TECHNOLOGY EDUCATION

Grades 9-12

PROGRAM/COURSE History of Technology

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) THE HISTORY OF TECHNOLOGY prepared by Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES

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INTRODUCTION

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The History of Technology course has been developed as a course within the Technology Education Program at the secondary level in New York State.

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The course will be offered as an elective for students in grades 9 to 12 as part of the Technology Education Sequence.

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The information included in the course is based on the course outline developed as part of the occupational education and practical arts education futuring activity conducted by the New York State Education Department.

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The study of the history of technology is very important to the understanding of the technologies available to our present society. It is of further importance to students as they prepare for life in the future.

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The History of Technology course will enable the student to develop an awareness of where we were and why, where we are now and why, and where we are going and why.

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Module Instruction Format

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The History of Technology course is composed of eight modules. It is recommended that all students complete Modules 1, 2, 3, and 8, and one or more of Modules 4, 5, 6, and 7. (See Figure 1.) The decision by schools to select one or more of Modules 4, 5, 6, and 7 will depend upon:

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available facilities, equipment, materials, etc.

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2. whether the instructor uses all the recommended material in each of the four modules.

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3. time devoted to teaching the History of Technology course.

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The History of Technology instructor may also choose to combine Module 7, Development of Energy Production Systems, with Module 5, Development of Production Systems.

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Content Outline

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The History of Technology content outline has been developed in more depth than the content outline of other Technology Education courses. This was done to give the History of Technology instructor a broader and deeper understanding of the content to be included while teaching the course. The additional information is also supplied because no such other course has been offered as part of the New York State Education Department's occupational education and practical arts education programs. Therefore, the additional information would a helpful to the Technology Education personnel who will be teaching the course.

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13	Module 4	Module 5	Module 6	Module 7
14	Development of	Development of	Development of	Development of
15	Transportation Systems	Production Systems	Communication and	Energy Production
16	-	-	Information Systems	Systems
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19	Modul	e 8 Impact of t Technology	the Development of on the Human Race	
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Time Line and Module Activities

The development of a Time Line should begin in Module 1 and continue through the study of Module 7.

The student and instructor activities for Module: 2 through Module 7 should be discussed and displayed as they relate to Time Line.

Teaching the Use of Tools, Equipment and Supplies

The content outline for this course does not include information for teaching of manipulative skills. Therefore, it will be necessary for the Technology Education personnel teaching the History of Technology course to include in the teaching of the course, as needed, the safe use of tools, equipment and supplies. The instructor will also have to insure the availability of a safe working environment when appropriate to the completion of module activities.

11 History of Technology Personnel and Background

This course should be taught by Technology Education personnel who have an interest in and an understanding of the historical development of Technology.

It is strongly recommended that the Technology Education personnel teaching this course read and be familiar with the resources identified below to gain further insights concerning content, instructional strategies, student activities and resources.

- 1. American Industrial Arts Association. <u>Technology Education: A Perspective on Implementation</u>. Reston, VA: American Industrial Arts Association, 1985.
- 2. Barrier, Lynn P., Hughes, Jr., Thomas A., Letterton, Marshall O., and Van Dyke, Arvid W. Contemporary Approaches for Teaching Technology. Reston, VA: American Council of Industrial Arts Supervisors, April, 1983.
- 3. Hindle, Brooke. America's Wooden Age: Aspects of Its Early Technology. Tarrytown, NY: Sleepy Hollow Restorations, 1975.
- 4. Hindle, Brooke. Technology in Early America. Chapell Hill, NC: The University of North Carolina Press, 1966.
- 5. Hounshell, David A. (Ed.). The History of American Technology: Exhilaration or Discontent? Wilmington, DE: Hagley Museum and Library, 1984.

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INSTRUCTIONS

Resources for Course

Resources for each module may be found at the end of the module. The History of Technology instructor should also review the following publications to locate additional resources for the teaching of the historical development of technology.

- 1. American Industrial Arts Association. Resources in Technology Series. The Technology Teacher.
- 2. American Industrial Arts Association Special Services Committee.

 Media Resources for Technology Teachers. Reston, VA: American
 Industrial Arts Association, 1984.
- 3. McCrory, David L. and Maughan, George R. Resources in Technology. Worcester, MA: Davis Publications, Inc., 1984.
- 4. Ullery, Robert J. Bibliography of Reference Books for Selected Technology Fields. Albany, NY: NYSED, 1984.

Course Title Revision

The title, "The History of Technology" may not be an appropriate title for this course. The course, as proposed, actually reflects the evolution of the development of technology. It may be more appropriate to call this course, "The Evolution of Technology."

Course Content Revision

The information to be taught . Ill need to be revised to reflect the content areas from the 7th and 8th grade Technology Education courses.

This revision is necessary so as r : to confuse students about the systems they learned of in the earlier cov ses.

One area of revision will be need to reflect Bio-Medical systems as identified at the 7th and 8th c ade level.

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) PHASE - Development ELEMENT - History of Technology 2 3 MODULE NO. 1 Development of Technology TOPICS: Definition of Technology Technology and Its Relationship to the Human Race Major Technological Developments and Their Impact Technology Time Line PREREQUISITES: None 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 prepared by 15 Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School 16 Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 DATE: December 1984

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STRUCTIONS (NOTES)

MODULE: Development of Technology

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OVERVIEW OF THE MODULE

3 Goal:

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The student will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the historical development of technology and its relationship to the advancement of the Human Race.

Description:

This is the introductory module for the study of the history of technology. The students will be presented with an overview of the historical development of technology. The instructor will present information identifying major technological developments and their impact on the advancement of the Human Race. Students will be shown how to develop a time line to illustrate the major technological developments found in text readings and identified and discussed in class.

Skills, knowledges, behaviors to be developed:

The student will be able to develop the ability to:

- 1. explain the development of technology.
- 2. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of technology to the development of the Human Race.
- 3. identify and discuss major technological developments and their impact on Human Kind.
- 4. prepare a Technology Time Line.

CONTENT OUTLINE

- 1.1 Definition of Technology
- 1.2. Technology and Its Relationship to the Human Race
 - 1.2.1 Humans have always used technology
 - 1.2.2 People change technology; technology changes people
- 1.3 Major Technological Developments and Their Impact
- 21 1.3.1 Development of technology
 - 1.3.1.1 How and why new technologies emerge, work and subside
 - 1.3.1.2 Discovery/invention/need
 - 1.3.1.3 Social/political/economic events
 - 1.3.2 Technological developments
 - 1.3.2.1 World-wide
 - 1.3.2.2 The United States
 - 1.3.2.3 New York State

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Technology 2 2 Technology Time Line 1.4.1 Dawn of Civilization to Pre-Industrial Revolution 1.4.2 Industrial Revolution to Present 3 1.4.3 Future Projections 4 PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES 5 The student will be able to develop an understanding of the term l. Technology. This will be accomplished by: 6 Leviewing and analyzing the application of the term in major Technology resources 7 b. preparing a definition of the term for discussion in class 8 2. The student will be able to discuss the relationship of Technology to the development of the Human Race. This will be accomplished by: 9 explaining the relationship of technology to the development and advancement of the Human Race 10 explaining the effects of the changes of technology on people 11 3. The student will be able to identify and discuss major technological developments and their impact on the Human Race. This will be 12 accomplished by: explaining the development of technology 13 explaining the how and why of the emergence of new technologies identifying major technological developments and describing 14 their impact--1) world-wide 15 2) on the United States in New York State 16 The student will be able to describe the stages and events in the 17 development of Technology from early civilization through present times and describe future projections. This will be accomplished by: 18 developing a time-line to illustrate the history of technological developments 19 developing a time-line to illustrate the historical development of--20 1) Transportation Systems 2) Production Systems 21 3) Communication and Information Systems Energy Production Systems 22 developing a time-line to illustrate the historical development C. of any device that has helped the advancement of the Human Race 23 24 25

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INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

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MODULE: Development of Technology

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the module's performance objectives/ supporting competencies.

a. Instructor will present introductory presentation as to the importance of the study of the evolution of technology.

Students will be assigned task to read and analyze information b. about the application and use of the term "Technology".

- Instructor will present lesson defining the term "Technology" and c. related terms and concepts such as inventions, discovery, tools, resources, skills, values, change, leisure time.
- d. Students will participate in the discussion of their understanding of the term "Technology" and related terms and concepts. discussion will lead to definitions that will describe the terms as they will be used by the class in all the modules for Study of the History of Technology.
- Instructor will present lessons introducing concepts of technology 2. a. and their relationships on people. For example:

Human's gaining control over nature; creation of environment and culture Production of goods and services Creation of leisure time activities

The instructor will explain the relationship of technology to the Human Race and the effects of the changes of technology on people.

- Students will discuss/debate issues of technology and effects on b. people.
- Students will participate in role-play activity (worker's role, C. beliefs, work setting, leisure time activities, values, etc., pertaining to past, present and future).
- Students will participate in role-play activity of people who are in control of natural resources, environmental protection, etc.
- Students will explain, describe, identify and define in class e. discussion the effects of technology on the Human Race.
- Illustrate on a map of the world, a map of the United States, and/or a map of New York State the location of:
 - natural resource centers 1)
 - 2) manufacturing centers
 - 3) centers of invent on and discovery
 - 4) population center
 - distribution cent as for manufactured goods, etc. 5)
 - others as identif ad by instructor

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2	3. a.	on people through the use of examples such as the wheel,	fire, the
3		telephone, the computer, the splitting of atoms, developmed penicillin.	ent of
4	b.	technological development on the Human Race and/or on them	n.
5		Instructor will supply list of topics and resources to be to complete task.	
. 6	c.	Instructor will demonstrate and explain the concept of the emergence of new technologies and the reason for the devel of new technologies.	
7 8	đ.	Instructor, keeping in mind students' backgrounds to date assign a problem asking the students to plan, design and design and design and design are students.	construct
9		be asked to discuss understanding of technologies used and	L
10	е.	nological developments with a short description of their i	jor tech-
11		world wide, on the United States and on New York State.	
12	4. a.	Students will prepare a listing of major inventions, techr developments, and social, political and economic events. will be accomplished by:	nological This
13		 completed assigned readings 	
14		2) visiting a museum and/or historical site3) viewing films such as Inheritance	
15		Instructor must emphasize that technological developments occur in a vacuum. There is a direct relationship between nological developments and the social, political and econo	n tech-
16		events of the society in existence at the time of the tech cal development.	
17 18	b.	the development of a Time Line to illustrate the history of	of tech-
19		nological developments and the relationship of these devel to the events of the development of the Human Race. Stude be asked to prepare a mural, a bulletin board, a photo or	ents may
20	c.	display, a collection of models, etc.	
21	٠	specific technology and talk about the evolution of that t nology. For example, a blacksmith, a weaver, a carpenter,	
22	đ.	<pre>pharmacist. The class develops a Time-Line that will do one or more of following:</pre>	the
23	••	1) Illustrate the history of technological developments	in
24		general.	
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6 LINES INCH ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Technology 5 2) Illustrate the historical development of 2 Transportation Systems (See Module 4.) Production Systems (See Module 5.) 3 Communication and Information Systems (See Module 6.) Energy Production Systems (See Module 7.) Illustrate the historical development of a specific device 3) that helped the advancement of the Human Race. NOTE: This activity should begin in Module 1 and continue through Module 7. Instructor may ask students to bring in news items from newspapers and magazines to predict future developments and place these on the time line (See Module 8). 8 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

6 LINES INCH ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW INSTRUCTIONS ELEMENT - History of Technology PHASE - Development 2 MODULE NO. 2 Development of Resources Identification of Resources TOPICS: 5 People Tools and Machines 6 Knowledge and Information Capitol **Materials** Energy 8 PREREQUISITES 9 10 11 12 13 14 prepared by 15 Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego 16 Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 DATE: December 1984

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 1 MODULE: Development of Resources 2 OVERVIEW OF MODULE Goals: 3 The student will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the major resources needed for the development of technology. Description: The development of Technology throughout history was made possible because of available resources. To appreciate the development of Technology, it is necessary to be able to 8 identify the resources needed for technological advancement, the historical development of these resources, and their contributions to the advancement of technological growth throughout the history of the Human Race. 10 Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed: 11 The student will be able to: 12 identify the major resources needed for technological development. 1. explain the role of people for technological development. 2. 13 identify the major contributors to technological development and 3. discuss their contributions. 14 4. identify, explain and demonstrate significant tool and machine developments and their relationship to technological development. 15 5. describe the role of knowledge and information for technological development. 16 6. describe the role of capitol for technological development. describe the role of available materials for technological 7. 17 development. describe the role of energy for technological development. 8. 18 CONTENT OUTLINE 19 2.1 Identification of Resources 20 2.1.1 People 2.1.2 Tools and Machines 21 2.1.3 Knowledge and Information 2.1.4 Capitol 22 2.1.5 Materials 2.1.6 Energy 23 2.2 People 24 2.2.1 Role of People for Technological Development 2.2.1.1 Inventors/discoverers 25 2.2.1.2 Labor force 2_2_1_3 Consumers 2.2.1.4 Entrepreneur

2.2.2 Major contributors to technological advancement

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS 2 (NOTES) Development of Resources MODULE: 2.3 Tools and Machines 2 2.3.1 Significant tool developments 2.3.1.1 Major types and uses 3 2.3.1.2 Evolution 2.3.1.3 Comparison of early tools with present day tools 4 2.3.1.4 Future projections 2.3.2 Significant machine developments 5 2.3.2.1 Major types and uses 2.3.2.2 Evolution 6 2.3.2.3 Comparison of early machines with present day machines 2.3.2.4 Future projections 7 2.4 Knowledge and Information 8 2.4.1 Definition 2.4.1.1 Knowledge 9 2.4.1.2 Information Types and effect on technological advancement 10 2.4.2.1 Scientific 2.4.2.2 Social 11 2.4.2.3 Political 2.4.2.4 Economic 12 2.4.2.5 Religious 2.4.3 Development of knowledge and information 13 2.4.3.1 The need to know more 2.4.3.1.1 Why? 14 2.4.3.1.2 Affect on technological advancement 2.4.3.2 Transferring and retaining technical knowledge 15 2.4.3.2.1 Early techniques 2.4.3.2.2 Development of information storage systems 16 2.4.3.2.2.1 spoken word 2.4.3.2.2.2 written language 17 2.4.3.2.2.3 mathematical/scientific/ mechanical instruments 18 -- rule -- abacus 19 -- slide rule -- others 20 maps and charts 2.4.3.2.2.4 2.4.3.2.2.5 architectural/mechanical 21 drawings 2.4.3.2.2.6 books 22 2.4.3.2.2.7 memory systems--computer 23 2.5 Capitol 2.5.1 Beginning of economic system 24 25

