# MonkeySurvey Results, Part 1, January 16, 2018

### 1. What is the most-important issue, concern, or question re P20 partnerships?

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
a.	I worry that Universities may gravitate to districts closest				
	geographically to their campuses - which could eliminate the	X			
	formation of partnerships with varied demographic districts, and	_ ^			
	potentially eliminate <b>high quality</b> partners				
b.	Ensuring there is consistency across state in this area of priority		Χ		
c.	Program consistency is of the upmost importance in my opinion.				
	Often we learn of administrators having a variety of experiences			X	
	based on the institution they have attended				
d.	Keeping it simple committees tend to throw in the kitchen sink			X	
e.	Pre-service school leaders be embedded into a year-long				
	residency program in a school building. Higher ed faculty should			Х	
	be current practitioners. The medical model of residency should			^	
	be duplicated in university ed. Programs				
f.	How to identify and then address the issues which disrupt the	X			
	connection between and practice?	^			
g.	What are the qualifications of the professors teaching at these				
	universities? Professors should have experiences and knowledge			Х	
	that are relevant to present day education issues, which include			^	
	new standards and principals as business managers.				
h.	The partnership means that course work must relate concepts				
	and theories to practical application. On-site leaders must allow			Х	
	and support practical work during the internship. The key is			^	
	practical focused application				
i.	What are the non-negotiables for the residency component of			Х	
	the framework, and how will it be paid for			Λ	
j.	Intern experiences vary greatly depending on supervisor. Interns				
	to complete an authentic project(s) under guidance of				
	supervisor. Intern requirements must be clearly established so an			Х	
	appropriate match with a building/district supervisor can be				
	made				
k.	The biggest concern is the content of the university-based				
	principal prep programs. The academic program needs to reflect			Х	
	the skills and competencies needed in 2018 building leaders and			,	
	beyond.				
I.	Truly shared and joint ownership of the experience and learning		Х		
	opportunities provided to the aspiring leader.		Λ		
m.	Relationship is the key and difficult to "legislate." It will be				
	interesting to develop the right conditions in support of these		Χ		
	relationships.				
n.	I believe that the framework must be very broad and flexible to				
	allow for the diverse entities and situations that may, despite			Х	
	being different- still hold promise for a quality, relevant				
	experience.				
0.	Working with university-based programs to provide <b>realistic and</b>				
	practical hands-on leadership experiences with emphasis on	X			
	urban/high need schools.				

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
p. I	How will internship guidelines be established so that each is				
6	equitable and rigorous? What tools can be established for			X	
r	measuring this?				
•	Disconnect between internship requirements and practical	Х			
I	earning for future administrators.	^			
	An issue/ concern would be having a detailed (is universal an				
(	option?) framework that can be utilized by all university-based			X	
ŗ	prep programs. One-size-fits all may be an issue.				
	Universities and districts often have goals that are very much				
ā	aligned. This should be a starting point to a conversation about	X			
ŀ	now to meet these shared goals in a sustainable manner.				
t. I	How to develop and foster a P-20 partnership of equals.		Χ		
u. T	There must be an enhanced and highly credible internship			Х	
6	experience that is mentored by an outstanding administrator.			^	
٧. ٦	The most important concern I have is that the University based				
ŗ	prep programs incorporate input from the school districts they		Χ		
9	serve				
w.	The most important part of this charge is finding high quality				
ā	aspiring principals to lead our schools	Х			
x. I	am wondering how the framework will address the conditions		V		
t	that are necessary to foster these relationships and partnerships.		Х		
y. I	feel there is sometimes a disconnect between what is taught at				
t	he University Prep Programs and the actual application that			X	
ā	aspiring leaders will experience in their internship programs.				
z. ſ	My concern is that we do not get too bound down by partnership				
t	type activities and forget that collaborative structures are even		V		
r	more important. Also, the partnership framework is not driven or		Х		
(	defined by one partner				
aa. I	How will the quality of the internship be aligned with evaluation				
(	of administrative experience	Х			
ab. I	How will future leaders be prepared when the schools in which			×	
	they are placed are not adhering to best practices?			Х	
ac. E	Ensuring that internships are meaningful and relevant. Ensuring				
	that internship experiences are substantive and not	Χ			
	transactional				
ad. N	leed to have strict quality control on the school district part to				
$\epsilon$	ensure that students (aspiring principals) receive real		Χ		
a	ndministrative experience				
ae. N	My concern is that there must be a way to ensure that university-				
t	pased programs are aligned and enhance the pragmatic				
E	experience they acquire during the school-based internship: i.e.		Χ		
k	oudgeting, programming, and working closely with Community				
r	nembers				
af. D	eveloping a standard (or standards) that assures "proper"			~	
C	levelopment of aspiring leaders			Х	
ag. N	My single concern would be establishing the framework and then				
٤	getting public and private institutions to all agree. No question		V		
f	ocusing on a chronically struggling, high need schools as the		Х		
f	ocus. All schools can benefit from the findings.				

