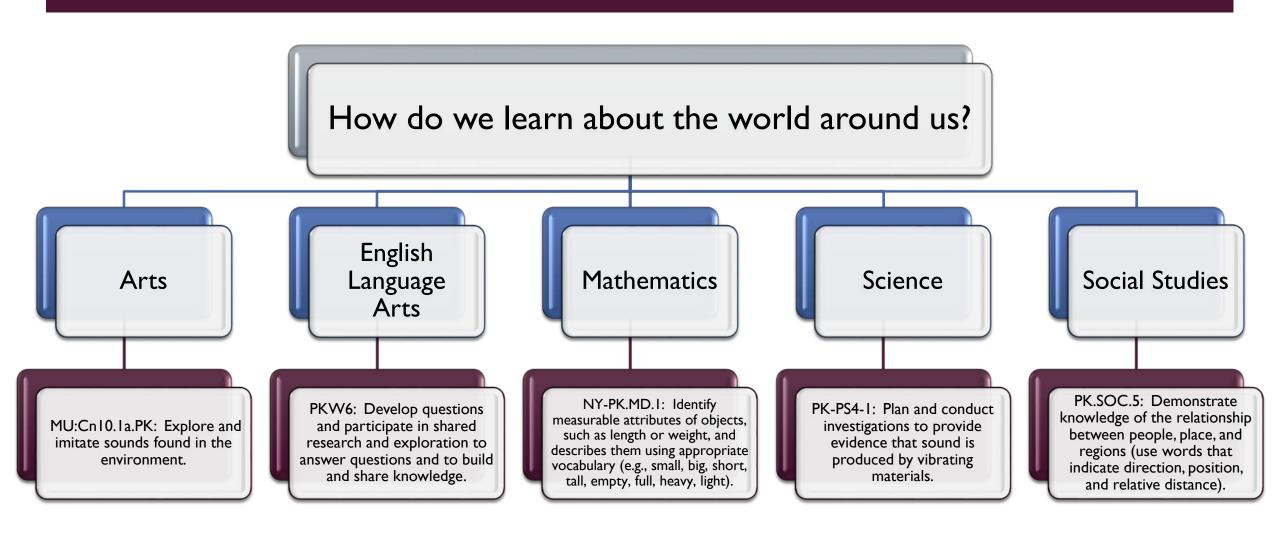
INSTRUCTIONAL UNITS OF STUDY

"A central method for motivating a unit's inquiry is to engage students in answering a question that is authentic and for which there is no single answer."



http://www.nysed.gov/common/nysed/files/nov-8-nys_brief-7-of-8_summer_2017_units-final_2.pdf-a.pdf

NEW YORK STATE LEARNING STANDARDS



AT A GLANCE ELA STANDARDS

- Support curriculum development, instructional design
- Access grade-level introductions
 - Range of reading experiences
 - Text complexity expectations

http://www.nysed.gov/curriculum-instruction/new-york-state-next-generation-english-language-arts-learning-standards

PK-2 Next Generation ELA Standards at a Glance

PK-2 Reading Standards (Literary and Informational Text)

Review the PK, K, 1st, and 2nd grade ELA introductions for information regarding: guidance and support, range of student reading experiences, text complexity, English language learners/multilingual learners, and students with disabilities.

Key Ideas and Details

PK	K	1	2
PKR1: Participate in discussions about a text.	KR1: Develop and answer questions about a text.	1R1: Develop and answer questions about key ideas and details in a text.	2R1: Develop and answer questions to demonstrate an understanding of key ideas and details in a text.
PKR2: Retell stories or share information from a text.	KR2: Retell stories or share key details from a text.	1R2: Identify a main topic or central idea in a text and retell important details.	2R2: Identify a main topic or central idea and retell key details in a text; summarize portions of a text.
PKR3: Develop and answer questions about characters, major events, and pieces of information in a text.	KR3: Identify characters, settings, major events in a story, or pieces of information in a text.	1R3: Describe characters, settings, and major events in a story, or pieces of information in a text.	2R3: In literary texts, describe how characters respond to major events and challenges. In informational texts, describe the connections among ideas, concepts, or a series of events.

Craft and Structure

PK	K	1	2
PKR4: Exhibit an interest in learning new vocabulary.	KR4: Identify specific words that express feelings and senses.	1R4: Identify specific words that express feelings and senses.	2R4: Explain how words and phrases in a text suggest feelings and appeal to the senses.
PKR5: Interact with a variety of genres.	KR5: Identify literary and informational texts.	1R5: Identify a variety of genres and explain major differences between literary texts and informational texts.	2R5: Describe the overall structure of a text, including describing how the beginning introduces the text and the ending concludes the text.
PKR6: Describe the role of an author and illustrator.	KR6: Name the author and illustrator and define the role of each in presenting the ideas in a text.	1R6: Describe how illustrations and details support the point of view or purpose of the text.	2R6: Identify examples of how illustrations, text features, and details support the point of view or purpose of the text.