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Resources 3 2 2.5.2 Purchasing goods and services 2.5.2.1 Early use 2.5.2.1.1 Barter 3 2.5.2.1.1.1 goods 2.5.2.1.1.2 labor 2.5.2.1.2 Monetary 2.5.2.1.2.1 gold 5 2.5.2.1.2.2 coins 2.5.2.1.2.3 paper money 6 2.5.2.2 Today 2.5.2.2.1 Monetary 7 2.5.2.2.1.1 coins 2.5.2.2.1.2 paper money 8 2.5.2.2.1.3 checks 2.5.2.2.1.4 credit cards 9 2.5.2.2.2 Barter 2.5.2.2.1 labor 10 2.5.2.2.2 goods 2.5.3 Development of monetary system 11 2.5.3.1 Coinage 2.5.3.1.1 Early coins 12 2.5.3.1.2 Today 13 2.5.3.2 Paper money 2.5.3.2.1 Early use 2.5.3.2.2 Today 14 2.5.3.3 Plastic money 2.5.3.3.1 Credit cards 15 2.5.3.3.2 Cash cards 2.5.3.3.3 Smart cards 16 2.5.3.4 Electronic transfer 17 2.6 Materials 2.6.1 Evolution of material processing 18 2.6.1.1 Stone Age 2.6.1.2 Bronze Age 19 2.6.1.3 Iron Age 2.6.2 Natural raw material processing 20 2.6.2.1 Extractive 2.6.2.1.1 Clays 21 2.6.2.1.2 Ores 2.6.2.1.2.1 ferrous 22 2.6.2.1.2.2 non-ferrous 2.6.2.1.3 Limestone 23 2.6.2.1.4 Coal 2.6.2.1.5 Oil 24 2.6.2.1.6 Minerals-miscellaneous 2.6.2.1.7 Others 25

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: 5 Development of Resources 2 2.7 Energy 2.7.1 Early sources of power 2.7.1.1 Evolution 3 2.7.1.2 Types 2.7.1.2.1 Human 4 2.7.1.2.2 Animals 5 2.7.1.2.3 Water and wind 2.7.2 Later sources of power 2.7.2.1 Evolution 6 2.7.2.2 Types 2.7.2.2.1 Steam 7 2.7.2.2.2 Electricity 2.7.2.2.3 Internal combustion engine 8 2.7.2.2.4 Solar 2.7.2.2.5 Nuclear 9 2.7.3 Energy storage 2.7.4 Energy/power transmission 10 PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES 11 12 1. The student will be able to identify and describe the six major resources necessary for technological development. This will be accomplished by: 13 Preparing a listing of the resources needed for technological development as identified in major technology resources and by 14 instructor. 15 The student will be able to discuss the major roles that people have played in the development of technology. This will be accomplished by: 16 Explaining the role of inventors/discoverers in the development of technology. 17 Explaining the role of the labor force in the development of b. technology. 18 Explaining the role of the consumer in the development of c. technology. 19 đ. Explaining the role of the entrepreneur in the development of technology. 20 The student will be able to identify people who were the major contri-21 butors to the advancement of technology and discuss their contributions This will be accomplished by: 22 Identifying major male contributors and explaining their contributions. 23 Identifying major female contributors and explaining their b. contributions. 24 Identifying major contril tions made by individuals from major c. racial and cultural group, and explaining their contributions. 25

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MODULE: Development of Resources

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- 4. The student will be able to discuss significant tool developments that have contributed to technological advancement. This will be accomplished by:
 - Identifying major tool types and uses.
 - b. Describing the evolution of selected tools.
 - c. Comparing early tools with present tools (design, cutting edge, use).
 - d. Assessing contemporary tools and discussing their possible design and use in the future.
- 5. The student will be able to discuss significant machine developments that have contributed to technological advancement. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Identifying major machine types and uses.
 - b. Describing the evolution of selected machines.
 - c. Comparing early machines with present machines (design, cutting edge, use).
 - d. Assessing contemporary machines and discussing their possible design and use in the future.
- 6. The student will be able to display an understanding of the terms knowledge and information. This will be accomplished by:
 - Defining the term knowledge.
 - b. Defining the term information.
- 7. The student will be able to identify the five major types of knowledge and information, and describe their effect on technological advancement. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Listing the five major types of knowledge and information.
 - b. Citing examples of each.
 - c. Discussing their effect, positive and negative, on technological advancement.
- 8. The student will be able to display an understanding of the affect of needing to know more has had on the development of technology. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Explaining the inquisitive nature of the human being.
 - b. Describing the effect of the inquisitive nature of the human being on technological advancement.
- 9. The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the effect of transferring and retaining technical knowledge has had on the development of technology. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Discussing the development of information storage systems for the transferring and retaining of technical knowledge.
 - b. Demonstrating expertise in the methodologies for transferring and retaining technical knowledge from early technologies through present day memory systems operation.

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MODULE: Development of Resources 7

10 The student will be able to analyze the relationship between capital

- 10. The student will be able to analyze the relationship between capitol and the development of technology. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Describing the evolution of an economic system.
 - b. Describing and demonstrating how earlier barter systems were used to purchase goods and services.
 - c. Describing and demonstrating how the barter system is used today to purchase goods and services.
 - d. Identifying and explaining type of monetray systems used prior to 1945.
 - e. Identifying and explaining type of monetary systems used since 1945.
 - f. Tracing the development of monetary system from early times to the present.
 - g. Describing and practicing the purchase of goods and services using earlier monetary system.
 - h. Describing and practicing the purchase of goods and services using contemporary monetary system.
 - i. Discussing the relationship of the use of the barter system to technological development.
 - j. Discussing the relationship of the use of a monetary system to technological development.
- 11. The student will be able to describe the evolution of material processing during various historical eras. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Identifying materials used during the Stone Age, explaining how they were processed and used, and discussing their relationship to developing technologies.
 - b. Identifying materials used during the Bronze Age, explaining how they were processed and used, and discussing their relationship to developing technologies.
 - c. Identifying materials used during the Iron Age, explaining how they were processed and used, and discussing their relationship to developing technologies.
- 12. Students will be able to identify, discuss and demonstrate the application of natural raw materials processing of materials obtained by extractive methods. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Identifying the raw materials derived from various extractive processes.
 - b. Describing the processes used to extract raw material from the earth.
 - c. Identifying and describing the use of tools and machines used to extract raw materials from the earth.
 - d. Performing an extractive process. For example:
 - 1) Obtaining raw clay from a local site (will be processed later for use as either casting slip or modeling clay.

 See Module 5).
 - 2) Preparing a rock collection of minerals indigent to local

INSTRUCTIONS

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Resources 8 3) Preparing a rock collection of minerals common to New York 2 e. Identifying local quarrying or mining sites and discussing the 3 way materials were removed from the earth. 4 Students will be able to identify, discuss and demonstrate the appli-13. cation of natural raw material processing of materials obtained by 5 genetic methods. This will be accomplished by: Identifying the raw materials derived from various genetic 6 processes. b. Describe the processes used to produce genetic raw materials. 7 Identifying and describing the use of tools and machines used to C. obtain genetic raw materials. 8 d. Performing a genetic process. For example: 1) Planning, growing and harvesting a Heirloom Vegetable Garden. 9 2) Gathering maple sap. 3) Skinning a deer or lamb to obtain hide. 10 4) Shearing sheep and cleaning wool. 5) Assisting in the thinning and prunning of small wood lot. 11 Planting trees as part of Arbor Day, Scouting, 4-H and/or Cooperative Extension Activity. 12 7) Milking a cow or goat. 8) Extracting aromatic oil from cedar leaves. 13 The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the processing 14 of natural raw materials and synthetics into secondary materials or finished products. This will be accomplished by: 15 Describing the processing of raw materials and synthetics into secondary materials or finished products. For example: 16 Production of steel 1) 2) Production of aluminum 17 3) Manufacturing of plywood Manufacturing of particle board 4) 18 5) Making bricks 6) Making glass 19 7) Making paper 8) Making maple syrup 20 9) Making soap and adding aromatic cedar oil for scent 10) Making cheese 21 Making butter 11) Preserving food -- canning 12) 22 -- freezing -- drying 23 -- curing 13) Processing deer hide or lamb skin 24 14) Making yarn from wool, cotton, other materials 25

6 LINES INCH

CTIONS	_ ♦			·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·- ·		
1	MODE	JLE:	Deve:	opment of	Resources	9
2		b.	Pro	essing ra	w materials following a prepared plan sup	oplied by
_	ł			_	For example:	
3			1)	Chemical	s Produce a polymer material Produce potash	•
4			2)	_	Process extracted clay into either castir	ıg slip
5					or modeling clay Manufacture bricks	
	1		3)	Fabrics	Use raw wool to produce yarn	
6	Ì				Use raw cotton to produce yarn Use other materials to produce yarn	
7			4)	Food	Use Other materials to produce yarn	
	ł			_	sgrind oats or corn into meal	
8	1				cure hams	
_					make jerkey from beef or venison sdry fruit using solar dehydrator	
9	1				ablespreserve by canning, freezing, dr	vina
10					make cheese	
. 10	Ì		5)		Make glass	
11			6)		Tan deer hide or lamb skin	
			7)	Lumber -	- Process a log	
12				-	- Make plywood	
					- Make particle board	
13			8)		- Not recommended due to EPA Standards	
ļ			9)	Minerals	Making glass	
14			10)	- 13 m	Making gems for jewelry	
[10)		se aromatic cedar oil for scent when maki	
15			11)	Paper	Make paper using pulp obtained from pape facturer	r manu-
16					Make paper using corn stalks or milkweed	L
- 1			12)	_	Not recommended due to cost	
17			13)		- Making soap	
40					- Making walnut stain from black walnuts	
18	15.	The	stude	ent will be	e able to discuss and demonstrate signifi	cant
19		ene	rgy de	velopments	s that have contributed to technological	
`_ {				-	plished by: ypes of early sources of power.	}
20		a. b.			ypes of early sources of power. ypes of later sources of power.	
		· C.			e evolution of energy sources.	
21		đ.		_	e evolution of energy storage.	
22		e.			e evolution of energy transmission.	
~~		f.		_	device to produce electricity using:	
23	•		1)	Chemical	process	
			2)		al generation	
24			3)	Solar en		
		g.			device to store energy	
25		h.	Deve	loping a	device to transmit energy or power.	
24	েণ্ড _ব ্দরক	ji, gazeni	negonie, nam			M. Marie,, m. Januariana
26	And Sales		37 Y			Establish State Control
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INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

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This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how the students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the items identified as performance of objectives/supporting competencies.

1. Instructor will present a lesson introducing students to the types of resources necessary for technological development.

5 6

2

Students will read selected reference(s), identify the six major b. types of resources, and discuss how these six types will be referred to in Modules 2 to 8.

7

8

2. Students will list the four major groups of people who have cona. tributed to technological growth, prepare a paragraph stating what each group contributes to technological growth, and discuss their list and statements in class where instructor will assist students in developing an understanding the role that people play in the development of technology.

9 10

View film(s)

11

a) Colonial Williamsburg series

12

b) Inheritance c) Others

13

2) Role of inventors/discovers

4)

Role of labor force . 3)

14

Role of consumer 5) Role of entrepreneur

15

Visit museum, historical site, etc., to obtain information b. concerning topic.

16 17

Using selected references, films, filmstrips, and slides, 3. instructor will introduce students to people who were the major contributors to the advancement of technology and discuss their contributions.

18

19

Instructor must identify both male and female contributors, white and non-white contributors, and contributors from other cultural and racial backgrounds. There is a great deal of information available for this topic and so there should be no concern about finding information.

20 21

During discussion of instructor's presentation, students will be ь. asked to assist in preparing a listing of major contributors. The instructor will then present the next item ("c") to the class.

22

Students will complete instructor prepared instructional activity sheet identifying:

23

Major contributors during different time periods. 1)

2) Individuals who contributed to the development of:

24

a) Transportation Systems

25

b) Production Systems c) Communication and Information Systems

d) Energy Systems

	V		. MOL THE
INSTRUCTIONS	ALIGN	FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW	6 LINES INC
(NOTES)	_		12
•	c.	View films depicting use of machines.	
2	d.	Read selected references.	
3	e.	Following safe working procedures, consearly machine.	truct an example of an
	f.	Use machine (see "e") to perform a proc	ess typical to that machine,
4	g.	Assist instructor in preparing an exhib comparing present day machines with ear	lier machines.
5	h.	Visit museum, historical site, etc., to cerning topic.	
6	i.	Discuss in class the use of robotics, commanufacturing production comparing production	
7		devices to production without the use o	f these devices.
8	6. a.	Instructor will present a lesson definition and "information".	ng the terms "knowledge"
9	b.	Students will discuss the use of these this module and to Modules 3 to 8.	terms as they apply to
10	_		
	7. a.	Instructor will present a lesson identi of knowledge and information and exampl	
11		their effect, positive and negative, on	
12	ъ.	Students using selected references, instillms, filmstrips, and slides, will com	tructor's presentation,
13		instructional activity sheet:l) List the five major types.	
14		 Cite example of each and discuss to negative, on technological develop 	• •
15	c.	Visit museum, historical site, etc., to cerning topic.	obtain information con-
16	8. a.	Instructor will explain, using selected	wordings and films ats
17	8. a.	that humans have always had an inquisit this has had on technological advancement	ive nature and the effect
40	b.	Students will discuss the inquisitive n	
18		will be asked if they have ever solved than from a solution given to them by o	a problem differently
19		because of their inquisitive nature and more than one way to do something and do	thinking there may be
20		shorter time?	
21	c.	Visit museum, historical site, etc., to cerning topic.	obtain information con-
22	9. a.	Using information presented by instruct	
23		references, and viewing films, etc., st information storage systems were development.	
24		and retaining of technical knowledge.	
25		·	
26			The second se
}	•		

	JOB MIY		PAGE NO.
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(NOTES)	T +		14
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2		Using information presented by instru references, students will discuss the use of a monetary system and the deve	relationship between the
	g.	Instructor will make arrangements for 1) Visit to banking institution and	:
4		2) Speaker from banking and other e	1
5	11. a.	Using selected references, students we materials used by people of the Stone	
6		identified students will: 1) Explain how they were obtained.	nge. For each material
7		2) Explain how they were processed	into a useful item.
8		3) Make some of the items and demon	strate how to use the item
9		a shelter using simple tools. 4) Discuss the role the item played	- '
10		technology. 5) Add information to Time Line.	in helping to develop a
11	b.	Using selected references, student wi	ll prepare a listing of
12		materials used by people of the Bronz identified students will:	e Age. For each material
12		 Explain how they were obtained. 	
13		2) Explain how they were processed3) Make some of the items and demon	
14		to perform a useful function.4) Discuss the role the item played	in helping to develop a
15		technology.5) Add information to Time Line.	
16	c.	Using selected references, student wi materials used by people of the Iron	
17		identified students will:1) Explain how they were obtained.	
18		2) Explain how they were processed3) Make some of the items and demonstrate	The state of the s
19		to perform a useful function. 4) Discuss the role the item played	in helping to develop a
20		technology.5) Add information to Time Line.	
21	12. a.	Using information presented by instru	
22		references, viewing films, visiting e etc., students will:	
23		 Identify and describe different Identify the raw materials deriv 	ed from these processes.
24		3) Identify and describe the use of to extract raw materials from th	
25			
26			A STATE OF THE STA
			}