	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
ah. The ability to create one program that fulfills this charge given the very diverse nature of schools/districts in NYS. Urban, suburban and rural schools all have their unique set of challenges, characteristics and constituencies.	х			
ai. My concern is how will we measure and keep track of "Skillful Practice under Authentic Conditions." I am also concerned with preparing future principals applying to theme schools (CTE, BOCES) adequately	Х			
aj. That we ground our work in principal preparation in the work aspiring leaders will have to do when they become Principals	Х			
ak. How do you ensure that there is a pilot program in all regions of the state, how does a higher ed institution get "selected" to run the pilot, and will evaluation standards be relaxed for principals who go through the program			х	

# MonkeySurvey Results, Part 2, January 16, 2018

### 2. What is the most-important issue, concern, or question re standards for prep programs?

	, , ,	Mission	Power	Structure	Pacaurca
_	Consistence in intermediation of their costs, based an expense in	IVIISSIOII	Power	Structure	Resource
a.	Consistency in interpretation of University-based programs in				
	re-designing their programs to clearly align to <i>National</i>				
	Educational Leadership Preparation standards. There may be a			Х	
	"we do that" mentality with resistance to truly changing how				
	they prepare future leaders				
b.	Making sure that post-secondary institutions and P-12 partners				
	work together on this to make sure the regulations meet the		Х		
	needs of both				
c.	Taking input from the appropriate stakeholders I believe is of			X	
	the upmost importance			^	
<del>d.</del>	Abstain from responding				
e.	I wonder why the standards do not mention teaching school				
	leaders how to cultivate and collaborate with teacher leaders?			Х	
f.	Developing standards that have relevance in terms of the				
	national agenda as well as applicability right here in NY.	Х			
g.	Complete year internships. Retention rate in NYC for new				
δ.	principals who leave after 3 years almost 50%. In my work				
	coaching new principals, a common statement is, "How can I			X	
	manage all these things? Just not enough hours in day."				
h	To keep in mind that <b>regulations must support, not hinder,</b>				
h.	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				
	the success and well-being of learners at all levels.	Χ			
	Knowledge, skill, and commitment are demonstrated by				
	action. The action needs to be in favor of the learner				
i.	How do we ensure that university-based programs				
	authentically change their curricula to align to the new		Х		
	standards?				
<del>j.</del>	no issue, concern or question				
k.	Ensure that the academic coursework reflects the new				
	National Educational Leadership Program Standards and that			X	
	courses are taught by highly qualified practitioners.				
I.	Providing regulatory language that supports high quality and	V			
	yet does not eliminate opportunities for innovation	Х			
m.	I am interested in addressing the tension that sometimes		.,		
	exists between regulation and creativity.		Х		
n.	Is goal also to standardize practices that may vary across				
	institutions? In light of recent reforms, initiatives, technology				
	advances, deciding what to keep/eliminate/alter will be	Χ			
	important in shaping programs & those who complete them.				
0.	The regulations around preparation programs should allow for				
U.					
	programs evaluation based on a set of standards that align		Χ		
	with key school improvement research and turnaround				
	principles.				
p.	How will university based principal preparation programs be				
	reviewed and how it will be determined whether their		Χ		
	programs are sufficiently based on National Educational				
	Leadership Standards?				

