

THE BOARD OF REGENTS AND NEW YORK STATE EDUCATION DEPARTMENT'S REOPENING SCHOOLS TASK FORCE

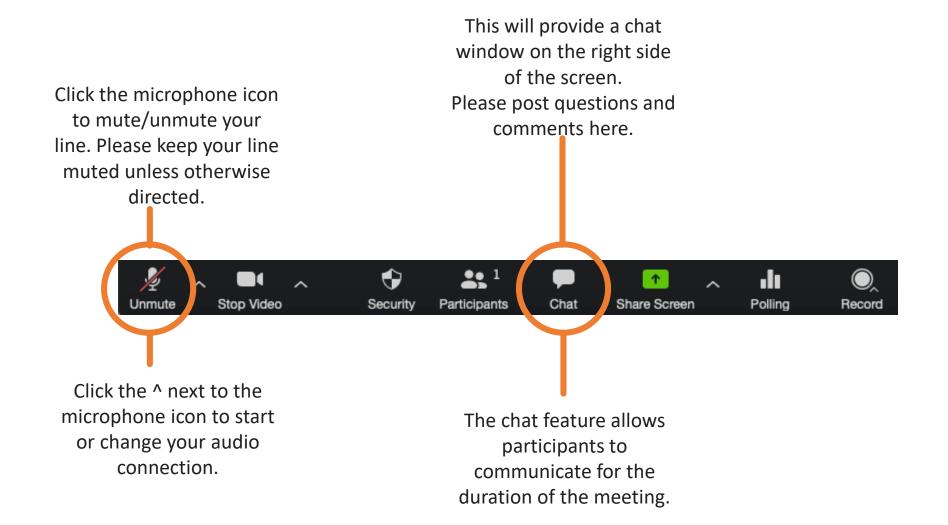
RECOVERING, REBUILDING & RENEWING THE SPIRIT OF OUR SCHOOLS

June 2020



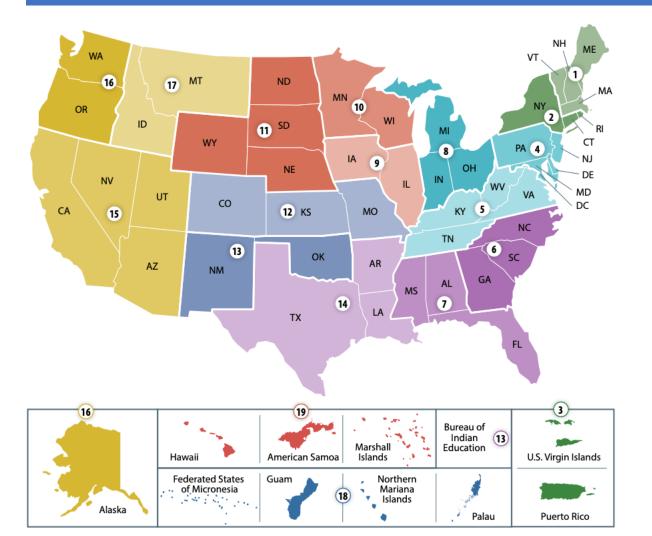
New York State EDUCATION DEPARTMENT Knowledge > Skill > Opportunity

HOUSEKEEPING: USING ZOOM





REGION 2 COMPREHENSIVE CENTER



The Comprehensive Centers are a network of 19 regional technical assistance centers that operate across the country. Funded by the US Department of Education, they provide technical assistance and other services to State Education Agencies. The Region 2 Comprehensive Center is led by WestEd and serves Connecticut, Rhode

Island, and New York.





Chancellor Betty A. Rosa



Regent Catherine Collins



Vice Chancellor T. Andrew Brown



Regent Susan W. Mittler



Regent Wade S. Norwood



Interim Commissioner Shannon Tahoe Chancellor Rosa and Interim Commissioner Tahoe recently announced the formation of a Task Force to help guide schools as they continue to educate our students – whether in person, remotely, or some combination of the two.

Four regional Task Force meetings will be comprised of parents, teachers, school and district leaders, non-instructional staff, school board members, health experts and other interested parties from every region of the State.

By working together with these partners, we will ensure that the issues of health, safety, and educational equity always come first.

GOAL OF THE TASK FORCE

Goal:

The Task Force will provide the Board of Regents and the Education Department with thoughtful and inclusive input needed to develop the guidance and regulatory changes that will enable New York's school districts, charter schools, and non-public schools to safely open their schools.

GUIDING PRINCIPLES

- I. The health, safety, and well-being of the children and adults is paramount.
- 2. Educational equity will be at the forefront of decision-making.
- 3. One size does not fit all. New York is a large state, in population and size. There is tremendous diversity among New York's people, geographic regions, and schools and school districts.
- 4. While it is important to provide districts with guidelines and policies, it is important as well to give them appropriate leeway to develop creative solutions to their unique challenges.
- 5. Districts will be enabled and encouraged to work directly with parents, teachers, administrators, and their local communities to develop and deliver workable solutions to their unique needs and succeed through a collective effort.
- 6. Planning for schools to reopen is not a one-time event. The Board and Department will continuously monitor the situation and provide updated guidance, policies, and regulatory changes as the situation requires.