: = 2-15 ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 15 ъ. Students will visit selected sites in community and will: 2 Obtain raw clay by using hand tools to extract the clay. 2) Compare method of using hand tools with use of heavy 3 machinery to obtain clay. Obtain minerals to prepare a rock collection of minerals 3) 4 found in local area. Students will assist instructor in identifying minerals common c. 5 to New York State, locating the minerals from stock obtained from science teacher or geology supply house, and prepare an exhibit 6 of minerals found in New York State and sample of products made from these minerals. 7 d. Given geological survey map of community, students will identify location of local quarrying and mining sites, and discuss in 8 class how materials are either quarried or mined. 9 13. Using information presented by instructor, reading selected references, etc., students will: 10 Identify different genetic methods of production. 1) Identify the raw materials derived from the various genetic 2) 11 processes. Describe the processes used to produce raw materials. 3) 12 b. Instructor will present necessary information and develop appropriate activity sheets so that students may perform one or more 13 of the following genetic processes: Planning, growing and harvesting a Heirloom Vegetable Garden 14 on land owned by school district or supplied by local land owner or farmer. 15 2) Gathering maple sap from trees found on school property. 3) Skinning a deer or lamb to obtain hide. 16 4) Shearing sheep and cleaning wool. 5) Assisting in the thinning and pruning of small wood lot. 17 6) Planting trees as part of Arbor Day, Scouting, 4-H, and/or Cooperative Extention Activity. 18 7) Milking a cow or goat to obtain milk to make butter or cheese. 19 8) Extracting aromatic oil from cedar leaves. 20 Products of above genetic process activities will be used to produce agricultural products. 21 Using information presented by instructor, etc., students will 22 be able to: Discuss in class the processing of raw materials and 23 synthetics into secondary materials or finished products. 2) Describe how steel is produced. 24 Describe how aluminum is produced. 25 26

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH 16 ь. Instructor will present necessary information and develop appropriate activity sheets so that students may: Describe how to perform one or more of the following processes: a) manufacturing of plywood using veneers b) manufacturing of particle board using wood chips from planer. c) making bricks using clay obtained from local sites. d) making glass. el making paper using pulp, corn stalks, or cat tails. f) making maple syrup using sap gathered from school district trees. g) making soap and adding aromatic cedar oil for scent. h) making cheese using cow or goat milk. i) making butter using cow or goat milk. j) preserving food by canning, freezing, drying and curing. k) processing deer hide or lamb skin. 1) making yarn from wool, cotton, other materials. 21 Select one or more of the following material areas and perform the processing of raw materials activity: a) Chemicals--Produce a polymer material -- Produce potash b) Clay--Process extracted clay into either casting slip or modeling clay -- Manufacture bricks cl Fabrics -- Use raw wool to produce yarn -- Use raw cotton to produce yarn -- Use other materials to produce yarn d) Food---- grains --- grind oats or corn into meal --meats---cure hams --- make jerkey from beef or venison --fruits----dry fruit using solar dehydrator --vegetables---preserve by canning, freezing, drying --milk---make cheese e) Glass--make glass Leather--tan deer hide or lamb skin f) Lumber--Process a log -- Make particle board q) Metals--Not recommending due to EPA Standards h) Minerals--Making glass --Making gems for jewelry i) Oil--Use aromatic cedar oil for scent when making soap j) Paper -- Make paper using pulp obtained from paper manufacturer --Make paper using corn stalks or milkweed k) Polymers--Not recommending due to cost 1) Others--Making soap Making walnut stain from black walnuts

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15. a. Using information presented by instructor, reading selected references, viewing films, and pictures and models of sources of power, energy storage, energy transmission students will:

- 1) Identify examples of early sources of power and describe the evolution of these devices.
- 2) Identify examples of later sources of power and describe the evolution of these devices.
- 3) Identify energy storage devices and describe the evolution of these devices.
- 4) Identify energy transmission devices and describe the evolution of these devices.
- b. Instructor will present necessary information and develop appropriate activity sheets so that students will:
 - 1) Develop a device to produce electricity using chemical processes.
 - 2) Develop a device to produce electricity using mechanical generation.
 - 3) Develop a device to produce electricity using solar energy.
 - 4) Develop a device to store energy.
 - 5) Develop a device to transmit energy or power.

6 LINES INCH

1

INSTRUCTIONS

MODULE: Systems

OVERVIEW OF MODULE

3 Goal:

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The student will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the systems having major significance in triggering technological change and their role in the historical advancement of technology.

Description:

This module is to be used as an introduction to Modules 4, 5, 6 and 7. The students will be presented with information concerning the evolution of technology and the advancement of the Human Race through the ages from an Early Agricultural Society to an Information/Service/High Technology Society.

They will develop an understanding of how the different societies evolved due to the effect of systems and major technological developments.

Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed:

12 The student will be able to:

- define the term systems.
- describe the evolution of the Human Race from an Early Agricultural Society to an Information/Service/High Technology Society.
- 3. describe the systems that contributed to the evolution of technology and the advancement of the Human Race.
- 4. describe the events that contributed to the evolution of technology and the advancement of the Human Race.
- 5. describe the technological advancements that contributed to the advancement of the Human Race.

CONTENT OUTLINE

- 3.1 Definition of Systems
- 3.2 Systems Having Major Significance in Triggering Change
 - 3.2.1 Early Agricultural Society
 - 3.2.1.1 Ploughing and tilling
 - 3.2.1.2 Irrigation
 - 3.2.2 Pre-Industrial Society
 - 3.2.2.1 Folkways
 - 3.2.2.2 Early Technologies
 - 3.2.2.3 Early Crafts and Trades

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JOB NO. PAGE NO ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH NSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 2 MODULE: Systems 3.2.3 Industrial Society 2 3.2.3.1 Systems of the Industrial Society 3.2.3.2 Events Leading to the Industrial Society 3 3.2.3.3 The Role of the Craftsperson 3.2.3.4 Major Technological Developments 4 3.2.4 Post-Industrial Society 5 3.2.4.1 Systems of the Post-Industrial Society 3.2.4.2 Events Leading to the Post-Industrial Society 6 3.2.4.3 The Role of the Worker 3.2.4.3.1 blue collar 7 3.2.4.3.1.1 unskilled 3.2.4.3.1.2 skilled 8 3.2.4.3.2 white collar 3.2.4.3.3 support personnel 9 3.2.4.4 Major Technological Developments 10 3.2.5 Information/Service/High Technology Society 3.2.5.1 Systems of the Information/Service/High Technology 11 Society 3.2.5.2 Events Leading to the Information/Service/High 12 Technology Society 3.2.5.3 The Role of the Worker 13 3.2.5.3.1 blue collar 3.2.5.3.1.1 unskilled 14 3.2.5.3.1.2 skilled 3.2.5.3.2 white collar 15 3.2.5.3.3 support personnel 3.2.5.4 Major Technological Developments 16 PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES 17 The student will be able to develop an understanding of the term 18 Systems. This will be accomplished by: Reviewing and analyzing the application of the term in major 19 Technology resources. Preparing a definition of the term for discussion in class. b. 20 The student will be able to discuss and demonstrate the relationship 21 of systems to the evolution of technology and the advancement of the Human Race. This will be accomplished by: 22 Identifying the systems having major significance in triggering change in the 23 1) Early Agricultural Society 2) Pre-Industrial Society 24 3) Industrial Society

Post-Industrial Society

Information/Service/High Technology Society

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4)

5)

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: 3 Systems Identifying through the development of a time-line the events 2 leading to the Early Agricultural Society 3 Pre-Industrial Society 2) 3) Industrial Society 4 4) Post-Industrial Society Information/Service/High Technology Society 5 Describing the role of the worker in the c. Early Agricultrual Society 6 2) Pre-Industrial Society Industrial Society 3) 7 4) Post-Industrial Society Information/Service/High Technology Society 5) 8 d. Describing the major technological developments of the 1) Early Agricultural Society 9 Pre-Industrial Society 2) 3) Industrial Society 10 4) Post-Industrial Society 5) Information/Service/High Technology Society 11 SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES 12 This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how the 13 students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the items identified as performance 14 objectives/supporting competencies. 15 The instructor will present a lesson defining the term "Systems" 1. a. and discussing the relationship of systems to technological 16 developments. The instructor will also discuss how systems directly affects the lives of students in the class. 17 b. Students will participate in the discussion of their understanding of the term "Systems" and its use in all the modules for the study 18 of the History of Technology. 19 2. The instructor may present the information for this section by either presenting the type of society and discussing the four 20 major components or by presenting the four components one at a time and discussing how they affected the individual type of 21 society. The societies to be presented are: 22 a) Early Agricultural Society b) Pre-Industrial Society 23 c) Industrial Society Post-Industrial Society d) 24 Information/Ser ice/High Technology Society 25

JOB NO. PAGE NA ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS MODULE: Systems The four major components to be presented are: 2 Systems having major significance in triggering change Events leading to the development of the society 3 Role of the worker in the society c) Major technological developments of the society 4 Presentation of information using four major components b. Instructor will describe the role that systems have had in 5 triggering major technological development in the a) Early Agricultural Society 6 Pre-Industrial Society Industrial Society C) 7 Post-Industrial Society Information/Service/High Technology Society 8 Students will compare the systems of a local industry to the systems of a comparable craftshop in Colonial America. 9 2) Instructor will present material on the role of the worker 10 in the a) Early Agricultural Society 11 Pre-Industrial Society Industrial Society c) 12 d) Post-Industrial Society e) Information/Service/High Technology Society 13 Instructor will describe the development of guilds, labor unions, child labor laws, OSHA. Students will select a 14 topic for discussion in class. 15 3) Instructor will present material describing major technological developments of the 16 Early Agricultural Society a) Pre-Industrial Society b) 17 Industrial Society Post-Industrial Society 18 Information/Service/High Technology Society Instructor will demonstrate the development of device common 19 to each society and have students produce. For example: The Production of a scoop. 20 a) Early Agricultural Society--Carve a wooden scoop Pre-Industrial Society--Produce a sheetmetal scoop 21 using hand forming methods Industrial Society--Producing a sheetmetal scoop 22 using an example of a drop-forge press Post-Industrial--Producing a plastic mold scoop 23 Have students view film, Inheritance, and compare how the following were made then and now: 24

25

shovels

baskets

sheetmetal items wrought iron items

a) p)

c)

d)

(NOTES)

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 5 Systems MODULE: 4) Instructor will discuss events leading to the 2 Early Agricultural Society Pre-Industrial Society 3 c) Industrial Society d) Post-Industrial Society 4 Information/Service/High Technology Society Instructor will describe the social/political/economic 5 events of the time period and have the students compare the events with events occurring today. 6 Presentation of information using the five types of societies c. 7 1) Instructor will identify different societies that represent different time periods of the evolution of the advancement 8 of the Human Race. a) Early Agricultural Society 9 Pre-Industrial Society c) Industrial Society 10 Post-Industrial Society Information/Service/High Technology Society 11 For each of the identified societies the instructor will 2.3 Describe the role that systems have had in triggering 12 major technological development Identify the type of worker found in that society 13 and describe the role of the worker in that society Identify and describe the major technological devel-14 opment of that society d) Describe the events leading to the development of 15 that society 16 d. Examples of strategies no matter what method of presentation is used by instructor. 17 Discussion and demonstration of food gathering/crop production/harvesting prior to, during, and after the develop-18 ment of ploughing, and the development of irrigation. 2) Visit a fruit farm or a vegetable farm and observe planting, 19 caretaking, and harvesting and compare to how done during earlier societies. 20 3) Discuss how skills/trades/knowledge/information was passed on from craftsperson to apprentice. 21 Have class visit a local industry having an apprentice 4) program and compare to what may have existed during pre-22 industrial society and industrial society. 5) Guest speakers who could address one or more of the four 23 major components as they affected one or more of the societies. 24 farmer or tool collector talking about types of old ploughs and comparing with today's ploughs. 25 26

6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Systems craftsperson talking about basketry, candlemaking, and 2 weaving and comparing to today's mass produced items. union leader talking about development of labor c) 3 organizations management leader discussing development of industry in the United States and/or New York State 6) Use of films to illustrate the four major components and 5 the five types of societies. 7) Visitation to a hospital or drug store and compare with 6 earlier time periods. 8) Visitation to farm, factory, craftsperson's workshop to view 7 first hand what occurs in the production of a product. 9) Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on 8 evolution of the Human Race and the effect of technological developments. 9 10) Producing a device using production methods common to the period. (See 2.b.3 listed above.) 10 Visitation to a site of raw materials and compare method of 11) obtaining the raw material in one or more of the societies 11 identified earlier. 12) Role-play activity to simulate what a worker did in each of 12 the societies. Preparation of a collection of pictures of each society. 13) 13 Preparation of a collection of artifacts of each society. 14) 15) Add information to Time Line started in Module 1. 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

6 LINES INCH

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INSTRUCTIONS
 ( NOTES )
           PHASE - Development
                                                     ELEMENT - History of Technology
           MODULE NO. 4
                          Development of Transportation Systems
           TOPICS:
                          Introduction to Transportation Systems
                          Evolution of Transportation Systems
                          Inland Transportation
         6
                          Sea Transportation
                          Air Transportation
                          Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials
        8
           PREREQUISITES: History of Technology
                            Module 1 - Development of Technology
         9
                            Module 2 - Development of Resources
                            Module 3 - Systems
       10
       11
       12
       13
       14
                                        prepared by
       15
               Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School
                          Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego
       16
                              Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES
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       26 TOTAL TEACHING TIME - 0-12 Weeks
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INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

MODULE: Development of Transportation Systems

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OVERVIEW OF MODULE

Goal:

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The student will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the historical evolution of transportation systems, and the historical development of Inland Transportation, Sea Transportation, Air Transportation, and the Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials.

Description:

Students will be introduced to the historical development of the four main types of Transportation Systems. They will have the opportunity to construct models and other devices, prepare collections and perform other activities to increase their awareness of the relationship of the development of Transportation Systems to the technological advancement of the Human Race.

Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed:

12 The student will be able to:

- . identify the four main types of Transportation Systems.
- 2. describe the historical development of the four main types of Transportation Systems.
- 3. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of the four main types of Transportation Systems with technological advancements.
- 4. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of the four main types of Transportation Systems with the advancement of the Human Race.
- construct full size and scale models of Transportation System devices.