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
q.	Universities are teaching "towards the exam" and there is not				
	enough focus on the actual practice necessary to be			Х	
	competent in the job(s).				
r.	How much time between planning, implementation, and				
	evaluation of regulations before we see change? Even if			X	
	incremental?				
s.	The degree to which regulation/accreditation hampers		Х		
	innovation		^		
t.	The need to identify the "real-world" application of each of the				
	National Educational Leadership Preparation Standards in			Х	
	terms of university coursework and experiences.				
u.	How will the internship experience be rated for effectiveness?		Х		
٧.	That modernizing regulations addresses leadership skills			X	
w.	We need to focus on the balance of university-based work and			X	
	field work (internships).			^	
х.	How will we account for the lengthy process of developing				
	regulations which may impact the ability for programs to be		Х		
	innovative and compliant with the "modernized" regulations?				
у.	These Programs should focus on the practical application of				
	the Standards especially with a focus on the day to day school				
	operations including but not limited to School Improvement,			X	
	Operations and Management, Care and support for students				
	and professional community for teachers and staff				
z.	Any suggestions about modernizing these programs are given				Х
	the support system to ensure success. Walk the talk!				^
aa.	How will the university program course of study align with the			X	
	qualities and role of the administrators			^	
ab.	I am concerned that leaders are not being prepared to provide				
	students with disabilities with evidence based interventions			X	
	alongside their typical peers and that they are not learning			^	
	strategies to engage families.				
ac.	What gaps do the current regulations fail to address?			X	
ad.	Needs to be a stronger focus on child development when			X	
	interpreting the standards			^	
ae.	Laying out a detailed and clearly explained protocol for				
	guidelines to be implemented across university-based			X	
	programs encompassing the National Educational Leadership			^	
	Preparation Standards: a crosswalk, so to speak.				
af.	We must have authentic experiences along with theory.			X	
ag.	University-based principal preparation programs come in many				
	different policies, expectations and must adhere to agreed-				
	upon standards. We use the ISLLC standards (where I work). Is			Х	
	there any thought to exploring these as well or just what was				
	outlined?				
ah.	The expected pushback from those groups/institutions that		Х		
L	benefit from the current system/ status quo.		^		
ai.	My concern is the timeline and the type of support that				
	university-based principal preparation programs will need in			Х	
	order to adopt the new standards.				

	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
aj. That preparation is/becomes clearly standards-based			Х	
ak. Since CAEP is most certainly in flux, with a set of standards that				
is still changing, how can we ask higher ed programs to align		X		
their programs with PSELs in accordance with CAEP standards?				

# MonkeySurvey Results, Part 3, January 16, 2018

### 3. What is the most-important issue, concern, or question re micro-credentials?

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
a.	The worry here is there are different perceptions of micro-				
	credential definition. Do we mean portions of what traditionally				
	would be internship can be accomplished within coursework?				Χ
	Or do we mean internship is segmented and potentially not				
	consecutive?				
b.	This is very important, as it will allow individuals and institutions				
	greater flexibility, and will allow individuals to get the specific	Χ			
	skills and credentials they will need for their work in the field				
c.	Want to see internship spread-out. Not increase hours. Rather				
	provide aspiring administrator with experience that is broad.			V	
	Depending on administrator structure of district, it would be			X	
	beneficial to have experience at different levels				
d.	Hard questions for me because I am not a school leader. Still,				
	what concerns me is what concerns all of us on every regulation;	.,			
	how do you navigate between keeping the standards up and	Х			
	the all-about-compliance mentality down?				
e.	Concerned about quality, content & confirmation of participant				
	ID in micro-credentialing courses. Micro-credentialing courses				
	should focus on teaching & testing some field of technology, or			Χ	
	data college and application & not simulate leadership				
	skills/situations				
f.	The key here is going to be "criterion validity" or how we				
	ascertain that each of the "micro-elements" connect back to the			Х	
	whole concept"				
g.	Will partial fulfillment mean candidates will meet requirements				
8	to serve a principal? And what will the time frame be to				
	complete full requirements? Can an internship be the later part			Х	
	to complete the requirements?				
h.	Teacher leaders can be credentialed as Learning Facilitators.				
	Micro-credential acknowledges LFs' learning about SUPER vision,				
	not snoopervision. LF learns & practices 3 minute walkthru &			Х	
	Santoyo's bite size feedback to improve instruction				
i.	What will the assessments for these micro-credentials look like?			Х	
j.	It can be very helpful to identify an area of expertise for an			1	
١,٠	aspiring administrator. If I understand the proposal, it would still				
	be possible to obtain the SBL certificate if no particular expertise			Х	
	for a micro-credential exists?				
k.	Ensure that if micro-credentials are issued, the credential is				
	based on evidenced based competencies.		Х		
l.	How will micro-credentials produce system leaders and not				
''	leaders with a set of splinter skills?	Х			
m	I see this as an area that has great upside possibilities!				Х
n.	Correlation to on-line badges sounds a bit gimmicky; I'd like to				^
11.	learn more about proposed elements. I'm not averse & I believe				
	there are many diverse & individual "experiences" that can add				X
	up to well-prepared leader. Need more concrete details				
	up to weii-prepared leader. Need illore concrete details				

