NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade K

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	Anchors 1 and 2 will be assessed through the Listening modality for this grade only.	
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	Anchors 1 and 2 will be assessed through the Listening modality for this grade only.	
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can demonstrate understanding of the foundational features of the English language.	TOM.R.K.3 Students can identify basic features of print, sounds, and grade-appropriate words.	Recognize a letter of the alphabet Distinguish an initial sound in a three-phoneme or CVC (consonant-vowel-consonant) word Distinguish a final sound in a three-phoneme or CVC (consonant-vowel-consonant) word
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 4 Students can apply phonics and word analysis skills basic to the English language when reading.	TOM.R.K.4 Students can identify one-to-one letter-sound correspondences and high-frequency grade-appropriate words in context.	Recognize the primary sound, or most frequent sound, of a consonant that is particularly challenging for ELLs (e.g., "h") Use a context clue to determine meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	Not Applicable for This Grade	

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade 1

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.1.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, ideas, events, a narrator, and/or the main idea in a grade-level text.	identify or refer to: a character or an individual the setting an event or an action a feeling a narrator an idea or information a main idea
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.1.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, and/or relationships in a gradelevel text.	signal or describe: a key detail an event or a sequence of events a comparison or contrast of information a cause and effect
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.1.3 Students can determine the meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to find meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.1.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade level as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story, a description, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story the development of a topic the development of a character the development of a description the development of an idea the development of a comparison or contrast relationship
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.1.5 Students can identify significant ideas, events, and/or relationships that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in gradelevel texts.	establish: a significant idea a significant event a relationship between characters

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade 2

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.2.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, ideas, events, a narrator, and/or the main idea in a grade-level text.	identify or refer to: a character or an individual the setting or a place an event or an action a feeling a narrator a subject or a topic an idea or information a main idea
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.2.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, and/or relationships in a gradelevel text.	signal or describe: a key detail a sequence of events a comparison or contrast of information a cause and effect a reason given by an author
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.2.3 Students can determine the meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.2.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade level as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story, a description, a sequence of events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or topic the development of a character the development of a description the development of a sequence of events or actions the development of information the development of a comparison or contrast relationship the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a relationship between characters or ideas
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.2.5 Students can identify significant ideas, events, and/or relationships that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in gradelevel texts.	establish: a significant idea a significant event a relationship between characters how a character changes

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade Band 3–4

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.3–4.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, ideas or concepts, events, point of view, and/or the main idea in a grade-level text.	identify or refer to: a character, an individual, or a subject the setting or a place the point of view an event or an action a step in a process a feeling an idea, a concept, or a topic a main idea or a message
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.3–4.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, connections, and/or relationships in a grade-level text.	signal or describe: a key detail the motivation of a character or an individual a sequence of events or a chronology of ideas a connection between characters or ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.3–4.3 Students can determine the literal or figurative meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to determine meaning textual information to determine meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.3–4.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a sequence of events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, ideas, facts, description, etc.) the development of a description the development of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a problem and solution relationship how a character contributes to events
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.3-4.5 Students can identify significant elements, relationships, and/or topics that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in gradelevel texts.	establish: a significant element (idea, theme, character, event, etc.) a significant relationship (between characters, ideas, events, etc.) a significant topic (theme, message, etc.)

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade Band 5–6

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.L.5–6.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, main ideas, supporting ideas, concepts, events, point of view, and/or the message or theme in a grade-level text.	identify, signal, or refer to: a character, an individual, or a subject the setting or a place the point of view an event or an action an idea, a concept, or a topic a main idea or a message
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.5–6.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, connections, relationships, and/or conclusions in a grade-level text.	signal or describe: a key detail additional information a sequence of events or actions or a chronology of ideas a connection of ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship a conclusion
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.5–6.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.5–6.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, ideas, facts, description, etc.) the development of details, characteristics, examples, or reasons the development of a sequence of events the development of a connection of ideas the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of a problem and solution relationship
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.5–6.5 Students can identify significant elements, connections, relationships, and/or topics that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in grade-level texts.	establish: a significant element (idea, theme, character, event, etc.) a significant connection (between characters, ideas, events, etc.) a significant relationship (of characters, ideas, themes) a significant topic (theme, message, etc.)

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade Band 7–8

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.7–8.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, main ideas, supporting ideas, concepts, evidence, events, multiple points of view, literary devices, and/or the message or theme in a grade-level text.	indicate, signal, or refer to: a character, an individual, a subject, or a topic multiple points of view the setting an event or an action evidence or information a literary device two or more main ideas a message or a theme
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a grade-level text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.7–8.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or convey key details, sequence, connections, relationships, conclusions, and/or interactions in a gradelevel text.	signal or convey: a key detail an opinion or a result a sequence of events or actions a chronology of ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship a conclusion
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.7–8.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary and its impact in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning the impact of words in a text
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.7–8.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a claim and evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, characteristics, facts, description) the development of a claim, reasons, evidence, or examples the development of a connection between ideas the development of a sequence of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of a problem and solution relationship the development of an argument the development of a theme or a message
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.7–8.5 Students can identify significant elements, connections, relationships, topics, and/or themes that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in grade-level texts.	establish: a significant element (idea, character, event, etc.) a significant connection (between characters, ideas, events, etc.) a significant relationship (of characters, ideas, themes) a significant topic a significant theme

NYSESLAT READING Targets of Measurement – Grade Band 9–12

Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.9–12.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important aspects of individuals or events, claims or counterclaims, evidence, multiple points of view, rhetorical devices, and/or the message or theme in a grade-level text.	indicate, signal, or refer to: an aspect of an individual or an event multiple points of view a claim and evidence a rhetorical device a message or theme
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.9–12.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or convey key details, sequence, connections, relationships, conclusions, and/or interactions that develop or refine a grade-level text.	signal or convey: a key detail an opinion, a reason, or a result a temporal marker or a manipulation of time a connection between or a comparison of elements a conclusion a refinement of an idea, a theme, or a message a relationship between elements or ideas (cause and effect, problem and solution) a transition between or a redirection of ideas
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in a gradelevel text.	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in a grade-level text.	TOM.R.9–12.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary, including the cumulative meaning of words and phrases, and their impact in a grade-level text.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning repeated words or phrases and their impact in a text
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify text structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.9–12.4 Students can identify text structures in grade-level texts. Text structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a claim and evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, characteristics, facts, description) the development of a claim, evidence, or examples the development of an opinion and reasons the development of a connection between ideas the development of a sequence of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a problem and solution relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of an argument and support the development of a theme or message
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level texts.	ANCHOR 5 Students can determine elements, connections, and topics that are established by text structures in grade-level texts.	TOM.R.9–12.5 Students can identify significant elements, connections, relationships, topics, and/or themes that are established by text structures. Text structures are defined here as words, phrases, and sentences that work together to determine elements, connections, and topics in grade-level texts.	establish: a significant element (idea, character, event, etc.) a significant connection (between characters, idea, events, etc.) a significant relationship (of characters, ideas, themes) a significant topic (facts, claims, evidence, reasoning) a significant theme or central message