CONTENT OUTLINE

- 4.1 Introduction to Transportation Systems
 - 4.1.1 Definition of Transportation Systems
 - 4.1.2 Types of Transportation Systems
 - 4.1.2.1 Inland Transportation
 - 4.1.2.2 Sea Transportation
 - 4.1.2.3 Air Transportation
 - 4.1.2.4 Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials
- 4.2 Evolution of Transportation Systems
 - 4.2.1 Human Power
 - 4.2.2 Animal Power
 - 4.2.3 Machine Power

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH STRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Transportation Systems 2 4.3 Inland Transportation 2 4.3.1 Types 4.3.1.1 Sailing Vessels 3 4.3.1.2 Canals 4.3.1.3 Roads 4.3.1.4 Land Vehicles 4.3.1.5 Railroads and Equipment 5 4.3.1.6 Bridges 4.3.1.7 Mass Transit 6 4.3.2 Development 4.3.2.1 Sailing Vessels 7 4.3.2.1.1 Canal boats 4.3.2.1.2 Steam boats 8 4.3.2.1.3 Canoes 4.3.2.1.4 River rafts 9 4.3.2.2 Canals 4.3.2.3 Roads 10 4.3.2.3.1 Animal trails 4.3.2.3.2 Dirt path 11 4.3.2.3.3 Log and plank roads 4.3.2.3.4 Cobblestone/brick 12 4.3.2.3.5 Paved 4.3.2.3.6 Concrete 13 4.3.2.4 Land vehicles 4.3.2.4.1 Sled 14 4.3.2.4.2 Cart 4.3.2.4.3 Wagon 15 4.3.2.4.4 Carriages 4.3.2.4.5 Stage coach 16 4.3.2.4.6 Automobile 4.3.2.4.7 Truck 17 4.3.2.5 Railroads and equipment 4.3.2.6 Bridges 18 4.3.2.6.1 Beam/Girder 4.3.2.6.1.1 Wood 19 4.3.2.6.1.2 Metal 4.3.2.6.2 Truss 20 4.3.2.6.2.1 Wood 4.3.2.6.2.2 Metal 21 **4.3.2.6.3** Suspension 4.3.2.6.4 Cantilever 22 4.3.2.6.5 Arch 4.3.2.6.5.1 Stone 23 4.3.2.6.5.2 Concrete 4.3.2.6.5.3 Steel 24 4.3.2.6.6 Movable 4.3.2.6.6.1 Bascule 25 4.3.2.6.6.2 Swing 4.3.2.6.6.3 Vertical lift

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6 LINES INCH
               ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW
INSTRUCTIONS
                     Development of Transportation Systems
                                                                                     3
 ( NOTES )
                                 4.3.2.6.7 Covered
        2
                                 4.3.2.6.8 Pontoon
                                 4.3.2.6.9 Others
        3
                        4.3.2.7 Mass Transit
        4
                Sea Transportation
                4.4.1 Types
        5
                      . 4.4.1.1 Sailing vessels
                        4.4.1.2 Ship building
         6
                 4.4.2 Development
                        4.4.2.1 Sailing vessels
         7
                                 4.4.2.1.1 Sailboats
                                            4.4.2.1.1.1 Reed
        8
                                            4.4.2.1.1.2
                                                         Wood
                                            4.4.2.1.1.3 Metal
         9
                                            4.4.2.1.1.4 Fiberglass
                                 4.4.2.1.2
                                            Steam boats
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                                 4.4.2.1.3
                                            Ocean liners
                                 4.4.2.1.4 Freighters
        11
                                 4.4.2.1.5 Oil tankers
                                 4.4.2.1.6 Submarines
        12
                        4.4.2.2 Ship building
        13
                Air Transportation
                 4.5.1 Types
        14
                        4.5.1.1 Balloons
                        4.5.1.2 Airplanes
        15
                        4.5.1.3 Rockets
                        4.5.1.4
                                 Space Shuttle
        16
                        4.5.1.5
                                 Space Platform
                4.5.2 Development
        17
                        4.5.2.1 Balloons
                        4.5.2.2
                                 Airplanes
        18
                                 4.5.2.2.1 Bi-plane
                                 4.5.2.2.2
                                            Single wing
        19
                                 4.5.2.2.3
                                            Jet
                        4.5.2.3
                                 Rockets
        20
                        4.5.2.4
                                 Space Shuttle
                        4.5.2.5
                                 Space Platform
        21
           4.6 Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials
        22
                4.6.1 Types
                        4.6.1.1 Aquaducts
        23
                        4.6.1.2 Conveyors
                        4.6.1.3 Pipelines
        24
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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Transportation Systems 4.6.2 Development 2 4.6.2.1 Aquaducts 4.6.2.2 Conveyors 3 4.6.2.3 Pipelines 4.6.2.3.1 Water 4 4.6.2.3.2 Oil 4.6.2.3.3 Gas 5 4.6.2.3.4 Other materials 6 PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES 7 1. The student will be able to discuss the historical development of Transportation Systems. This will be accomplished by: 8 Defining the term Transportation Systems. a. Identifying and describing the four types of Transportation b. 9 Systems. Describing the evolution of Transportation Systems. c. 10 The student will be able to discuss and demonstrate the historical 11 development of Inland Transportation and its relationship to technological advancements. This will be accomplished by: 12 Identifying and describing types of Inland Transportation vehicles. Describing the development of Inland Transportation System 13 devices. For example: 1) sailing vessels 14 2) canals 3) roads 15 4) land vehicles 5) railroads and equipment 16 6) bridges 7) mass transit 17 Constructing scale models of Inland Transportation vehicles. C. Constructing full size vehicles common to Inland Transportation. d. 18 For example: 1) canoe 19 2) flat bottom boat pony cart 20 Visiting historical sites, museums, historical societies to e. gather historical information for report on specific Inland 21 Transportation vehicle. Building and testing a bridge. f. 22 Producing a nature trail. g. Restoring an antique sailing vessel or land vehicle. h. 23 Preparing a collection of pictures of Inland Transportation i. vehicles. 24 Preparing a collection of models of Inland Transportation j. vehicles. 25

JOB NO PAGE NA FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 5 MODULE: Development of Transportation Systems 3. The student will be able to discuss and demonstrate the historical 2 development of Sea Transportation and its relationship to technological advancements. This will be accomplished by: 3 Identifying and describing types of Sea Transportation vehicles. a. b. Describing the development of Sea Transportation Systems. 4 Constructing scale models of Sea Transportation vehicles. c. d. Constructing 1-hull scale model of Sea Transportation vehicle. 5 Plotting a course for a mythical journey from Egypt to the western e. continent to be undertaken by a crew on a reed boat. 6 f. Visiting historical sites, museums, historical societies to gather historical information for report on specific Sea Transpor-7 tation vehicle. Preparing a collection of pictures of Sea Transportation Vehicles. q. 8 Preparing a collection of models of Sea Transportation vehicles. h. 9 The student will be able to discuss and demonstrate the historical development of Air Transportation and its relationship to technologi-10 cal advancements. This will be accomplished by: Identifying and describing types of Air Transportation vehicles. 11 Describing the development of Air Transportation Systems. b. 1) balloons 12 2) airplanes 3) rockets 13 4) space shuttle 5) space platform 14 Constructing and flying scale models of Air Transportation c. vehicles. For example: 15 1) balloons 2) gliders 16 rockets 3) airplanes 17 d. Constructing a wind tunnel. Visiting historical sites, museums, historical societies to e. 18 gather historical information for report on specific Air Transportation vehicle. 19 f. Preparing a collection of pictures of Air Transportation vehicles. Preparing a collection of models of Air Transportation vehicles. g. 20 The student will be able to discuss and demonstrate the historical 21 development of Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation System and its relationship to technological advancements. 22 This will be accomplished by: Identifying and describing types of Specialized Movement of 23 Goods and Materials Transportation System devices. Describing the development of the Specialized Movement of Goods b. 24

and Materials Transportation System.

1)

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aquaducts

conveyors pipelines

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ISTRUCTIONS	ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW	- INCh
(NOTES)	MODULE: Development of Transportation Systems 6	,
2	c. Constructing a scale model of a:l) aquaduct	
3	2) conveyor3) pipeline	
4	d. Discussing the use of aquaducts for the movement of water:1) by the Romans	
5	2) by New York Citye. Locating natural gas pipeline serving local community.	
6	f. Comparing the movement of goods in Colonial New York State wit the movement of goods in present day New York State.	h
7	g. Preparing a collection of pictures of:	
8	1) aquaducts2) conveyors3) pipelines	
9	h. Preparing a collection of models of:l) aquaducts	
10	2) conveyors3) pipelines	
11	SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES	
12	This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how t	he
13 14	students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numb according to their relationship with the items identified as performance objectives/supporting competencies.	ered
15	 a. Instructor will present a lesson defining the term "Transporta System", describing the four types of Transportation Systems, 	
16	discussing the evolution of these Transportation Systems. b. It is recommended that the instructor make a decision at this	
17	<pre>point to have all students 1) complete the study of all four types of Transportation</pre>	ļ
18	Systems, or 2) divide into four separate groups, each group being assign	ed
19	a different Transportation System, or3) study only one specific Transportation System, or	
20	4) study two of the Transportation Systems.	
21	 Inland Transportation a. Using models, readings and films, introduce students to the ty 	pes
. 22	of Inland Transportation devices and describe the impact the development of these devices had on the Human Race.	
23	b. Assign a set of plans to students so that different members of class are constructing scale models of Inland Transportation	the
24	vehicles, or use plastic/wooden models purchased from educatio supply house or hobby shop.	nal
25	c. Select one Inland Transportation vehicle, locate plans and hav students construct a full-size version.	е
26		own m. c

MODULE:

6 LINES II

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Development of Transportation Systems

INS	TRUCTI	ONS
(NOTES)

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d. Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on the evolution of a specific Inland Transportation vehicle. Students select type of vehicle from listing prepared through class dis-

- e. Using plans obtained from instructor, a number of craft sticks, and any type of fasteners, students will construct a bridge that will support the weight of 3 or more bricks.
- f. Discuss with class that the foot path was one of the earliest types of highways used by the Human Race. In some societies the foot path was well planned and hidden from others. The students could do the same by developing a nature trail for all students incorporating techniques that will make the trail accessible to handicapped individuals, especially blind people.
- g. Locate with students' help an example of an older type of an Inland Transportation vehicle. Discuss why and how the vehicle should be restored. Using latest restoration techniques restore the vehicle.
- h. Students will prepare a listing of Inland Transportation System devices and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples and preparing a short description of each example.
- i. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of models of Inland Transportation vehicles. These will be displayed in class or hallway display case. (See 2.b above.)
- j. Add items to Time Line started in Module 1.
- k. Using library resources the students are to prepare a report on the future of Mass Transit in their local area.

3. Sea Transportation

- of Sea Transportation vehicles and describe the impact the development of these devices had on the Human Race.
- b. Assign a set of plans to students so that different members of the class are constructing scale models of Sea Transportation vehicles or use plastic/wooden models purchased from educational supply house or hobby shop.
- c. Divide students into groups and assign each group the plans for a specific 1-hull scale model of a ship.
- d. Discuss with class the hazards of a sea journey taken in earlier types of Sea Transportation vehicles and assign the task to plot a course for a voyage to be taken in a reed boat from Egypt to the Virgin Islands.
- e. Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on the evolution of a specific Sea Transportation vehicle. Students select type of vehicle 'rom listing prepared through class discussion.

AUL HELL

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) Development of Transportation Systems MODULE: Using a map of New York State, locate natural gas pipeline. e. 2 f. Using library resources, write a short report on the use of conveyor system by major cement company in the Hudson River-3 Catskill Mountain region of New York State. Using materials obtained from viewing films, reading selected g. references and from discussion in class, prepare a short report comparing the movement of goods in Colonial New York State with 5 the movement of goods in present New York State. The instructor may wish to assign other time periods. 6 Students will prepare a listing of Specialized Movement of Goods h. and Materials Transportation devices and cite examples of each. 7 Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples and preparing a 8 short description of each example. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of i. 9 models of Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation devices. These will be displayed in appropriate display 10 cases. (See 5.b. above.) Add items to Time Line started in Module 1. j. 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26

INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

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1	MODULE:	Development of Transportation Systems 8	
2	f.	Students will prepare a listing of Sea Transportation System de vices and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustr	
4	g.	ting the examples and preparing a short description of each example. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection o	.f
5	y•	models of Sea Transportation vehicles. These will be displayed in class or hallway display case. (See 3.b above.)	
6	h.	Add items to Time Line started in Module 1.	
7	4. Air	Transportation Using models, readings and films, introduce students to the typ	es
8		of Air Transportation vehicles and describe the impact the deve opment of these devices had on the Human Race.	1-
9	b.	Assign a set of plans to students so that different members of the class are constructing scale models or models purchased from	m
10	c.	educational supply house or hobby shop. Using wind tunnel constructed by class describe the testing of	
11	d.	Air Transportation vehicle and test the scale model constructed Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on the evolution of a specific Air Transportation vehicle. Students	
12 13		select type of vehicle from listing prepared through class discussion.	
14	e.	Students will prepare a listing of Air Transportation System devices and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the	
15		students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples and preparing a short description of each example.	a-
16	f.	Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of models of Air Transportation vehicles. These will be displayed	
17	g.	in class or hallway display case. (See 4.b above.) Add items to Time Line started in Module 1.	
18	_	cialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation	
19	a.	Using models, readings and films, introduce students to the type of Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation	es

- Using models, readings and films, introduce students to the type of Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation System devices and describe the impact the development of these devices had on the Human Race.
- Assign a set of plans to students so that different members of the b. class are constructing scale models of Specialized Movement of Goods and Materials Transportation devices.
- Using library resources, write a short report on the use of aquaducts by the Romans and by New York City for the movement of water to their population center.
- Using a map of New York State trace the route of the movement of đ. drinking water from throughout New York State to New York City. Prepare a short report describing the evolution of this system.

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6 LINES IN

INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

MODULE: Development of Production Systems

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OVERVIEW OF MODULE

Goals:

The students will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the historical development of Agricultural Production Systems, Construction Production Systems, and Manufacturing Production Systems.

Description:

Students will be introduced to the historical development of Production Systems. They will have the opportunity to construct devices, prepare collections, and perform activities to increase their awareness of the relationship of the development of Agricultural Production Systems, Construction Production Systems, and Manufacturing Production Systems to the technological advancement of the Human Race.

Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed:

The student will be able to:

- 1. identify types of Production Systems.
- 2. describe the historical development of:
 - a. Agricultural Production Systems
 - b. Construction Production Systems
 - c. Manufacturing Production Systems
- 3. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Agricultural Production Systems with technological advancement.
- 4. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Construction Production Systems with technological advancement.
- 5. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Manufacturing Production Systems with technological advancement.
- 6. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Agricultural Production Systems with the advancement of the Human Race.
- 7. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Construction Production Systems with the advancement of the Human Race.
- 8. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Manufacturing Production Systems with the advancement of the Human Race.

CONTENT OUTLINE

5.1 Introduction to Production Systems

- 5.1.1 Definition of Production Systems
- 5.1.2 Types of Production Systems

5.1.2.1 Agricultural Production Systems

5.1.2.2 Construction Production Systems

5.1.2.3 Manufacturing Production Systems

CTIONS	- 			
1	MODULE: Development	of Product:	ion Systems	5
ام	5.4.2.4	Glass		
2			Development	
			Raw materials	
3			Production processes	
اہ		5.4.2.4.4		
4			Future Projections	
_]	5.4.2.5			
5			Development	
ا۔			Raw materials	
6			Production processes	
_		5.4.2.5.4		
7			Future Projections	
	5.4.2.6		Metal Products	
8	3633203		Development	
			Raw materials	
9			Production processes	
		5.4.2.6.4	-	
10	•		Future Projections	
	5.4.2.7			
11	0,110,		Development	
			Raw materials	
12			Production processes	
		5.4.2.7.4		
13			Future Projections	
1	5.4.2.8	Polymers		·
14	3.4.2.0		Development	
1			Raw materials	• .
15			Production processes	
1		5.4.2.8.4	•	
16			Future Projections	
ļ	5 4 2 9	Textiles		
17	3.4.2.3		Development	
ł			Raw materials	
18			Production processes	
1	•	5.4.2.9.4		
19			Future Projections	
	5.4.2.10		14046 110300000	
20	3.4.2.20		Development	
ļ			Raw materials	
21	•		Production processes	
		5.4.2.10.4		
22			Future Projections	
1	5.4.2.11		14444 120300020	•
23	~ · T · · · · ·		Development	
.	-		Raw materials	
24			Production processes	
1		5.4.2.11.4		
25			Future Projections	
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	OB NO. PAGE NO.	
INSTRUCTIONS	ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES	S INCH
(NOTES)	MODULE: Development of Production Systems 6	
2	PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES	
3	 The student will be able to develop an understanding of the term Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: 	
4	a. Defining the term Production Systems.b. Identifying and describing the three types of Production System	ms.
5	 The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development 	t
6	of Agricultural Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: a. Identifying and describing the two Agricultural Production	
7	Systems. b. Describing the evolution of the two Agricultural Production	
8	Systems. c. Describing the impact on society of Agricultural Production	
9	Systems. d. Describing how the Agricultural Production Systems are used to	- 1
10	 e. Describing the future of the two Agricultural Production System f. Conducting one or more farming activities. 	ns.
. 11	 g. Conducting one or more food processing activities. h. Preparing a collection of examples of farming products. 	
12	i. Preparing a collection of pictures of farming processes.j. Preparing a collection of pictures of farming equipment.	
13	 k. Preparing a collection of examples of food processing products l. Preparing a collection of pictures of food processing processes m. Preparing a collection of pictures of food processing equipment 	s.
14	 m. Preparing a collection of pictures of food processing equipment 3. The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development 	1
15	of Construction Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: a. Listing the types of Construction Production Systems and ident:	- 1
16	fying at least two examples of each. b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the development of the Construction Production Systems and Identity b. Describing the Identity	1
17	c. Describing the impact on society of Construction Production Systems.	:
18	d. Describing the method of construction used by the construction production industry for producing:	
19	1) homes 2) commercial buildings	
20	3) dams 4) highways	
21	5) bridges e. Describing the future of Construction Production Systems.	
22	f. Constructing models of: 1) homes	
23	2) commercial buildings 3) dams	
24	4) highways 5) bridges	
25	J, Dilayes	1

NSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH 7 MODULE: Development of Production Systems Producing larger scale examples of home construction such as: g. 2 tool shed 1) 2) greenhouse 3 play house 3) Producing bridge or path. (As discussed in Module 4.) h. i. Preparing a collection of pictures of examples of Construction Production Systems products. 5 Preparing a collection of pictures of examples of Construction j. Production Systems equipment. 6 The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development 7 of Manufacturing Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: Describing the evolution of the Manufacturing Production Systems. 8 Identifying and describing the different Manufacturing Production b. 9 Describing the development of the different Manufacturing c. Production Systems. 10 Identifying the raw materials for each Manufacturing Production đ. System and describing their use. (See Module 2.F. Materials.) e. Identifying and describing the processes of each Manufacturing Production System. 12 f. Identifying the products of each Manufacturing Production System. Describing the future of the Manufacturing Production Systems. g. 13 Planning for the production of a product utilizing available h. materials and processes. 14 i. Producing a product utilizing available materials and processes. Preparing a collection of the raw materials used by a Manufacturj. 15 ing Production System. Preparing a collection of pictures of production processes used k. 16 by a Manufacturing Production System. Preparing a collection of products produced by a Manufacturing 1. 17 Production System. SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

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This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how the students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the items identified as performance objectives/supporting competencies.

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- Instructor will present a lesson defining the term "Production Systems" and describing the three types of Production Systems.
 - Students will identify the three types of Production Systems by b. completing an instructor prepared instructional activity sheet.
 - 1) Write name of each type.
 - 2) Cite examples of each type that is found in local area.
 - 3) Identify location of each example on a map of local areas.
 - List, for each type, products used regularly by the student or the student's family.

Discuss completed activity sheet with class.

JOB NO. PAGE NO ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Production Systems 2 It is recommended that the instructor make a decision at this point to have all students: 3 1) Complete the study of all three types of Production Systems, or 2) Divide into three separate groups, each group being assigned a different Production System. 5 2. Agricultural Production Systems Using models, readings and films, introduce students to the two 6 types of Agricultural Production Systems, describe the evolution of Agricultural Production Systems, describe the impact of the 7 Agricultural Production Systems on the Human Race, describe how 8 the Agricultural Production Systems are used today, and discuss the future of Agricultural Production Systems. 9 Students will prepare a listing of farming processes and cite b. examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples 10 and prepare a short description of each. Students will prepare a listing of farming equipment and cite 11 c. examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples 12 and preparing a short description of each. a. Students will prepare a listing of food processing processes and 13 cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the ex-14 amples and preparing a short description of each. 15 Students will prepare a listing of food processing equipment and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the ex-16 amples and preparing a short description of each. f. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of 17 farming products and display in classroom with a description of each. 18 Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of g. food processing products and display in class with a description 19 of each. h. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of 20 farming products and display in class with description. Prepare a flow chart illustrating how a farm product evolves from i. 21 a seed into a useful item. For example: fruits, vegetables, grains. 22 j. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of food processing products and display in class with description. 23 Prepare a flow chart illustrating how a farm product is changed k. into a useful product. For example: apples into applesauce, 24 cattle into steaks, etc. 25

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Production Systems 9 Students working in groups will complete an instructor prepared 2 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the evolution of the two Agricultural Production Systems. 3 Research topic using selected references. 1) 2) Visit museum or historical site that contains some aspect of the topic. 3) Visit a working farm. 5 4) Interview a farmer. 5) Visit a food processing plant. 6 Interview manager of food processing plant. 6) 7) Complete activity sheet. 7 8) Discuss completed activity sheet with rest of class. Students working in groups will complete an instructor prepared m. 8 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the impact on society of Agricultural Production Systems. 9 1) Research topic using selected references. 2) Visit museum or historical site that contains some aspect 10 of the topic. 3) Visit a working farm. 11 4) Interview a farmer. 5) Visit a food processing plant. 12 6) Interview manager of food processing plant. 7) Interview banker. 13 8) Interview consumer. 91 Interview wholesaler. 14 10) Interview retailer. 11) Read publications from U.S. Department of Agriculture, U.S. 15 Department of Commerce, and U.S. Department of Labor. 12) Read publications from NYS Department of Agriculture and

> 13) Complete activity sheet.

Labor.

- 14) Discuss completed activity sheet with rest of class.
- Students working in groups will complete an instructor prepared n. instructional activity sheet pertaining to the future of the two Agricultural Production Systems.

Markets, NYS Department of Commerce and NYS Department of

- Research topic using selected references. 1)
- 2) Visit a working farm.
- 3) Interview a farmer.
- 4) Interview Cooperative Extension Agent.
- 5) Visit a food processing plant.
- Interview manager of food processing plant. 6)
- 7) Interview banker.
- 8) Interview manufacturer and/or distributor of agricultural implements.
- 9) Interview consumer.
- 10) Interview wholesaler.
- 11) Interview retailer.

INSTRUCTIONS .	ALIGN	FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW	6 LINES INCH
(NOTES)	MODULE:	Development of Production Systems	10
2		12) Read publications pertaining to Agricultural activi obtained from the Federal Reserve Banks.	ties.
3		13) Read publications from the U.S. Department of Agric U.S. Department of Commerce, and U.S. Department of	
4		14) Read publications from the NYS Department of Agricu Markets, NYS Department of Commerce and NYS Department	lture and
5		Labor. 15) Complete the activity sheet which should include qu	estions
6		<pre>pertaining to: a) financing</pre>	
7		b) effect of lesser number of small farmsc) effect of large industrialized farms	
8		d) new products	
9		e) new developments f) new equipment	j
10		g) future projections16) Discuss completed activity sheet with rest of class	
11	. 0.	Students will assist instructor in preparing a collection	The state of the s
12		amples will be displayed in classroom as part of a diora a working farm.	
12	p.	If time permits, students might be asked to complete a r	esearch
13		report on one or more of the following topics: 1) Financing of agricultural production activities	
14		2) Effect of lesser number of small farms3) Effect of large industrialized farms	
15		4) New agricultural products	·
16		5) New farming equipment6) New farming processes	
1		7) New food processing processes8) New food processing equipment	
17	q.	Add items to Time Line started in Module 1.	,
18	3. Cons	struction Production Systems	
19	a.	Using models, readings and films introduce students to tent types of Construction Production Systems, describe t	he evolu-
20		tion of Construction Production Systems, and describe th of Construction Production Systems on the Human Race.	e impact
21	. b.	Students will prepare a listing of the different types of struction Production Systems and cite examples of each.	1
22		with the listing the students will prepare a notebook co of pictures illustrating the examples and prepare a shor	•
23	c.	scription of each. Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor	1.
24	,	instructional activity sheet pertaining to the evolution Construction Production Systems.	
25		 Research topic using selected references. Visit a museum or historical site that contains som 	ne aspect
26	Andrew Company	of the topic.	- 1
		·	

JOB NO. PAGE NA ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 11 MODULE: Development of Production Systems Visit construction sites. 3) 2 Interview different types of construction workers. example: plumbers, carpenters, masons, etc. 3 5) Interview owners of construction industries. Complete activity sheet. 6) 7) Discuss completed activity sheet with class. Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor prepared d. 5 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the impact on society of Construction Production Systems. 6 Research topic using selected references. 1) Visit museum or historical site that contains some aspect 2) 7 of the topic. 3) Visit construction sites. 8 4) Interview different types of construction workers. 5) Interview owners of construction industries. 9 6) Interview bankers. 7) Read publications pertaining to Construction Program 10 Systems obtained from U.S. Department of Commerce and U.S. Department of Labor. 11 8) Read publications pertaining to Construction Production Systems obtained from NYS Department of Commerce and NYS 12 Department of Labor. 9) Read publications pertaining to Construction Production 13 Systems obtained from Federal Reserve Banks. Students will assist instructor in preparing a display of archi-14 tectural drawings used for constructing different types of structures during different time periods and discussing the 15 differences. f. Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor prepared 16 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the methods of construction used to produce: 17 1) Homes Commercial buildings 2) 18 3) Dams 4) Highways 19 5) Bridges Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor prepared 20 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the type of equipment used to construct: 21 Homes 1) 2) Commercial buildings 22 3) Dams 4) Highways 23 Bridges Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor prepared h.

instructional activity sheet pertaining to the type of materials

used to construct:

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Production Systems 12 1) Homes 2 2) Commercial buildings 3) Dams 3 4) Highways Bridges The format for completing the instructor prepared instructional activity sheet mentioned in "g", "h", and "i" will include: 5 Research of topic using selected references. 2) Visit to construction sites. 3) Interviewing different types of construction workers. 4) Interviewing owners of construction companies. 7 Viewing films. j. Prepare a collection of old construction tools and equipment and 8 compare with present day construction tools and equipment. k. Students, working in groups, will complete an instructor prepared 9 instructional activity sheet pertaining to the future of Construction Production Systems: 10 1) Research topic using selected references. 2) Visit museum or historical site that contains some aspect 11 of the topic. 3) Visit construction sites. 12 4) Interview construction workers. Interview construction company owners. 5) 13 6) Interview bankers. Read publication pertaining to Construction Production System 14 obtained from U.S. Department of Commerce and U.S. Department 15 8) Read publications pertaining to Construction Production Systems obtained from NYS Department of Commerce and NYS 16 Department of Labor. Read publications pertaining to Construction Production 9) 17 Systems obtained from Federal Reserve Banks. 10) Read material obtained from Associated General Contractors. 18 11) Read materials obtained from AFL-CIO Building Trades Council. Obtain and discuss drawings of futuristic Construction Production 19 Systems structures such as: 1) Futuristic buildings 20 2) Environmentally controlled communities Flexible manufacturing facilities 21 Play the Big Builder Game. Working individually or in small groups, plan and construct a 22 scale model of: House 1) 23 Commercial building 2) 3) Dam 24 4) Highway 5) Bridge 25

JOB NO PAGE NL ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 13 MODULE: Development of Production Systems The scale models should be built using the following instructional 2 format: Presentation on how to construct models 3 Discussion of construction techniques 2) 3) Assisting student planning for scale model 4 Assisting student construction of scale model The scale models should be planned and constructed to be part of 5 p. a planned city. The city is to fit on a 4' x 8' piece of plywood. Techniques used for railroad model building should be incorpor-6 ated into this activity. Use "Community Development" activity found in the IACP World of 7 q. Construction publications. Working individually or in small groups, plan and construct a 8 r. larger scale example of home construction such as: 1) Tool shed 9 2) Greenhouse Playhouse 10 The larger scale examples of home construction should be built s. using the following instructional format: 11 Discussion of construction techniques. 1) Demonstration of how to perform necessary construction 2) 12 techniques. 3) Demonstrate material handling. 13 4) Provide additional information as needed. Organize the activity and assign student role responsibilities 14 The larger scale examples of home construction could be planned and constructed as part of a nature trail or recreation area for 15 school district. u. Plan and construct, as part of nature trail or recreation area, 16 a foot bridge to span a gulley or small creek. Students will assist the instructor in preparing a collection of v. 17 pictures depicting Construction Production Systems equipment. The pictures will be displayed in classroom with a short de-18 scription of each. Students will assist instructor in preparing a collection of 19 examples (models and toys) of Construction Production Systems equipment. These examples will be displayed in classroom as 20 part of a diorama of a construction site. Prepare a flow chart illustrating the steps necessary to 21 construct a: 1) Home 22 2) Commercial building 3) Dam 23 4) Highway 5) Bridge 24 If time permits, students might be asked to complete a research у. report on one or more of the following topics. 25

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ONS .	<u> </u>		6 LINES INC
1	MODULE:	Development of Production Systems	14
2		1) Financing of construction production activities	s
-		2) New Construction Production Systems	_
3		3) New Construction Production techniques	
ł		4) New Construction Production equipment	
4	z.	Add items to Time Line started in Module 1.	
5	4. Mar	ufacturing Production Systems	
	a.	Using models, readings and films, introduce students	•
6		ferent types of Manufacturing Production Systems, de evolution of Manufacturing Production Systems, and	
7		impact of Manufacturing Production Systems on the H	
- 1	b.	Student will prepare a listing of the different type	
8	-	facturing Production Systems and cite examples of ea	
		with the listing the students will prepare a noteboo	ok collection
9		of pictures illustrating the examples and prepare a	short de-
- 1		scription of each.	
10	c.	It is recommended that the instructor make a decision to have all students	on at this
	•	point to have all students:1) Complete the study of all types of Manufacturia	na Production
11		Systems, or	ng rroadorion
12		2) Complete the study of a specific Manufacturing	Production
		System, or	
13		3) Divide into groups, each group being assigned	a specific
		Manufacturing Production System.	_
14	đ.	Students, working in groups, will complete an instructional activity sheet pertaining to the evolu-	
15		specific Manufacturing Production System:	
		1) Research of topic using selected references.	
16		2) Visit to museum or historical site that contain	ns some aspect
		of the topic.	
17		3) Visit to manufacturing plants.	
		4) View films.	•
18		5) Complete activity sheet.6) Discuss completed activity sheet with class.	
اء	e.	Students, working in groups, will complete an instru	uctor prepared
19		instructional activity sheet pertaining to the impact	;
20		Human Race of a specific Manufacturing Production S	1
-5		 Research of topic using selected references. 	
21		2) Visit to museum or historical site that contain	ns some aspect
		of the topic.	
22		3) Visit to manufacturing plants.	·
		4) Interview manufacturing workers.5) Interview managers of manufacturing plants.	
23		6) Read publications pertaining to Manufacturing	Production
24	-	Systems obtained from U.S. Department of Comme	
24	•	Department of Labor.	
25		7) Read publications pertaining to Manufacturing	Production
		Systems obtained from NYS Department of Commercial	ce and NYS
26		Department of Labor.	

PAGE NO JOB NO. ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH TRUCTIONS NOTES) PHASE - Development ELEMENT - History of Technology 2 3 MODULE NO. 6 Development of Communication and Information Systems TOPICS: Introduction to Communication and Information Systems Early Means of Communication 6 Present Means of Communication 7 PREREQUISITES: History of Technology Module 1 - Development of Technology 8 Module 2 - Development of Resources Module 3 - Systems 9 10 11 12 13 14 prepared by 15 Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego 16 Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 DATE: December 1984

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INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

MODULE: Development of Communication and Information Systems

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OVERVIEW OF MODULE

Goals:

The student will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the historical development of Communication and Information Systems.