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
0.	My concern is that micro-credentialing doesn't become so				
	foundational that the impact is diminished. Concern is we will				
	fall into trap of people just signing off on activities for aspiring	Χ			
	leaders thus causing aspiring leaders to miss key learning				
	opportunities.				
p.	What will be the standardization for these credentials? What will				
	be the percentage that can fulfill this aspect of the requirement?			Х	
	Will there be a minimum? Maximum?				
q.	Intrigued by the breakdown of credentials into feasible chunks				
	giving aspiring administrators the ability to focus on specific			Х	
	parts at a time.				
r.	I am not too sure I understand how this proposition will help the				
	ultimate goal for all programs to transition under same			Х	
	standards.				
S.	Can we create a system that is collaborative rather than				
	competitive?		Х		
t.	The identification of the relevant sub-sets of skills and			_	
	dispositions that lend themselves to micro-credentialing			Х	
u.	How will that program or person be evaluated to demonstrate				
۵.	they understand what it means to highly qualified and	Х			
	possessing the necessary skills to lead?	Α			
٧.	That administrators have experience in all levels of the P12				
١	experience			Х	
۱۸/	The idea of micro-credentials has merit. We need to look at the				
٧٧.	balance of the micro-credential based on digital platforms and			Х	
	traditional certification.			^	
х.	I am concerned about <b>equity and access</b> to these micro-				
۸.	credentials due to the regional and programmatic limitations.	Χ			
у.	I believe it has to do with recognizing teacher leaders for the work they do. I would like more information on how they would				
	<i>,</i>				Χ
	work and how the credentials could be earned with documented				
	credibility				
	<del>-n/a</del>				
aa.	How will micro-credentials be assessed and evaluated across			X	
L.	principals, associate principals and directors				
ab.	That these experiences represent those that cannot be easily			Х	
	obtained within local schools.				
ac.	I agree that institutions other than universities should be able to				
	issue credentials but there must be a reliable way to assess the			Х	
	quality of the programs.				
ad.	Need to reconsider the traditional credit based programs, align				
	credentials with benchmarks connected to developmental			Х	
	standards				
ae.	What manner will the micro-credentials be collated and				
	reconciled to ensure that high leverage skill requirements are		X		
	satisfied. Have these high leverage skill requirements been		^		
	agreed upon?				
af.	Ensuring that a standard(s) is met, and that a level of rigor exists	Х			
	to prepare aspiring leaders				

	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
ag. Just as long as the micro-credential expands one's candidacy and not limits them to their area of micro-credentialing.	Х			
ah. No real concern. I think that this charge would go a long way in building in the flexibility to address the different skill set needed in various districts within NYS	Х			
ai. I like the idea of micro-credentials and I feel it is something that can only strengthen the principal preparation programs. My concern is how it will be tracked, implemented and which topics will be selected to align with the micro-credentials.			х	
aj. I don't have a major concern here. I support the issuing micro- credentialing to both diversify and specify what preparation/expertise school-based supervisors (principals and others) actually have			х	
ak. Who evaluates whether or not a candidate has earned a micro- credential? Is this referring to credentials earned by doing pencil and paper tasks or by hands-on experience		Х		

