LISTENING – GRADE K			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
Students can ide elements and cer level spoke Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse. Students can ANC Students can phrases, and selaborate on an grade-level spoken discourse. ANC Students can meaning of voc	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.K.1 Students can identify illustrated words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, events, a narrator, and/or the main idea in grade-level spoken discourse.	identify or refer to: a character or an individual the setting an event or an action a feeling a narrator a main idea
	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.K.2 Students can identify illustrated words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, and/or relationships in grade-level spoken discourse.	signal or describe: a key detail a sequence of events a comparison or contrast of information a cause or an effect
	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.K.3 Students can determine the meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in grade-level spoken discourse.	provide: a context clue to find meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.K.4 Students can identify illustrated language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structure is defined at this grade as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story, a description, or a sequence of events.	determine: the development of a story the development of a character the development of a description the development of a sequence of events

LISTENING – GRADE BAND 1–2			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse. Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse. ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ANCHOR 3 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ANCHOR 3 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.1 Students can ide individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.2 Students can ide or sentences that key details, sequent relationships in discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can ide or sentences that individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can ide or sentences that individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can ide or sentences that individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can ide or sentences that individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can idea in grade-level spoken discourse. ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can idea or sentences that individuals, idea and/or the main spoken discourse.	Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in grade-	ToM.L.1–2.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, ideas, events, a narrator, and/or the main idea in grade-level spoken discourse.	identify or refer to: a character or an individual the setting or a place an event or an action a feeling a narrator a subject or a topic an idea or information a main idea
	Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, and/or relationships in grade-level spoken	signal or describe: a key detail a sequence of events a comparison or contrast of information a cause and effect a reason given by an author	
	Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in grade-	ToM.L.1–2.3 Students can determine the meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in grade-level spoken discourse.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning
GENERAL CLAIM 2 Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.1–2.4 Students can identify language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structures are defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story, a description, a sequence of events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or topic the development of a character the development of a description the development of a sequence of events or actions the development of information the development of a comparison or contrast relationship the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a relationship between characters or ideas

LISTENING – GRADE BAND 3–4			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse. GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse. ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in grade-level spoken discourse of some discourse of spoken discourse. ToM.L.3–4.1 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ToM.L.3–4.2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ToM.L.3–4.2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse. ToM.L.3–4.3 Students can determine the figurative meaning of Tier	Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in grade-	ToM.L.3–4.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, ideas or concepts, events, point of view, and/or the main idea in grade-level spoken discourse.	identify or refer to: a character, an individual, or a subject the setting or a place the point of view an event or an action a step in a process a feeling an idea, a concept, or a topic a main idea or a message
	Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, connections, and/or relationships in grade-level	signal or describe: a key detail the motivation of a character or an individual a sequence of events or a chronology of ideas a connection between characters or ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship	
	Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in grade-	Students can determine the literal or figurative meaning of Tier 1 and some Tier 2 vocabulary in grade-level	provide: a context clue to determine meaning textual information to determine meaning
Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.3–4.4 Students can identify language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a sequence of events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, ideas, facts, description, etc.) the development of a description the development of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a problem and solution relationship how a character contributes to events

LISTENING – GRADE BAND 5–6			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.5–6.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, main ideas, supporting ideas, concepts, events, point of view, and/or the message or theme in grade-level spoken discourse.	identify, signal, or refer to: a character, an individual, or a subject the setting or a place the point of view an event or an action an idea, a concept, or a topic a main idea or a message
	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.5–6.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or describe key details, sequence, connections, relationships, and/or conclusions in grade-level spoken discourse.	signal or describe: a key detail additional information a sequence of events or actions or a chronology of ideas a connection of ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship a conclusion
	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.5–6.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary in gradelevel spoken discourse.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning
Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.5–6.4 Students can identify language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, ideas, facts, description, etc.) the development of details, characteristics, examples, or reasons the development of a sequence of events the development of a connection of ideas the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of a problem and solution relationship

LISTENING – GRADE BAND 7–8			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.7–8.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important individuals, main ideas, supporting ideas, concepts, evidence, events, multiple points of view, literary devices, and/or the message or theme in grade-level spoken discourse.	indicate, signal, or refer to: a character, an individual, a subject, or a topic multiple points of view the setting an event or an action evidence or information a literary device two or more main ideas a message or a theme
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.7–8.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or convey key details, sequence, connections, relationships, conclusions, and/or interactions in grade-level spoken discourse.	signal or convey: a key detail an opinion or a result a sequence of events or actions a chronology of ideas a cause and effect relationship a comparison or contrast of information a problem and solution relationship a conclusion
	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.7–8.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary and its impact in grade-level spoken discourse.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning the impact of words in a text
Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.7–8.4 Students can identify language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a claim and evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, characteristics, facts, description) the development of a claim, reasons, evidence, or examples the development of a connection between ideas the development of a sequence of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of a problem and solution relationship the development of an argument the development of a theme or a message

LISTENING – GRADE BAND 9–12			
Claim	Anchor	Target of Measurement	Language Purpose/Function/Characteristics
	ANCHOR 1 Students can identify key narrative elements and central ideas in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.9–12.1 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal important aspects of individuals or events, claims or counterclaims, evidence, multiple points of view, rhetorical devices, and/or the message or theme in grade-level spoken discourse.	indicate, signal, or refer to: an aspect of an individual or an event multiple points of view a claim and evidence a rhetorical device a message or a theme
GENERAL CLAIM 1 Students can determine information in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 2 Students can identify words, phrases, and sentences used to elaborate on and connect ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.9–12.2 Students can identify words, phrases, or sentences that signal or convey key details, sequence, connections, relationships, conclusions, and/or interactions that develop or refine grade-level spoken discourse.	signal or convey: a key detail an opinion, a reason, or a result a temporal marker or a manipulation of time a connection between or a comparison of elements a conclusion a refinement of an idea, a theme, or a message a relationship between elements or ideas (cause and effect, problem and solution) a transition between or a redirection of ideas
	ANCHOR 3 Students can determine the meaning of vocabulary in gradelevel spoken discourse.	ToM.L.9–12.3 Students can determine the literal, figurative, or connotative meaning of Tier 1 and Tier 2 vocabulary and the cumulative meaning of words and phrases, and their impact in gradelevel spoken discourse.	provide: a context clue to find meaning textual information to find meaning language imagery to find meaning repeated words or phrases and their impact in a text
Students can determine the development of ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ANCHOR 4 Students can identify language structures that develop narrative elements, key details, and central ideas in grade-level spoken discourse.	ToM.L.9–12.4 Students can identify language structures in grade-level spoken discourse. Language structure is defined at this grade band as words, phrases, and sentences that together develop a story or a topic, a description, a claim and evidence, events, or a relationship.	determine: the development of a story or a topic (key details, characteristics, facts, description) the development of a claim, evidence, or examples the development of an opinion and reasons the development of a connection between ideas the development of a sequence of events the development of a cause and effect relationship the development of a problem and solution relationship the development of a comparison or contrast of information the development of an argument and support the development of a theme or message