Integration of Knowledge and Ideas

PK	K	1	2
PKR7: Describe the relationship	KR7: Describe the relationship between	1R7: Use illustrations and details in	2R7: Demonstrate understanding of
between illustrations and the text.	illustrations and the text.	literary and informational texts to	story elements and/or topics by
		discuss story elements and/or topics.	applying information gained from
			illustrations or text features.
Begins in Kindergarten	KR8: Identify specific information to	1R8: Identify specific information an	2R8: Explain how specific points the
	support ideas in a text.	author or illustrator gives that supports	author or illustrator makes in a text are
		ideas in a text.	supported by relevant reasons.
PKR9: Make connections between self,	KR9: Make connections between self,	1R9: Make connections between self	2R9: Make connections between self
text, and the world.	text, and the world.	and text (texts and other people/world).	and text (texts and other people/world).

NYSED • PK-2 Next Generation ELA Standards at a Glance • 1

NEW YORK STATE PREKINDERGARTEN LEARNING STANDARDS: A RESOURCE FOR SCHOOL SUCCESS

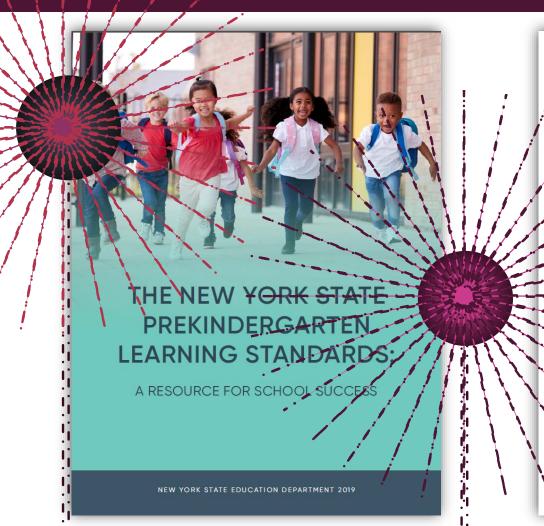


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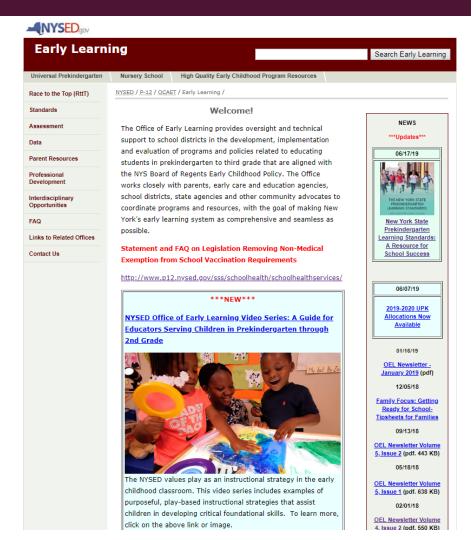
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ACCESSING THE PREKINDERGARTEN STANDARDS RESOURCE

www.p12.nysed.gov/earlylearning

Click on "Standards" in navigation menu in left margin.

Click on "New York State Prekindergarten Learning Standards: A Resource for School Success".



INTRODUCTION TO THE RESOURCE



- challenge of working with multiple formats
- confusion about focusing on discrete skills, missing domain areas



a clear, comprehensive, consolidated standards resource for prekindergarten learning standards

- Office of Early Learning

- Office of Curriculum and Instruction

Feedback from:

- Office of Bilingual Education and World Languages
- Office of Special Education
- Administrators, Educators, Parents

READ AND REFLECT: THE INTRODUCTION



- Read the Introduction (p. 3-5)
- Reflect on the following:
 - The NYSPKLS Resource IS...
 - The NYSPKLS Resource IS NOT...