"So many New Yorkers are hurting right now. Providing a safe education to our children may be the single most important thing we can do to begin healing."

-- Chancellor Betty A. Rosa



"This pandemic has pushed and challenged us in ways we never could have imagined. I am overwhelmed by the compassion, the caring, and the professionalism that I see every day from educators, parents, and so many others. I know in my heart that their spirit will carry us through these troubling times."

-- Interim Commissioner Shannon Tahoe



VICE CHANCELLOR T. ANDREW BROWN 7th Judicial District



REGENT CATHERINE COLLINS

8th Judicial District



REGENT SUSAN W. MITTLER

6th Judicial District



REGENT WADE S. NORWOOD

Member at Large



COVID-19: WHAT WE KNOW AND RELEVANCE TO EDUCATION



Guiding Principle #1: the health, safety, and well-being of the children and adults in our educational community is paramount.

Jack A. DeHovitz, MD, MPH, MHCDS Distinguished Service Professor SUNY Downstate Health Sciences University Brooklyn, NY



WHAT IS CORONAVIRUS?

- Coronaviruses (CoVs) are a large group of viruses
- Corona means Crown
- They infect a wide range of mammals and birds
- Some regularly cause mild respiratory illness in people
- SARS-CoV-2 coronavirus appears to have originated in bats



COVID-19

- SARS-CoV-2 is the virus that causes COVID-19
- Not everyone who gets infected gets sick
- Some people have mild disease
- Some people have more serious disease that leads to death

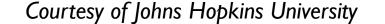
Common Signs and Symptoms of COVID-19

- Fever (temperature >100.4 degrees)
- Fatigue
- Chills
- Muscle pain
- Loss of taste and/or smell
- Difficulty breathing
- Sore throat



SARS COV-2 INCUBATION PERIOD AND INFECTIOUSNESS

- The incubation period is the time between when someone is infected until symptoms develop
- The SARS CoV-2 Incubation period ranges from 2-14 days
- 50% of people will become well within 5 days of infection
- The infectious period is the time during which someone infected with SARS CoV-2 can transmit the virus to other people
- For people with COVID-19 disease:
 - The infectious period can begin 2 days before signs and symptoms
 - The end of the infectious period is defined when:
 - It is at least 10 days after the onset of illness
 - AND symptoms are improving
 - AND there has been no fever in past three days
- People who are asymptomatic can also be infectious
 - For these people, the infectious period is more difficult to define



RISK FACTORS FOR ILLNESS AND TREATMENT

- Some people are more likely to have severe illness if they are infected: older adults or those with obesity, hypertension, diabetes, or lung problems
- Some young, healthy people can become severely ill.
- A new variant of this disease in children has been called MIS-C (multisystem inflammatory syndrome in children)
- There is no specific treatment for COVID-19
- Treatment is to support the body's function until the immune system can fight the infection

Courtesy of Johns Hopkins University

HOW SARS COV-2 IS TRANSMITTED

- Infected people have the virus in their mouths, noses and throats
- Droplets emerge when we are talking, laughing, sneezing and singing
- These droplets can enter another person's eyes, nose or mouth
- Also, surfaces may have droplets from another person's droplets
- Viruses can "survive" on surfaces and then contaminate the hands of others
- They can then be transmitted to person's eyes, nose or mouth



TRANSMISSION IS MORE LIKELY WITH CLOSER CONTACT

- Physical contact
- Close contact (within 6 feet for 15 minutes or more)
- Shared environment (office or restaurants)
- Sharing food, bathrooms or beds
- Transmission is more likely between people who live together



PREVENTION OF TRANSMISSION OF SARS COV-2

- Wash your hands often
- Avoid close contact
- Cover your mouth and nose with a cloth face cover when around others
- Cover coughs and sneezes
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily
- Monitor Your Health; be alert for symptoms of COVID-19