# MonkeySurvey Results, Part 4, January 16, 2018

### 4. What is most-important issue, concern, or question re standards for principal supervisors?

	•	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
	Who will be responsible for the training of principal supervisors and superintendents? How will their work (aligned with the PSEL standards) be monitored? Will there be an expectation for continual training (annual)? Calibration				
b.	Ensuring a degree of flexibility that reflects the reality that the jobs of Superintendents and others who supervise principals can vary rather dramatically from district to district				
C.	Evaluation pieceI like the idea of aspiring administrators working on a "task/project" that would benefit the school/district. Providing the aspiring administrator with an opportunity to start, carry out and complete a task.				
d.	Abstain from responding				
e.	I am wondering why the state would not take these standards as they are written? They are pretty comprehensive and developed by the national organization representing school building and district leaders				
f.	creating and surveying a robust sample of people in the field who can help us in turn articulate best practices				
g.	once created will all principals and superintendents be trained in the standards ?				
h.	Principals & supervisors have to apply NELP standards to their roles as mentors. Micro-credentialed Learning Facilitator can help w/this. They are coaches, but LF augments & facilitates for supervisor, the practical steps of effective mentors				
i.	Will these standards drive preparation and evaluation of principal supervisors?				
j.	Developing standards for principal supervisors and Superintendents and aligning them to PSELs is important. However, adopting evaluation tool(s) to address each of the standards is more important. Current evaluation tools need to be tweaked!				
k.	Ensure that the standards for principal supervisors and superintendents are anchored in the National Educational Leadership Standards and reflect the skills and competencies needed in school building leadership.				
I.	Providing the opportunity for sitting supervising administrators to align their skills, knowledge, and dispositions with the new research around distributed leadership to adequately support the next generation of aspiring leaders.				
m.	This alignment is critical; however, many of the folks in this role may lack some of these abilities in their own practicethey may need help, too.				
n.	Beyond developing Standards, I think about who will be charged w/assessing whether met & how to remedy, if necessary. I think about training that may be needed for Board members to participate effectively. How does this intersect w/DTSDE?				

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
0.	I have not concern or issue in this area as we should have clear				
	standards for those that supervise, support and coach school				
	leaders.				
p.	new rubric will have to be established that aligns with the				
	Professional Standards for Educational Leaders.				
q.	Creating "living standards" that are reachable and obtainable.				
Ċ	The use of coaching as part of the standards to better prepare				
	and retain principals.				
r.	I do not see an issue with the developments of standards, per				
	say. However, my concern is creating protocols for dealing with				
	how these transitions (upon receiving new standards) will be				
	received.				
s.	What role does diversity play in principal preparation and to				
	what degree is this central to preparation?				
t.	The development of a framework through which one can assess				
-	competency in each of the standards.				
u.	The developed standards are translated into measurable				
٠	practices.				
V.	I would like to see a common recruitment procedure, similar to				
••	what is used in Singapore				
۱۸/	This task should focus on the development/growth of the				
•••	principal and the support a principal will receive.				
х.	An important issue for me is to ensure that these standards are				
۸.	aligned/cross-walked with the other standards that impact this				
	work (teacher standards, professional development standards,				
	learning standards, etc.).				
у.	When training potential school leaders we need to focus on				
,.	these standards with practical application examples or				
	experiences to ensure they are well rounded prior to embark on				
	an administrative position				
Z.	How will this be supported? Continuous support mechanism is				
	needed.				
aa.	How would this influence mentoring guidelines that will be				
	flexible across school districts				
ah	I have concerns that the professional standards do not give				
	enough attention to students with disabilities and family				
	engagement.				
ac.	Ongoing professional development for supervisors and				
uc.	superintendents should be a requirement				
ad	Needs to be a standard strictly based on ethics				
	In my opinion, this is one of the most important and necessary				
uc.	aspects of this project, as this can enhance school building				
	leadership development, and ultimately improve student				
	outcomes.				
af	Having the authentic learning experience to meet/demonstrate				
<b>41.</b>	the skills the standards define.				
aσ	No concern or question I can think of.				
	Issue here is as in other charges is to develop a set of standards		+		
uii.	that and be quantified and measured.				
	mat and be quantined and measured.	1	1	ĺ	<u> </u>

	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
ai. My concern is that the standards developed also include critical				
attributes and possible examples.				
aj. That they are clearly related to the application of PSELs to				
Principal evaluation				
ak. Local politics of school districts will make this part difficult. The				
reality is sometimes administrators put pressure on educators from				
the top down to make sure that students pass. This has the				
unintended consequence of lowering standards system-wide.				