- All children are capable of learning, achieving and making developmental progress. The Standards are intended for all children regardless of economic, linguistic, and cultural differences or physical, learning, and emotional challenges.
- Children develop at different rates and each child is unique in their own development, growth, and acquisition of skills. Appropriate and reasonable supports and accommodations, including home language, trauma, and behavioral and instructional supports must be provided to empower all children to succeed.
- Children are active learners. A primary approach to learning is through purposeful play. Intentional planning promotes rich learning experiences that encourage participation, involve multiple contexts, and engage the senses that help children explore their environment.
- Early development and learning are multi-dimensional. Children's learning is integrated and occurs simultaneously across all domains, which are interrelated and interactive with one another.
- Children learn in the context of interactions and relationships with family members, caregivers, teachers, and other children in their immediate environment and in their community.
- The family is a significant contributor to children's lifelong development and learning. Actively engaging caregivers in the early education of their children is essential to children's success in the elementary classroom and later learning.
- These learning standards may be used as tools to empower parents, teachers, and caregivers to better support and enhance young children's development and learning.
- These learning standards acknowledge, respect, and embrace children's diverse backgrounds, their heritage, cultures, and linguistic experiences.
- These learning standards are guided by research, stakeholder feedback, and effective practice to strengthen instruction and educational experiences across all settings. They are systemically aligned with all of the New York State P-12 Learning Standards, performance indicators for bilingual and preschool special education, Head Start Early Learning Outcomes, and the National Association for the Education of Young Children guidelines.

REFLECTION



DOMAINS OF LEARNING

DOMAIN 1: Approaches to Learning

How children become involved in learning and acquiring knowledge.

DOMAIN 2: Physical Development and Health

Children's physical health and ability to engage in daily activities, both outdoors and inside.

DOMAIN 3: Social and Emotional Learning

The emotional competence and ability to form positive relationships that give meaning to children's experiences in the home, school, and larger community.

DOMAIN 4: Communication, Language, and Literacy Part A and Part B

How children understand, create, and communicate meaning.

DOMAIN 5: Cognition and Knowledge of the World (Mathematics, Science, Social Studies, Arts)

What children need to know and understand about their world and how they apply what they know.

THE STRUCTURE OF THE STANDARDS RESOURCE





Context and considerations



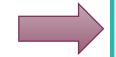
Links and notes to full articulation of standards, if applicable



Reference codes/Learning Standard



Indicator(s)



DOMAIN: COMMUNICATION, LANGUAGE AND LITERACY PART B: ENGLISH LANGUAGE ARTS AND LITERACY

Students in prekindergarten are at the early emergent reader level and have not yet developed the foundational word reading skills necessary to read texts independently. Prekindergarten children should experience a balance of literature and informational texts in the context of instruction designed to create opportunities to engage with a variety of topics, texts, and discussions that support language development and knowledge building. Creating this learning environment for emergent readers can take a variety of formats, including read-alouds, shared readings, pretend readings, learning activities and play that incorporates literacy materials. talking, experimenting with written materials, and other literacy activities. We refer to these instructional events as "reading or literacy experiences" because the focus is on using texts, printed and visual, to develop emergent readers' concepts of how meaning is conveyed through reading and writing while building their language and background knowledge within responsive units of study.

For more information on New York State's Next Generation ELA Standards, including introductory statements, visit http://www.nysed.gov/curriculum-instruction/english-language-arts-elo-literacy/. To further support the implementation of the ELA Standards, additional guidance is provided through a series of topic briefs here http://www.nysed.gov/bilingual-ed/linguistically-diverse-learners-and-nys-next-generation-p-12-learning-standards

READING FOUNDATIONS

Print Concepts

PK.E.AL.1, [PKRF.1.] Demonstrates understanding of the organization and basic features of print

PK.ELAL.1. Indicators

- Recognizes that words are read from left to right, top to bottom, and page to page
- Recognizes that spoken words are represented in written language
- c. Understands that words are separated by spaces in print
- Recognizes and names some upper/lowercase letters of the alphabet, especially those in own name
- e. Recognizes that letters are grouped to form words
- f. Differentiates letters from numerals
- a. Identifies front cover and back cov

Prekindergarten domain of learning

Learning domain context and considerations

Links and notes to full articulation of standards, if applicable

Prekindergarten code includes PK for grade level, letters to indicate the learning domain, and a chronological number

Reference code from full articulation of standards document, if applicable

Learning Standard

..... Indicator(s)

THE STANDARDS

- Browse the learning standards
- Discuss
- 3. Stop and jot

We notice...

We wonder...