Courtesy of Johns Hopkins University

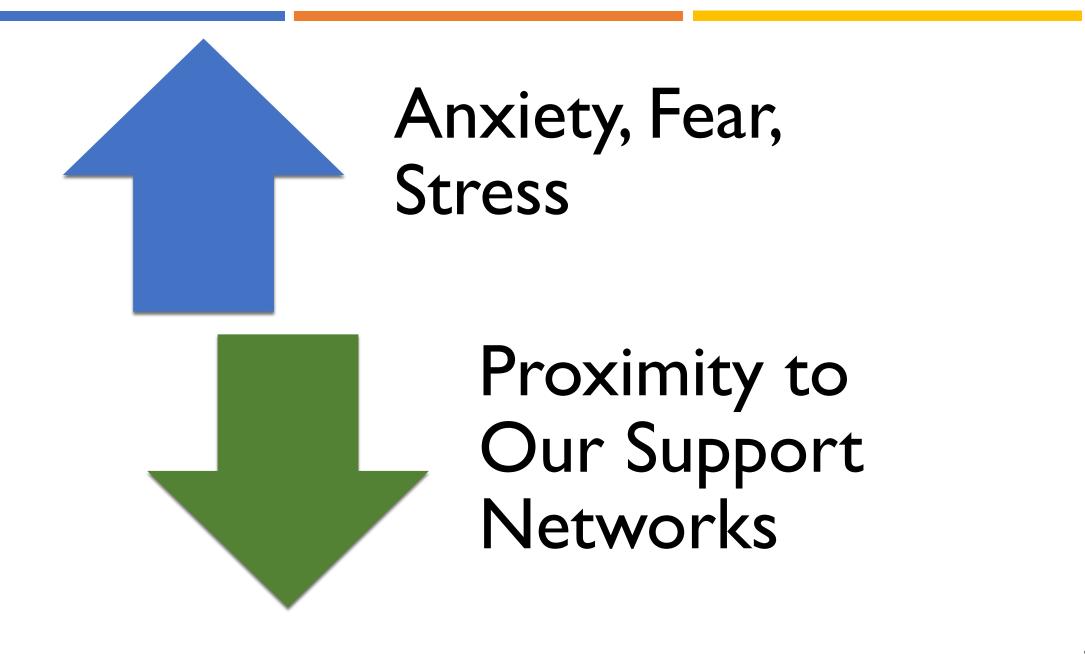
SOCIAL-EMOTIONAL LEARNING AND WELL-BEING



"We must address, head on, the silent hurt that so many of our children are feeling in the wake of this catastrophe."

Natalie A.Walrond, CFA WestEd, Health & Justice Program Director of Cross-Sector Initiatives Director, Center to Improve Social & Emotional Learning and School Safety





THE HEADLINE

Safe and supportive relationships and environments

promote resilience, provide protective factors, and create

the conditions in which every person – regardless of our

age – can learn, grow, and thrive.

THREE BIG IDEAS

Learning happens in relationships.

2. Relationships impact outcomes.

3. Relationships in schools matter.

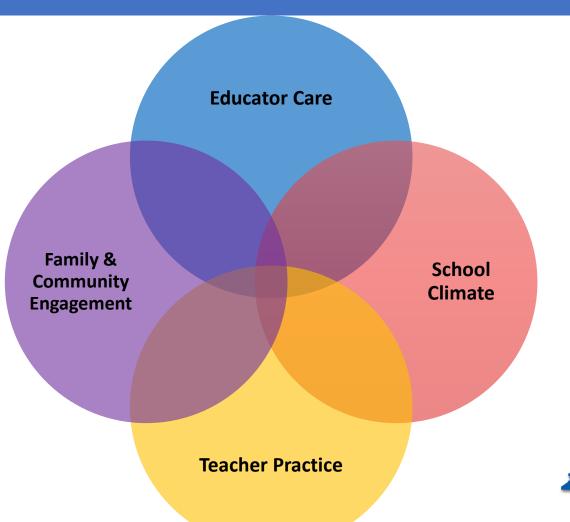


THE IMPLICATIONS

Now – more than ever

- we need to bolster

our relationships





GUIDING THOUGHTS FOR THE RETURN TO SCHOOL

- Listen first, then develop a plan in partnership with stakeholders.
- 2. Set up the conditions for healing and success.
- 3. Continue to reflect and refine.



STRATEGIES THAT PROMOTE CONDITIONS FOR HEALING AND SUCCESS

- Create opportunities for self- and collective-care.
- 2. Ensure every child is connected to a caring, reliable adult.
- 3. Return to norms and rituals that are safe and welcoming.



HOUSEKEEPING: BREAKOUT ROOMS

Breakout Rooms



Main Room









Main Room





AREAS OF FOCUS

The Regents and the Department will consider the following areas of focus as they develop the guidance and regulatory changes that will enable New York's school districts to safely open their schools.





GUIDING QUESTIONS

- What do you think are the greatest challenges that schools and school districts will face under each of the three instructional models: in person, remote, or a combination of the two?
- Can you provide us with concrete examples of creative solutions to challenging problems that could work in your school or district under each of the three schooling scenarios?
- Can you tell us how the Regents and Department can help eliminate any of the institutional, contractual, budgetary, and regulatory obstacles that stand in the way of your success?

HOUSEKEEPING: BREAKOUT ROOMS

Breakout Rooms



Main Room









Main Room



YOUR VOICE MATTERS

- Facilitators
- Notetakers
- Listeners
- NYSED Senior Staff
- Region 2 Comprehensive Center Staff
- Saved "Chat"
- Sessions Recorded and Posted



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DR. KIMBERLY YOUNG WILKINS

Deputy Commissioner P-12 Instructional Support



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NYSED STAFF REPORTERS

- Teaching & Learning: Marybeth Casey
- Bilingual Education/MLLs & ELLs: Elisa Alvarez
- Staffing & HR: Alex Trikalinos
- Digital Equity & Access: Sharon Cates-Williams
- Budget & Fiscal: Brian Cechnicki
- Special Education: Chris Suriano
- Transportation/Facilities/Nutrition: LoriAnn Curtin
- Social-Emotional Learning: Kathleen DeCataldo
- Health & Safety: Kathleen DeCataldo



CONCLUSION

Thank you!