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Description:

Students will be introduced to the historical development of Communication and Information Systems. They will have the opportunity to construct devices, prepare collections, and perform activities to increase their awareness of the relationship of the development of Communication and Information Systems to the technological advancement of the Human Race.

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Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed:

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The student will be able to:

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- 1. identify types of Communication and Information Systems.
- 2. describe the historical development of Communication and Information Systems.
- 3. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Communication and Information Systems with technological advance ment.
- 4. discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Communication and Information Systems with the advancement of the Human Race.
- 5. construct full size and scale models of Communication and Information Systems.

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CONTENT OUTLINE

18

6.1 Introduction to Communication and Information Systems

19

6.1.1 Definition of Communication and Information Systems 6.1.2 Types of Communication and Information Systems

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6.1.2.1 Early means of communication

6.1.2.1.1 verbal and visual signal 6.1.2.1.2 writing and the alphabet

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6.1.2.1.2 writing and the alphabet 6.1.2.1.3 printing

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6.1.2.2 Present day means of communication

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6.1.2.2.1 printed word 6.1.2.2.2 photography

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6.1.2.2.3 electronic communication

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6.1.2.2.4 computer based information processing

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 2 Development of Communication and Information Systems MODULE: Early Means of Communication 2 6.2.1 Verbal and visual signal communication 6.2.1.1 Sounds/gestures signals 3 6.2.1.2 Oral language 6.2.1.3 Maps and charts 4 6.2.2 Writing and the alphabet 6.2.2.1 Writing 5 6.2.2.1.1 clay tablets 6.2.2.1.2 papyrus 6 6.2.2.1.3 animal hide 6.2.2.1.4 paper 7 6.2.2.2 Alphabet 6.2.2.2.1 Egyptian 8 6.2.2.2. Phoenician 6.2.2.2.3 Roman 9 6.2.2.2.4 Present language 6.2.2.3 Products 10 6.2.2.3.1 scrolls 6.2.2.3.2 letters 11 6.2.3 Printing 6.2.3.1 Moveable type 12 6.2.3.2 Printing presses 6.2.3.3 Printed books 13 6.3 Present Day Means of Communication 14 6.3.1 Printed word 6.3.1.1 Printed word 15 6.3.1.1.1 relief printing 6.3.1.1.2 offset printing 16 6.3.1.1.3 screen printing 6.3.1.2 Process 17 6.3.1.2.1 relief printing 6.3.1.2.2 offset printing 18 6.3.1.2.3 screen printing 6.3.2 Photography 19 6.3.2.1 Development 6.3.2.1.1 black and white still 20 6.3.2.1.2 color still 6.3.2.1.3 black and white motion pictures 21 6.3.2.1.4 color motion pictures 6.3.2.1.5 micro 22 6.3.2.1.5.1 microfilm 6.3.2.1.5.2 microfiche 23 6.3.2.1.5.3 others 24 25

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	ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER	UNDER THIS ARR	ow		6 LINES IN
INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)	r 				
1	MODULE: Developmen	t of Communi	ication and Ir	nformation Systems	3
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2	6.3.2.2				
			black and wh	ite still	
3			color still		
				nite motion pictures	
4			color motion	pictures	
l		6.3.2.2.5			
5			6.3.2.2.5.1		,
į			6.3.2.2.5.2		Í
6	6 3 3 71 anti-		6.3.2.2.5.3	others	
	6.3.3 Electron				
7	6.3.3.1	Developmen			
			telegraph		
8			telephone		
		6.3.3.1.3			
9			television		
			alarm system		
10			satellite co	mmunication	
	6.3.3.2	Process			
11			telegraph		
			telephone		
12		6.3.3.2.3			
1			television		'
13			alarm system		ĺ
			satellite co		
14	6.3.4 Computer	-pased Info	rmation Proce	ssing	
	6.3.4.1	Developmen			
15		6.3.4.1.1	industrial		
l		6.3.4.1.3			
16	6342	Applicatio			
	0.5.4.2	6.3.4.2.1			
17		0.3.4.2.1		electronic banking	
1				product pricing (UPC)	
18			6.3.4.2.1.3	others	
ł		63422	industrial	Others	
19		~~~~~~~		inventory control	
1			6.3.4.2.2.1	production management	
20			6.3.4.2.2.3		
1		6.3.4.2.3			
21			6.3.4.2.3.1	hudget	
ŀ	•		6.3.4.2.3.2	computations	
22			6.3.4.2.3.3		
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INSTRUCTIONS NOTES J

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MODULE: Development of Communication and Information Systems

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PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES

- 1. The student will be able to develop an understanding of the term Communication and Information Systems. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Defining the term Communication and Information Systems.
 - b. Identifying and describing the major types of Communication and Information Systems used for:
 - 1) early means of communication
 - 2) present day means of communication
- 2. The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development of early Communication and Information Systems. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Identifying and describing early Communication and Information Systems:
 - 1) verbal and visual signal
 - 2) writing
 - 3) printing
 - b. Describing the impact on society of early means of communication.
 - c. Developing a communication and information systems. For example:
 - 1) devise simple alphabet
 - 2) draw a map of the community
 - 3) draw a map of school property
 - draw a map of school building explaining how to get from one place to another place
 - d. Recreating early methods of writing. For example: preparing a clay tablet, writing on it and firing in kiln.
 - e. Using paper made in class to print an example of a memorandum pad.
 - f. Preparing a collection of pictures of early Communication and Information System devices.
 - g. Preparing a collection of models of early Communication and Information System devices.
- 3. The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development of present day Communication and Information Systems. This will be accomplished by:
 - a. Identifying and describing present day Communication and Information Systems.
 - 1) printed word
 - 2) photography
 - 3) electronic communication
 - 4) computer-based information processing
 - b. Describing the impact on society of present day means of communication.
 - c. Describing the development of the printed word as a means of communication.
 - d. Describing present day methods of printing.

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Development of Communication and Information Systems 5 2 Printing a message using: e. 1) relief printing 3 2) offset printing screen printing Comparing present day printing techniques with earlier methods 4 f. of printing. 5 Preparing a collection of examples of items printed using earlier q. printing techniques. Describing the development of photography as a means of h. 6 communication. Identifying and describing earlier photography techniques. 7 i. Identifying and describing present day photography techniques. j. k. Planning, taking and processing a black and white still. 8 Planning and taking black and white motion pictures. 1. Planning and taking a color still. 9 m. Planning and taking a color motion picture. n. Preparing a collection of examples of earlier photography 10 ο. techniques. Preparing a collection of examples of earlier photographic 11 p. devices. Describing the development of electronic communication. 12 q. Describing present day means of electronic communication r. Developing an electronic communication device: 13 1) telegraph 2) 14 telephone 3) radio 4) alarm system 15 Comparing a present day electronic communication device with its t. earlier version. For example: crystal radio with transistor 16 radio. u. Describing the development of electronic communication devices. 17 For example: crystal radio to vacuum tube radio to transistor 18 Preparing a collection of examples of earlier communication v. devices. 19 Describing the development of computer-based information processing. 20 Describing present day applications of computer-based information x. processing: 21 business applications 1) 2) industrial applications 22 3) personal applications 23 24 25

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INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

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MODULE: Development of Communication and Information Systems

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- Developing and using simple computer program for classroom microcomputer. For example:
 - 1) home energy audit
 - budget 2)
 - 3) inventory control
 - 4) recreation
 - 5) simulation game
 - 6) cost of operating family automobile
 - computing cost of laboratory supplies 7)
 - measurement and calculation
- Comparing method of using computer program with how it would have z. been done fifty years ago.
- Developing new application for modern communication and inforaa. mation processing system.

SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how the students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the items identified as performance objectives/supporting competencies.

- Instructor will present a lesson defining the term "Communication ı. a. and Information Systems" and describing the major types of Communication and Information Systems.
 - Students will prepare definition of the term "Communication and b. Information Systems" as it will be used in class.
 - Students will individually write a definition of the term "Communication System".
 - 2) Students will individually write a definition of the term "Information Systems".
 - Students will compare their definitions with those presented by instructor.
 - c. Students will prepare a listing of types of Communication and Information Systems.
 - Divide class into two groups. 1)
 - 2) One group will identify early means of communication and develop a listing.
 - 3) The other group will identify present day means of communication.
 - After a certain time period, established by instructor, the 4) two groups will rejoin for a class discussion where they will refine the two listings.
- Using models, readings and films, introduce students to early Communication and Information Systems, and describe the impact the development of these systems had on the Human Race.

INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES)

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ES , 1	MODULE:	Development of Communication and Information Systems 7
2	b.	During instructor's lesson students will prepare a listing of the types of early Communication and Information Systems and will pre-
3		pare a short description of the impact of each type on the advancement of the Human Race.
4	c.	It is recommended that the instructor make a decision at this point to have all students:
5		 Complete the study of all types of early Communication and Information Systems, or
6		2) Divide into three groups, each group being assigned a different type of early Communication and Information System.
7	đ.	Students will perform activities where they will identify, de- scribe, and produce examples of verbal and visual signal communi-
8		cation. 1) Have students use pantomime or charades to inform the class
9		about an upcoming school or class event. 2) Class discussion about the evolution of verbal and visual
10		signals communication. Include in discussion use of body language, use of fires, drums and flags.
11		3) To demonstrate the problems of transmitting a message using spoken word or by having message hand copied each time it
12		passes to a new person have the students play "telephone". A written and a verbal message is passed from student to
13		student until all members of the group have received the message. The verbal message delivered to the last student
14		is compared with the original message. The written message, which must be rewritten each time, is also compared in the
15	e.	same manner as the spoken message. Students will perform activities where they will identify, de-
16	-	scribe, and produce examples of writing communication. 1) Read instructional sheet on the types of alphabets.
17		 Using instructional sheet containing a simple cryptogram, decode message.
18		Working in small groups devise an alphabet to be used to pass on a simple message to the rest of the class.
19		4) Working in small groups prepare maps of school building, school property and local community that may be used to tell
20		a new comer to the area how to get from one place to another place.
21	•	5) Use an early method to convey a written message to others. For example: clay tablet, hide, cloth.
22		6) Produce paper using process that may have been used in earlier times.
23	f.	Students will perform activities where they will identify, de- scribe, and produce examples of printing communication.
24		1) Discuss the impact that the development of a printing tech- nology had on the advancement of the Human Race.
25		2) Write a 1 or 2 page report on the history of communication using printing technology.
26		Design and produce a block cut (soap, linoleum, eraser, wood)
		which will be printed on the paper produced by the class.

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) Development of Communication and Information Systems MODULE: 4) Students will construct, as a class project, a model of 2 Gutenberg Printing Press (available from Dun-Donnelley Publishing Corporation). 3 Students will visit museum or historical site that includes in its g. collection some aspect of early Communication and Information 4 Students will prepare a listing of early Communication and Inforh. 5 mation Systems devices and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pic-6 tures illustrating examples of early Communication and Information Systems devices and prepare a short description of each. 7 Students will assist instructor in preparing a collection of i. models and examples of early Communication and Information 8 Systems devices and display in class or hall display case. Add information to Time Line started in Module 1. j. 9 Using models, readings and films, introduce students to present 3. a. 10 day Communication and Information Systems, and describe the impact the development of these systems had on the Human Race. 11 During instructor's lesson students will prepare a listing of b. the types of present day Communication and Information Systems 12 and will prepare a short description of the impact of each type on the advancement of the Human Race. 13 It is recommended that the instructor make a decision at this C. point to have all students: 14 Complete the study of all types of present day Communication and Information Systems, or 15 Divide into four groups, each group being assigned a differ-2) ent type of present day Communication and Information 16 System. d. Students will perform activities where they will identify, de-17 scribe, and produce examples of printed word communication. Prepare a listing of at least seven means of communication 1) 18 that incorporate the use of the printed word. For example: books, magazines, etc. Discuss this listing in class. 19 2) Using selected references, identify and describe five present day methods of printing. 20 Compare the five present day methods of printing with 5 3) earlier methods of printing. 21 4) Within a set time limit, collect for display on class bulletin board and for discussion by class at least 5 examples of 22 printed materials representative of both old and modern printing techniques. 23 24 25 26

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INSTRUCTIONS	· \			
1	MODULE:	Deve.	opment of Communication and Information Systems	9
2		5)	Trace the evolution of printing processes by:	1
2		-,	a) working in pairs to produce for each of the p	articipants
3			his/her name and address, using foundry type	- 1
3			of it on the proof press.	
4			b) taking their individual good quality proofs of	f their
7)			names and addresses and photograph to produce	
5			graphic negative.	
-			c) producing a paper plate to reproduce their na	me and
6			address on to 50 sheets of stationary. (A sp	irit dupli-
~			cator may be used if an offset press is not a	vailable.)
7			d) developing an idea, sketch a mechanical layou	t from which
1			a hand cut silk screen stencil is produced.	
8			good copies for evaluation. (A photo process	silk screen
- 1			may be used in place of hand cut stencils.)	
9	e.		lents will perform activities where they will ident	
İ			be, and produce examples of photography communicat	•
10]		1)	Discuss as part of instructor's presentation the	generobment
.]	•	21	of photography as a means of communication.	
11		2)	View film and/or slide presentation on the develophotography.	pment or
		3)	Write a 1-2 page research paper on the evolution	of photo-
12		رد	graphic technology.	or buoco-
4.3		4)	Compare photography techniques used different tim	e periods
13		5)	Visit an industry involved with photographic tech	_ ,
14		•	either as a producer of photographic equipment an	
74			and as a user of photographic technology such as	
15			magazine publisher.	· .
		6)	Trace the development of photographic processes b	y:
16			a) using a Tri-Camera Obscura.	İ
~~			b) taking a black and white photograph with a pi	n hole
17			camera and printing picture.	
			c) using an instamatic camera and following prop	
18			step procedure to take, develop and print a b white picture.	lack and
			man paramet	
19			d) taking a color photograph with an instamatic with a 35mm SLR camera. If facilities are av	
	l		develop and print picture. Otherwise send ou	1
20			commercial developer.	
	{ .	7)	Use movie camera to convey message by:	. 1
21	!	- •	a) writing a motion picture script, preparing sc	enery and
20			characters, rehearsing the scenario.	
22			b) filming the short story using black and white	and color
23	}		film.	
~~			c) review all of the movies and critique as to h	ow well each
24	. [conveyed its message.	(
			d) discuss how the filming could have been done	
25	-		tape or cassette. If possible, produce the b	est short
. —			study using video processes.	grangement in marine was
26				Same of the same o
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INSTRUCTIONS	ALIGN	FIRST CI	HARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW	6 LINES INCH
(NOTES)	MODULE:	Devel	opment of Communication and Information Systems	10
_				
2	f.		lents will perform activities where they will identify	
_			be, and produce examples of electronic communication	
3		1)	Discuss as part of instructor's presentation the devof electronic communications.	veropment
		2)	View film and/or slide presentation on the development	ont of
4	:	-	electronic communications.	
5		3)	Write a 1-2 page research paper on the evolution of communications.	electronic
6		4)	Compare electronic communication devices from differentime periods.	rent
7		5)	Visit a producer of electronic communication equipme	ent.
•		6)	Trace the development of electronic communication de	
8		·	For example, trace the development of the radio beg	1
J			with a crystal radio.	
9		7)	Bring in for display and discussion examples of old	and new
			communication devices.	
10	g.	Stud	lents will perform activities where they will identify	y, de-
i			be, and produce examples of computer-based information	on pro-
11			ing communication.	-
		1)	Discuss as part of instructor's presentation the dev	velopment
12			of computer-based information processing.	
		2)	View film and/or slide presentation on the developme	ent of
` 13			computer-based information processing.	
		3)	Write a 1-2 page research paper on the evolution of	computer-
14		4)	based information processing. Visit a local industry that uses computers to control	1 550-
15		4/	duction methods or view a film dealing with the sub-	
اط		5)	Visit a local business that uses computer-based info	
16		-,	processing.	
10		6)	Visit a supermarket that uses UPC product pricing an	nd have
17			class discussion on how this process has speeded up	1
			and product purchasing. This activity could also be	e done by
18			viewing film or by having a guest speaker.	į
		7)	Participate in a discussion on the future application	
19			computers in the work place, in the home and for re-	creational
1			purposes.	ļ
20		8)	Develop a simple program for a microcomputer by:	
			a) dividing into groups, each group taking a specif	•
21			category assigned by instructor and listing persapplications of computer processing. For example	
			computations, recreation.	re: budget,
22			b) participating in a class discussion which summar	rizes the
22			results of each group's work.	
23			c) developing a simple program for a microcomputer	involving
24	•		the category their group researched.	
24		9)	Divide into two groups. Group 1 will research and	discuss.
25		-,	"How the Use of Computers has Affected Society's Pro	
, 2		•	Information". The second group will research and d	- (
26			"Historical Methods of Processing Information Withou	ut go posses
20]	A MAN TO A LABOR OF		Computers".	and the second of the
İ				1