Domain 1: Approaches to Learning DOMAIN: APPROACHES TO LEARNING (AL) Domain 2: Physical Development expecto from rot and Health and on learning DOMAIN: PHYSICAL DEVELOPMENT AND HEALTH (PDH) result of languag ple, tea **Domain 3:** Social and Emotional environ schedule Learning to pract developm the cont large and through le PLAY A DOMAIN: SOCIAL AND EMOTIONAL LEARNING (SEL) curriculun PKAL1 All children led leaming To view th PKAL.TI instruction Domain 4A: Communication, competencies PHYSICA ability to hold Language and Literacy PK.PDH.1. become incre PKPDH.1. but also for ov a. Iden social and em DOMAIN: COMMUNICATION, LANGUAGE AND LITERACY b. Com positive relati PART A: APPROACHES TO COMMUNICATION (AC) NYSED develo Building a strong four contributes to learnin Domain 5A: Cognition and Knowledge development **Emotional Lec** skills from the instructional frameword of the World: Mathematics nysed.gov/sss knowledge, and gain reading comprehensi DOMAIN: COGNITION AND KNOWLEDGE OF THE WORLD Communication is a MATHEMATICS (MATH) connect with others. We think... especially when desc Mathematical learning in prekindergarten facuses on the exploration of cancepts. Instructional time should isolated instructional focus on: 1) developing number sense including concepts of correspondence, counting, cardinality, and comparison; and 2) recognizing basic two and three-dimensional geometric shapes and describing shapes New York Starte's Next found in their everyday environment. Communication, how these standards, add

selected books or themes with mathematical concepts.

these concepts, with immersion in the concrete, are vital.

http://www.nysed.go

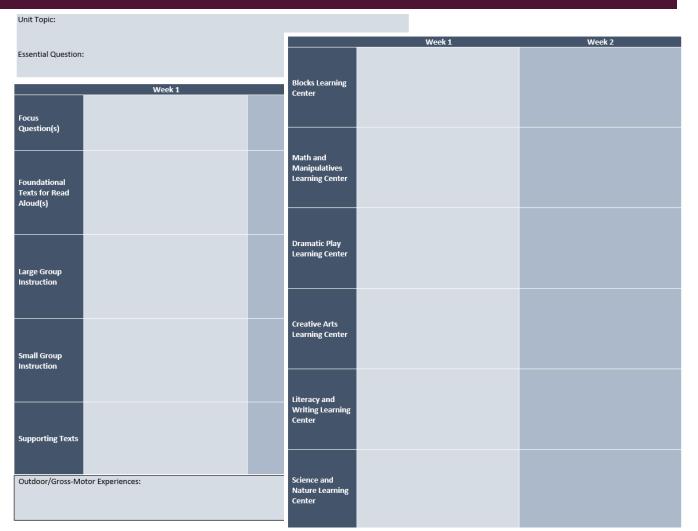
standards.

Developmentally appropriate instructional tools include math manipulatives, games, learning centers; play; and

The word "explore(s)" in the Prekindergarten Math Standards below indicates that the topic is an important concept that builds the foundation for progression toward master in later grades. Repeated experiences with

INTERDISCIPLINARY UNITS OF STUDY PLANNING TEMPLATE

Essential Question An essential question is an authent knowledge and skills that children: questions are 'big' questions for wl Focus Questions Focus questions represent the maja and require children to make come Student Outcomes Student Outcomes Student outcomes are the learning do as a result of instruction? Academic Vocabulary Academic Vocabulary words help cl access complex texts. These words alouds. Foundational and Supporting Texts Foundational and supporting texts informational texts that can be rea students interpret and answer the support students' understanding of supporting learning centers and this pupporting learning centers and this family and Community Engagement Opportunities for inviting families the class, or for extending learning Culminating Celebration is an oppass well as to note and celebrate the class.		Domain 1: Approaches to Learning
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PLANNING INTERDISCIPLINARY UNITS OF STUDY UNIT OVERVIEW & LEARNING STANDARDS

Unit Topic

Names the topic on which the unit of study focuses.

Essential Question

An essential question is an authentic, child-friendly question that connects the knowledge and skills that children should develop throughout the unit. Essential questions are 'big' questions for which there is no single answer.

Focus Questions

Focus questions represent the major inquiries of the unit. They build over time and require children to make connections across all content areas.

Student Outcomes

Student outcomes are the learning targets for children. What are children able to do as a result of instruction?

Academic Vocabulary

Academic vocabulary words help children understand the unit focus questions and access complex texts. These words can be supplemented by vocabulary in read alouds.

Foundational and Supporting Texts

Foundational and supporting texts include a combination of literacy and informational texts that can be read throughout the unit. Foundational texts help students interpret and answer the essential/focus question(s); supporting texts support students' understanding of essential/focus questions while also supporting learning centers and the needs/interests of individual students.

Family and Community Engagement

Opportunities for inviting families to share their experiences and knowledge with the class, or for extending learning outside of the classroom.

Culminating Celebration

A culminating celebration is an opportunity to reflect on the unit with the children, as well as to note and celebrate the growth and learning that has occurred.