### MonkeySurvey Results, Part 5, January 16, 2018

#### 5. What is the most-important issue, concern, or question re competency based assessment?

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
a.	Where will the funds come from to do the development work?				
	Who would be involved in development? How will prep				
	institutions become familiar with assessment, and avoid				
	teaching specifically for this in contrast to in alignment to				
	standards				
b.	Competency based assessment seems like a much more				
	authentic and valuable way to measure the preparedness of				
	candidates				
c.	I believe in a competency-based assessment				
d.	Hard questions for me because I am not a school leader. Still,				
	what concerns me is what concerns all of us on every				
	regulation: how do you navigate between keeping the standards				
	up and the all-about-compliance mentality down				
e.	My concern is realistically upping ante on prep of building &				
	district leaders will require heavy lift to make space for				
	authentic, effective, standards based changes. As a result may				
	be abandoned for shorter, cheaper, easier pathways.				
f.	For me, the challenge is not "either/or" but how best to utilize				
	"multiple sources" is assessment processes (not unlike the issue				
	that we have in assessing student skills).				
g.	I am an advocate for competency-based assessment. It is				
	authentic & data from these can inform university pre				
	programs. For ex: %50 of candidates score low on				
	communication skills. Universities can include role playing				
	scenarios in course work.				
h.	Exhibiting competency seems superior to taking a test. But				
	caveat is Who Decides the Competencies? If candidate provides				
	info showing that 28 elements are met, who examines what has				
	been submitted? What training will reviewers have?				
i.	How do we ensure consistency and rigor of these competency-				
	based assessments?				
j.	I am not familiar with the content of the SBL examination.				
-	However, I do believe that demonstrated competency based				
	experiences weigh more heavily than an exam.				
k.	The design of the competency-based assessment must reflect				
	the skills and competencies needed in today's school building				
	leaders.				
I.	Could this be structured as 1 or more portfolio entries that				
	would capture evidence around various or targeted				
	competencies and leadership skills?				
m.	Yes.				
n.	Typed responses to some given situations is reflection of				
	thought processes. But typing in steps to approaching problems				
	doesn't necessarily correlate w/ability to take the steps				
	effectively in context. I want options for competency based				
	assessments.				
<u> </u>			1	1	

		Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
0.	My question is related to how do we use a balanced approach				
	to include questions and competency-based opportunity to				
	exhibit application of standards?				
p.	How will we ensure that these competency based assessments				
	are comparable? What will be the minimum expectations for				
	these assessments? Can these be used as an additional means				
	of assessment rather than a replacement?				
q.	There are too many flaws in the current SBL/SDL exams				
	including multiple choice questions with more than 1 correct				
	answer. Discussions on leadership competencies to assess				
	prospective leaders.				
r.	Current examination hasn't provided indicators of improvement				
	for students. While exam provides real time scenarios, these				
	don't always reflect scenarios our inner-city students'				
	experience. Therefore, not a good way to assess probable				
	responses.				
s.	this is not a substantive concern - but there may be some				
	resistance to the term "competency based assessment"				
t.	The identification of models other than a competency based				
	assessment				
u.	These newly developed regulations will be useless because you				
	will turn them over to a field of poorly trained evaluators and				
	mentors. Garbage in = garbage out.				
٧.	I believe that written exams should be a lower priority, than				
	supervised experience				
w.	Find a way to ensure consistency of the competency-based				
	assessment throughout the state.				
х.	An important issue for me is to ensure that these standards are				
	aligned/cross-walked with the other standards that impact this				
	work (teacher standards, professional development standards,				
	learning standards, etc.).				
у.	If we used competency based assessments it would have to be				
	guaranteed that there was a way to ensure consistency to				
	receive accreditation				
z.	How do we ensure objectivity? How will an objective				
	assessment be developed? Will environmental differences be				
	included, i.e., small school vs, big school; upstate vs downstate.				
	The larger issue is ensuring that school building leader				
	candidates have a broad based perspective on all schools in NY.				
aa.	What criteria will be used to evaluate competency-based				
	assessments?				
ab.	I do believe there should be some type of objective				
	measurement system even if it is weighted?	<u> </u>			
ac.	How do we identify a method of assessment that accurately				
	reflects the challenges that leaders will face in schools?				
ad.	Competency is a much more powerful solution				
	There must be a concerted effort to ensure that candidates are				
	assessed under uniform conditions.				
af.	Defining "competent"				

	Mission	Power	Structure	Resource
ag. Have we considered and are we aware of the Clinical				
Simulations study done at Syracuse University (under the				
leadership of Professor Ben Dotger) focused on both teacher				
and school leader preparation?				
http://soe.syr.edu/about/member.aspx?fac=44				
ah. Issue here is as in other charges is to develop a set of standards				
that and be quantified and measured.				
ai. My concern is developing a competency-based assessment that				
encompasses the needs of of all districts within NYS.				
aj. My major concern is determining how competency-based				
assessment would actually work on statewide basis				
ak. This is tied very closely to part 4 of the charge. Who will				
evaluate whether or not a candidate has met certain				
competencies? How do you make this measure fair and				
consistent? How do you account for equity?				