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) Development of Communication and Information Systems 11 MODULE: Students will visit museum or historical site that includes in h. 2 its collection some aspect of present day Communication and Information Systems. 3 i. Students will prepare a listing of present day Communication and Information Systems devices and cite examples of each. Along with the listing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating examples of present day Communication and Information Systems devices and prepare a short description of each. 6 Students will assist instructor in preparing a collection of j. models and examples of present day Communication and Information Systems devices and display in class or hall display case. 8 10 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

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INSTRUCTIONS	ALIGN FIRST CH	ARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW		6 LINES INC
(NOTES)	PHASE - Develop	pment	ELEMENT - History	of Technology
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4	_			
5	MODULE NO. 7	Development of Energ	gy Production Systems	
	TOPICS:	Introduction to Energy Means of Energy	rgy Production Systems gy Production	·
6		Present Means of En	ergy Production	
7	PREREQUISITES:	History of Technolog	gy Module 3 Systems	
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. 14		prepar	ed by	
15	Mr. Marti	-	nsville Academy and Centr	al School
16		Dr. Vincent C. D'A	mbrosio, SUNY at Oswego , Spencerport BOCES	
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26	TOTAL TEACHING	TIME - 0-12 Weeks	DATE: De	CERDEL TASK WAS PROPERTY

JOB NO. PAGE NO. ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) Development of Energy Production Systems MODULE: OVERVIEW OF MODULE 2 Goal: The students will be able to develop and demonstrate an understanding of the historical development of Energy Production Systems. Description: Students will be introduced to the historical development of Energy Production Systems. They will have the opportunity to construct devices, prepare collections, and perform activities to increase their awareness of the relationship of the development of Energy Production Systems to the technological advancement of the Human Race. Skills, knowledge, behaviors to be developed: 10 The student will be able to: 11 1. identify types of Energy Production Systems. describe the historical development of Energy Production Systems. 2. 12 discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Energy Production Systems with technological advancement. 13 discuss and demonstrate the relationship of the development of Energy Production Systems with the advancement of the Human Race. 14 construct full size and scale models of Energy Production System 5. devices. 15 CONTENT OUTLINE 16 7.1 Introduction to Energy Production Systems 17 7.1.1 Definition of energy 7.1.2. Definition of Energy roduction Systems 18 7.2 Early Means of Energy Production 19 7.2.1 Development 7.2.2 Types 20 7.2.2.1 Human 7.2.2.2 Animal 21 7.2.2.3 Water 7.2.2.4 Wind 22 7.2.2.5 Steam Electricity 7.2.2.6 23

7.3 Present Means of Energy Production

7.2.2.8 Chemical

Solar

7.3.1 Development

7.2.2.7

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ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 2 MODULE: Development of Energy Production Systems 7.3.2 Types 2 7.3.2.1 Electricity 7.3.2.1.1 Water 3 7.3.2.1.2 Coal 7.3.2.1.3 Solar 4 7.3.2.1.4 Nuclear 7.3.2.1.5 Geothermal 5 7.3.2.2 Nuclear 7.3.2.3 Steam 6 7.3.2.4 Biomass 7 7.3.2.5 Wind 7.3.2.6 Solar 7.3.2.6.1 Passive 8 7.3.2.6.2 Reactive 7.3.2.6.3 Space Stations 9 7.3.2.7 Geothermal 7.3.2.8 Oil 10 7.3.2.9 Gasoline 7.3.2.10 Water 11 7.3.2.10.1 Tidal movement 7.3.2.10.2 River flow 12 7.3.2.11 Chemical 13 PERFORMANCE OBJECTIVES/SUPPORTING COMPETENCIES 14 The student will be able to develop an understanding of the term Energy Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: 15 Defining the term energy a. Defining Energy Production Systems b. 16 The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development 17 of early Energy Production Systems. This will be accomplished by: Listing and describing types of early Energy Production methods. 18 Describing the impact on society of the early means of Energy b. Production. 19 Creating an Energy Production System using early methodology: c. 1) windmill 20 2) waterwheel 3) 21 Aristotle's steam engine Preparing a collection of pictures of early Energy Production đ. 22 System devices. Preparing a collection of models of early Energy Production 23 System devices. 24 25

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MODULE: Development of Energy Production Systems

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3. The student will be able to describe and demonstrate the development of present day Energy Production Systems. This will be accomplished by:

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- a. Listing and describing types of present day Energy Production methods.
 - 1) Electricity
 - 2) Nuclear
 - 3) Steam
 - 4) Biomass
 - 5) Wind
 - 6) Solar
 - 7) Geothermal
 - 8) Oil
 - 9) Gasoline
 - 10) Water
 - 11) Chemical
- b. Describing the impact on society of present means of Energy Production.
- c. Constructing an apparatus which will use energy to complete a task. For example:
 - 1) Lamp with a dimmer switch
 - 2) A calculator
 - 3) Solar heating device
 - 4) Solar cooking device
 - 5) Solar dehydrator
- d. Preparing a collection of pictures of present Energy Production System devices.
- e. Preparing a collection of models of present Energy Production System devices.
- f. Describing future projections and advancements of Energy Production.

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SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

This listing of instructional strategies includes ideas as to how the students may achieve the module's performance objectives. They are numbered according to their relationship with the items identified as performance objectives/supporting competencies.

- 21 1. a. Instructor will present a lesson defining the terms "Energy" and "Energy Production Systems".
 - b. Instructor will describe different types of Energy Production Systems and the production of energy.
 - c. Students will participate in the discussion of terms "Energy" and "Energy Production Systems" and demonstrate their understanding of the terms as they are used in this module.
 - d. Students will list ways that energy is produced in New York State.

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s, 1	MODULE:	Development of Energy Production Systems 4
	e.	Instructor will identify devices that use electricity and student
2		will make list of everything in home that uses electricity or
		energy.
3	f.	Discuss New York State Power Authority and TVA and their impact
اہ		on their regional areas.
4	g.	Discuss energy transmission using Grid System.
5	h.	Have students list ways energy is produced in New York State
7		citing at least one location for each method identified.
6	i.	Using map of the world, map of the United States, and map of
ျ		New York State, have students plot locations of energy producing
7		areas and locations of major energy producing sites.
' '	j.	Have students describe verbally or by using a map how New York
8		City obtains its electricity from sources in New York State and
Ĭ		outside of New York State.
9	k.	Have students identify the major electricity companies in New
1		York State and describe the evolution of one of these companies.
10	2. a.	Haine models woodings and films the instructor will introduce
- 1	2. a.	Using models, readings and films the instructor will introduce students to the types of early energy production methods and
11		describe the impact the development of these methods had on
ł		society.
12	b.	Students will visit museums and historic sites, view films, and
]	_,	read reference material to obtain ideas for constructing an early
13		Energy Production System.
اء	c.	Students will prepare a listing of early means of energy pro-
14		duction and will cite examples of each. Along with the listing
4=		the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures
15		illustrating the examples and preparing a short description of
16	_	each example.
10	d.	Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on the
17		evolution of early Energy Production methods.
	e.	Describe the impact of Aristotle's contribution to energy pro-
18		duction and its relationship to the advancement of the Human
	f.	Race.
19	Ι.	Construct a tool that uses man-power for its energy sources. For example:
		1) fret saw
20		2) wood lathe
- 1		3) a lifting device
21	g.	Students will aid the instructor in preparing a collection of
- 1	•	models of early Energy Production System devices. These devices
22		will be made from kits obtained from educational supply houses
		or hobby shops or by using plans obtained from reference books
23		and/or magazines.
2	. h.	Add information to Time Line started in Module 1.
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IONS	1	6 LINES INC
s) 1	MODULE:	Development of Energy Production Systems 5
2	3. a.	Using models, readings and films the instructor will introduce students to types of present day Energy Production methods and describe the impact the development of these methods had on
3 4	b.	society. Students will be assigned an activity to construct an apparatus
	c.	that uses energy to complete a task. Students will write a short report describing how they may use
5 6		one of the present day Energy Production methods to supply energy to their device. They will also discuss how the function
7	đ.	of the apparatus may have been performed in the past. Students will prepare a listing of present day means of energy production and will cite examples of each. Along with the list-
8		ing the students will prepare a notebook collection of pictures illustrating the examples and preparing a short description of
9	e.	each example. Visitation to a museum or historical site for information on the
10	f.	evolution of present day Energy Production methods. Visitation to one or more of the following electricity generating
11		plants and discussing in class how the plant operates: 1) Hydroelectric
12		Steam generation (non-nuclear)Nuclear power
13	g.	Students will compare the operation of a factory using water power to run machinery with the operation of a factory using
14	h.	electricity to run machinery. Students will locate sites of water operated grist mills and saw mills in their local area.
15	i.	Students will construct a device to use solar power to cook food, dehydrate food, or make tea.
16	j.	Students will construct a device that uses solar power for non-cooking purposes.
17	k.	Students will construct a simple steam engine and use it to propel a Transportation System's device. (See Module 4.)
18	1.	Identify and describe the use of present day Energy Production methods in Third World Countries.
19	m.	Identify where and describe the types of Early Production methods that are still being used in the world today and discuss why.
20	n.	Students will visit farm using methane collector.
21	• 0.	Students will aid the instructor in preparing a collection of models of present day Energy Production System devices. These devices will be made from kits obtained from educational supply
22		houses or hobby shops or by using plans obtained from reference books and/or magazines.
23	p.	Add information to Time Line started in Module 1.
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LIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) 6 MODULE: Development of Energy Production Systems Instructor may ask students to bring in news items from newspapers 2 and magazines and to predict future developments and place these on the Time Line. (See Module 8.) 3 Prepare a research report on the future of one of the following Energy Production methods and list possible applications: solar energy 2) geothermal energy 5 3) nuclear energy 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

6 LINES INCH ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) PHASE - Development ELEMENT - History of Technology 2 3 MODULE NO. 8 Impact of the Development of Technology on the Human Race 5 TOPICS: Devices and products which had or will have significance in triggering change. 6 Political, economic and social occurrences which had 7 major significance in triggering technological change and vice-versa. 8 Effect of technological advancement on changes in family structure. 9 Effect of technological advancement on existing jobs. 10 Effect of technological advancement on the creation of new and different jobs. 11 Effect of shift from nomadic to agricultural to pre-12 industrial to industrial to post-industrial to information/service/high technology society. 13 Leisure time/life style implications of technological advancements. 14 Political, economic and social occurrences which have or 15 may have a major significance in restraining technological advancements. 16 PREREQUISITES: History of Technology Modules 1 to 7 17 18 prepared by 19 Mr. Martin D. Collins, Baldwinsville Academy and Central School Dr. Vincent C. D'Ambrosio, SUNY at Oswego 20 Mr. Chet Ferry, Spencerport BOCES 21 22 23 24 25 2 Weeks DATE: December 1984

ALIGN FIRST CHARACTER UNDER THIS ARROW 6 LINES INCH INSTRUCTIONS (NOTES) MODULE: Impact of the Development of Technology 3 on the Human Race 2 Designing a product utilizing industrial by-products or scrap j. materials. For example: 3 1) product from wood scraps product from aluminum scraps product from polymer scraps product from quarry scraps 5 product from manufacturing by-products Designing a leisure time activity center which will meet the k. 6 needs of a small community. For example: 1) playground 7 water front recreational center 2) 3) park 8 4) environmental/nature center 5) olympic year-round multi-sport center 9 multi-sport center (baseball, football, soccer, lacross, tennis, swimming, hand-ball, basketball, track, hockey, 10 fencing, horseback riding, skating) Designing a recycling center to utilize scrap materials generated 11 from within the school district. 12 SUGGESTED INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES 13 The strategies identified for this module have been developed so that the students may synthesize, analyze and apply concept presented in Modules 1 through 7 along with the concepts presented i. this module to solve problems affecting the Human Race based on their understanding of 15 the historical development of technology. 16 It is recommended that this module be taught using the interdisciplinary approach. 17 The instructor will begin the module by incorporating the following 18 in presentations to bring together the concepts introduced and studied in Modules 1 to 7: 19 Devices and products which had or will have significance in triggering change. 20 Political, economic and social occurrences which had major Ŀ. significance in triggering change and vice-versa. 21 Effect of technological advancement on change in family structure. c. đ. Effect of technological advancement on exiting jobs. 22 Effect of technological advancement on the reation of new and different jobs. 23 Effect of shift, over the years, from a nomadic society to an information/service/high technology society. 24 Implications of technological advancements on leisure time and life style. 25 Political, economic and social occurrences which had or may have a major significance in restraining technological advancements.