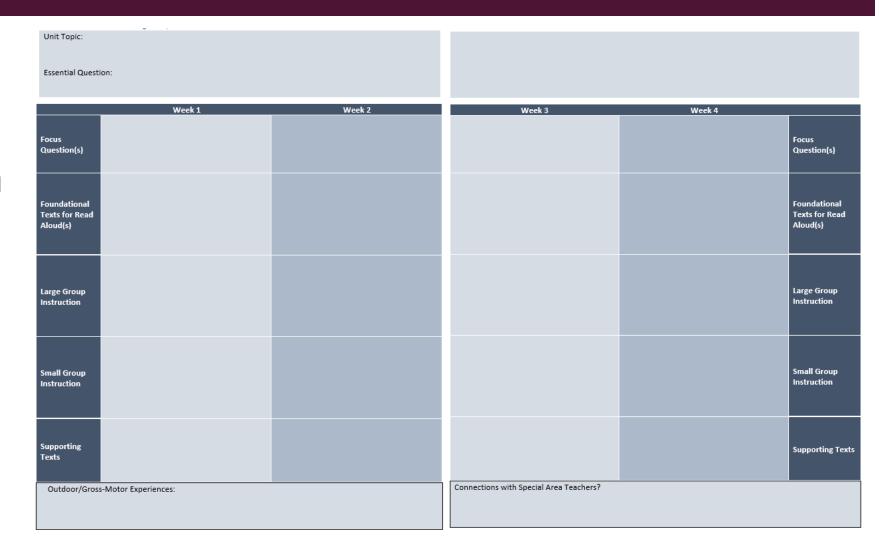
Unit Overview

Learning Standards

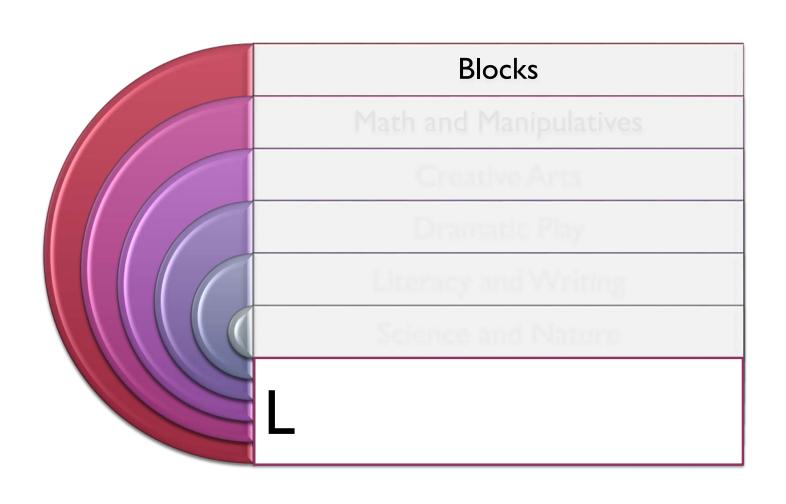
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Domain 2: Physical Development and Health
Domain 3: Social and Emotional Learning
Domain 4: Communication, Language, and Literacy
Part A: Approaches to Communication
Part B: English Language Arts and Literacy
Domain 5: Cognition and Knowledge of the World
Mathematics
Science
Social Studies
The Arts

PLANNING INTERDISCIPLINARY UNITS OF STUDY WEEKLY PLANNING TEMPLATE

- Includes space to plan weekly:
 - Focus questions
 - Foundational texts for read aloud/supporting texts
 - Large/small group instruction
- As well as:
 - Outdoor/gross-motor experiences
 - Connections with Special Area teachers



PLANNING INTERDISCIPLINARY UNITS OF STUDY PLANNING LEARNING CENTERS



	Week 1	Week 2
Blocks Learning Center		
Math and Manipulatives Learning Center		
Dramatic Play Learning Center		
Creative Arts Learning Center		
Literacy and Writing Learning Center		
Science and Nature Learning Center		

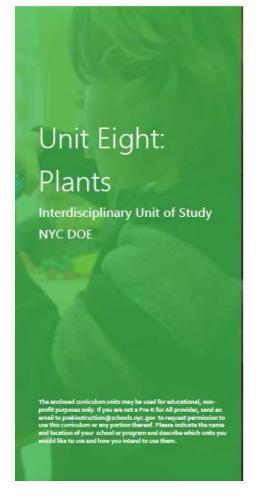




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Instructional unit framework example

This instructional unit framework illustrates one way to design an integrated thematic unit that aligns with the prekindergarten standards, leaves room to build on student interest, and can be tailored to meet individual needs. While this unit centers on a traditionally "scientific" theme, it is interdisciplinary as content from all domains of learning is embedded throughout.





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