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4 MODULE: Impact of the Development of Technology on the Human Race 2a. Students will participate in one or more of the following activities to help them demonstrate their understanding of the concepts presented in Modules 1 through 7 and the information presented by the instructor for this module: Designing an environment which will provide favorable technological conditions for future generations. Designing a product utilizing industrial by-products or scrap materials. Designing a leisure time activity center which will meet the needs of a small community. Designing a recycling center to utilize scrap materials generated 4) from within the school district. The instructor will design each problem so that the students' solution to the problem(s) will incorporate: Devices and concepts pertaining to: Transportation Systems Production Systems b) c) Communication and Information Systems d) Energy Production Systems 2) Reaction to: a) social, political and economic issues employment/unemployment concerns b) c) family structure concerns d) leisure time activities life style considerations e) protection of the environment f)

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- home, and to recreational facilities
 - Instructor must decide if students:
 will be divided into four groups, with each group developing a solution to a different design problem and dividing the tasks among the members of the group, or
 - 2) individually, will develop a solution for all four design problems, or

accessibility for the handicapped to the work place, to the

- 3) as a class, will develop a solution for only one design problem and divide the tasks among the members of the class.
- d. Students will perform research for solution to problem by:
 - 1) reading selected library references
 - 2) viewing selected films
 - 3) viewing selected video presentations
 - 4) hearing quest speaker presentations
 - 5) visiting local industries related to the design problem
 - 6) visiting local recreational facilities
- 7) visiting museums, historic sites, etc. for historical information

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Impact of the Development of Technology MODULE: on the Human Race

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- Students should prepare a short presentation on how their solution to the problem(s) would apply to a Third World Country.
- Add material to Time Line started in Module 1 and identify future projections and place on Time Line. Time Line material should be saved, if appropriate, for review by future classes.
- Instructor may decide not to use the design problems and may want to place instructional efforts on the development of activities related to the topics listed under number 1. For example:
 - Devices and products which had or will have significance in triggering change.
 - visitation to museum or historical site to identify and observe devices and occurrences related to technological and social developments.
 - select an item such as a printed circuit board or an "IC" unit and discuss its evolution and effect on society.
 - Political, economic and social occurrences which had major b. significance in triggering change and vice-versa.
 - Read government documents containing population statistics and socio-economic factors statistics. Discuss the affect technology may have had on these statistics.
 - Write an essay on the causes of the great Depression. 2)
 - Read and discuss about the differences between recession, depression, inflation and their relationship to technological advancement.
 - Effect of technological advancement on existing jobs. c.
 - Review New York State Labor Department and the United States Labor Department publications for information concerning employment figures, employment trends, and wages.
 - Have personnel manager from a local industry speak to the class concerning need for specific type of workers.
 - Have a local labor union leader speak to the class. 3)
 - Have guidance counselor speak to class on worker qualifications.
 - Effect of technological advancement on the creation of new and d. different jobs.
 - Review New York State Labor Department and the United States Labor Department publications for statistics relating to this topic.
 - 2) Have personnel manager from a local industry speak to class about this topic.
 - Have a local labor union leader speak to the class. 3)
 - Have guidance counselor speak to the class.

Teaching the Heritage of Technology: Past, Present, and Future

Donald Maley

The heritage of technology is its dominance in the history of human existence. It has taken the human from a position of complete dependency on the environment to the present, where humankind has demonstrated a capability for transforming the environment to meet its needs. Technology has been the instrument of change and progress as well as disruption and destruction. Created out of the genius of humankind, the evolving technology has become a dominant factor in practically all areas of existence. The arts of music, medicine, communication, construction, production, distribution, transportation, and commerce are tangible evidence or expressions of the human's ability to devise, produce, and use technology.

The heritage of technology is, in a sense, the heritage of human ingenuity translated into works of an ever-increasing sophistication that reaches beyond the comprehension of most individuals. It was the extension of human capability through technology in its earliest form that started the long, evolving process that transformed humans from creatures of fragile existence in a hostile environment to the present form of civilization and environmental accommodation. The long trail of human transformation on this planet has evolved into a higher state of human condition as a result of the advancements in technology that became the instruments of change and challenge.

As Washburn (1962) put it, "It was the success of the simplest tools that started the whole trend of human evolution and led to the civilizations of today" (p. 13).

THE HERITAGE OF TECHNOLOGY

There is no simple answer to the question. What is the heritage of technology? It is the standard of living experienced by the peoples of this earth, whether by the primitive cultures of New Guinea, the cultures of the inner city, or the life of the Kansas farmer.

Technology exists in varying states of development in all societies. It is many times the difference between starvation and opulence, between walking and rid-

Donald Muley is professor and chairman, Department of Industrial, Technological, and Occupational Education, University of Maryland, College Park, This invited article is an edited excerpt of a longer manuscript



ing, between the scratch plow and the gang plows of the corn belt.

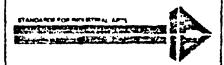
Spier (1968) defined technology as the means by which humans control or modify their natural environment (p. 131). Thus, one might generalize that the heritage of technology is the accumulated changes that the human has brought about in the natural and human-made environment.

The heritage of technology is not just a matter of looking at the history of the human race for its contributions and evolution. The use that contemporary humankind makes of the technology will certainly define the heritage of technology for those who will live in the 21st century. The same may be said about future generations and their use of technology for they, too, will leave a legacy of technological impacts. Thus, the study of the heritage of technology is, really, related to the heritage from the past, the heritage that the present technology will bestow on the next generation, and the technological heritage that future generations will bestow on those who follow.

The profound importance of the technological heritage phenomenon becomes more apparent upon examining how technology may be used to alter the environment, social institutions, and, perhaps, humanity itself. The control of technology is clearly in the hands of humankind. but control must be based on understanding. Thus, teaching of the heritage of technology-past, present, and futureis imperative if we are to understand how we got here, the nature of the impact of present-day technological decisions on tomorrow, and the relevance of tomorrow's technological decisions on the future of the human race. The key to human prosperity in a technological society is a disciplined responsibility tempered and guided by understanding.

WHY TEACH THE HERITAGE OF TECHNOLOGY?

To teach the heritage of technology is to teach the endowment of past genera-



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tions from the cave dweller to the astronauts of today. It is to teach that which humankind, in its higher mental processes, has been able to fashion and improve on from the beginning of time.

Following are some education-related reasons for teaching the heritage of technology:

- 1. It is the study of the principal change agent in most societies.
- 2. It is the study of how the present generation got to where it is today in all of its physical and material accommodations.
- 3. It may well be the study of that which will sustain life and contribute to human existence in a world that doubles its population every 37 years.
- 4. The future depends on the use of technology in the present. Thus, a technologically literate society may help guide the processes by which that future is shaped.
- 5. A democracy in an era so profoundly affected and influenced by technology depends on a citizenry informed about the nature and significance of technology as a prerequisite for effective decision making.
- 6. To be illiterate of the heritage of technology in the present and future societies is analogous to walking through a forest without recognizing or understand-

Use to Improve Job Skills

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ing any of the plants, trees, flora, or fauna—to say nothing about how one might use these items to sustain life and prosper.

- 7. It is, in many respects, the study of the means by which the human intellect gets translated into the materialism of books, music, art, engineering wonders, space walks, and television from the outer reaches of space.
- 8. The study of the heritage of technology can provide the basis on which a continuity to history may be established.
- 9. It has enormous importance to the maintenance and growth of civilized humankind on an earth with finite resources. The proper use of technology and its further development may actually be the thread by which the fabric of human existence can be held together.

WHAT TO STUDY

There are many things to study about the heritage of technology. One aspect, however, deserves our fullest attention. The most beneficial interests of society should be a central focus in such a deliberation. The heart of this issue is, What should the content of the heritage of technology be for all of the citizens in a free and democratic society? This point centers around the general education

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requirement for intelligent decision-making in a society governed by the democratic ideal.

Decision-making in the context of a democratic society, and as a function related to the general education component, is integrally tied to a variety of involvements with technology in the course of daily living in a free society so dependent on technology for its existence. Such involvements include

- the user role, involving the safe and effective use of materials, tools, machines, household items, and the means of recreation.
- the consumer role, as related to the purchasing and decision making related to homes, appliances, cars, entertainment media, furniture, boats, clothing, and food.
- the producer role, involving the tools, materials, and machinery of agriculture, manufacture, commerce, and service.
- the voter or decision-maker role, involving how to choose between alternatives in community development, energy forms, transportation modes, trash and waste disposal, housing, communications systems, resource development, production processes, and so on.

The options available to contemporary persons in the United States are more abundant and more far reaching than was the case of the earlier civilizations. This increase in options is a direct heritage of an advanced technology in a free society.

It is also important to recognize that beyond the general education study of technology, the engineer, technician, scientist, and historian will certainly deal in greater depth in areas of specialization related to their focus or interests. Some will deal with the principles, theories, and scientific dimensions: others will devote their energies to the production of products, structures, equipment, goods, and services.

The study of technology has taken on many different forms in the various educational institutions. Some studies have included (a) in-depth study of such technological areas as transportation, communications, machines, and tools; (b) taxinomical studies of technological areas; and (c) historical studies of technology.

The confinement of the study of technology to a narrow field or area with a considerable penetration may be a matter of individual choice. Yet, that which is purported to be of value to most individuals in the society must be more of a form of general technology that would enable the individual to deal with it in a non-threatening, literate mode of involvement.

The heritage of technology can be taught with respect to three periods in the continuum: past, present, and future.

1. Past heritage would deal with the present impact of technological developments from a previous period. This



would stress the evolution of technological developments in a variety of areas and their impact on the present.

2. The present heritage would deal with the impact of current, present-day technological developments and their implications on the future. This could be with respect to the quality of life, environment, energy sources, water availability, and other factors whose quality and quantity in the future may depend on present uses of technology.

The shaping of the future began yesterday—1, 2, 500, or thousands of years ago. It is an accomplished fact, one about which present-day society can do little. But, we can do something about current technology and how it is used. In this regard, present-day society can define to a degree the nature of the future in so many ways.

3. The future heritage of technology is not as clear as the past or present. But just as every generation of people has had its heritage, the societies of the future will also leave a legacy for future generations. The relevance of the heritage of technology in the future will be substantially increased and perhaps have greater impact due to the ever-increasing need for technology to provide the essential ingredients for human survival and human well-being.

STUDYING THE HERITAGE OF TECHNOLOGY—PAST

One system or process for studying the past heritage of technology is the anthropological unit approach to the study of technology. This approach for industrial arts deals with the study of the evolution of technology. It focuses on the development of background and understandings related to "how we got to where we are today."

The major unit topics are (a) the development of tools and machines and their contribution to the growth of civilization. (b) the development of power and energy and their contribution to the growth of civilization, and (c) the development of communications and transportation and their contribution to the growth of civilization.

The total class selects one of the above major unit topics for study and discussion. The class then identifies subtopics under the particular major unit topic selected. As an example, some subtopics of a unit on tools and machines would be the loom, lathe, ballista, Persian water wheel, drill, cannon, forge, and so on.

Each student would pursue a separate item with an investigation into its development and related history. The student builds a working or static model of his or her selected subtopic, and writes a report emphasizing historical, scientific, and social contributions of the subtopic.

Seminars are held to provide a commutication and unitying experience. Fach

student discusses and describes the early technological development he or she has studied along with its historical and scientific factors and social contributions. Students may also use pictures, illustrations, or components.

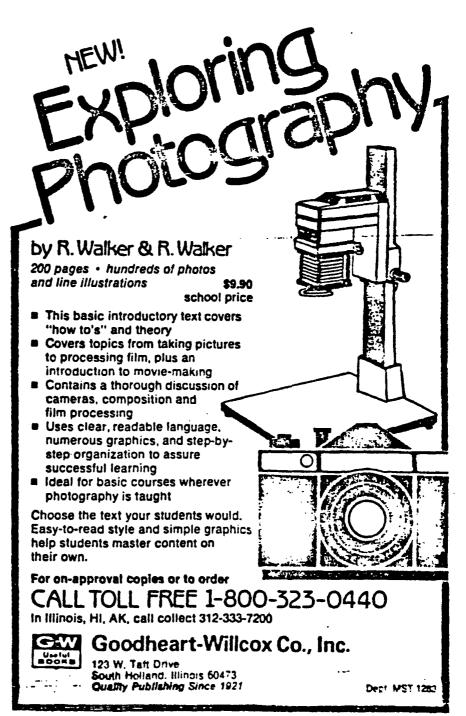
Or, if the class had chosen power and energy, the following early developments could be some subtopics: Newcomen steam engine, battery, sails, windmill, waterwheel, and combustion engine.

Technology studies related to communications and transportation can include such subtopics as semaphores, balloons, sailboats, typewriters, and printing. The anthropological unit is a popular, exciting experience that is involved in a comprehensive design for learning. Major topics are Tools and Machines, Power and Energy, and Communication and Transportation, and their contribution to the growth of civilization.

The production phase includes models and/or replicas, reports, and displays.

Concepts covered are historical factors, technological innovation, scientific factors, contributions to society, construction and development, and technological linkages.

Activities are researching, planning, constructing, leading, drawing, writing,



inquiring, organizing, presenting, helping, problem solving, and conducting seminars.

This evolutionary study of technology has been carried out with considerable success in industrial arts programs in the United States and abroad.

The group project or group process is another excellent form of instructional organization that may be used in the study of past, present, and future technology. This form of instructional organization has several important qualities or characteristics. It

- is a group effort on a single constructional endeavor by the total class or in some cases by subgroups in a given class.
- promotes group planning and coordination and a great deal of internal cooperation.
- provides excellent opportunities for individual students to display their resourcefulness and dependability as well as skills in leadership, followership, intrapersonal relationships, and creativity.
- uses the common personnel organization structure as found in business or industry. This could include a board of directors, project director, public relations director, construction director, purchasing director, design director, and other related roles.
- is an educational experience that reaches into the dimensions of life-like reality in the school setting.
- is an experience that makes effective use of the peer culture relationships that exist at the particular age level.
- has great potential for establishing instructional linkages with the needs of society, the content of the area, the developmental tasks of youth, and the psychology of learning.

Group-project activities include organizing, planning, designing, constructing, creating, investigating, role involvement, problem solving, interpersonal involvement, communications, inquiring, and decision making.

The heritage of past technology may be studied through an endless number of group projects or group processes. A classic example is the development of a model of a 17th-century American village or seaport. Every facet of early colonial life was touched by the heritage of technology whether it be the windlass on the ship, the making of candles, printing of papers and books, building of ships, construction of living or business structures, or the arts of agriculture, weaving, pewtering, wheelwrighting, or blacksmithing.

Other group projects could center around the technology of printing, power generation, systems of transportation, water systems, warfare, and construction. These might deal with the primitive cultures, Romans, Greeks, Egyptians, and Babylonians.

STUDYING THE HERITAGE OF TECHNOLOGY—PRESENT

There are several systems or forms of instructional organizations that would be appropriate in studying present technology from a general technology emphasis or focus. These include research and experimentation, the unit approach, group projects, and community involvement.

The unit process is an important form of such study. Although the study of the past uses the anthropological unit approach, the present involves the contemporary unit approach. Examples of major contemporary unit studies of technology are Communications in Everyday Living, Contemporary Water Development Systems, Contemporary Transportation Systems, Contemporary Energy Development Systems, Contemporary Communications Systems, Contemporary Construction Processes, Contemporary Manufacturing or Production Processes, and so on.

Each of the above would be developed as a unit of instruction, much the same way as the anthropological unit was structured. The only difference is the contemporary nature of the major unit and the subtopics under the major unit.

As an example. Communications in Everyday Living might include the following subtopics for individual students to pursue: radar, printing units, sonar, street signal lights, radio, television, telegraphics, computer graphics, and laser communication, to name a few.

The topics would be dealt with in terms of some form or forms of technological fix

The community involvement model of educational design for the study of present and future technology has some possibilities that are related to the much-discussed curricular posture of moving the school out into the community and moving the community into the school. The essence of this approach is to identify those problem areas in the community where there is some active pursuit of the problem or to examine problem areas in need but not getting any attention or resolution. Each of these should, of course. lend themselves to technological solution. This is the community problem dimension of the community involvement design for educational experience.

A second community involvement model would use the community as a setting in which the present technology would be studied at the operating site. This could involve visitations, observations, and sessions at such community units as arports and terminals, television stations, transportation centers, city planning centers, water purification centers, construction sites, landfills, museums, fire academies, manufacturing plants, food-processing plants, and energy processing units.

Constructional and design elements of both forms of community involvement instruction would include group and individual projects.

The research and experimentation elements of the study of present technology would take on some highly relevant areas of inquiry. The students could pursue actual research in such areas as home (heat and cold) insulation (consumer/energy), solar-energy use (energy), airresistance studies (energy), pollution control devices (pollution), water purification (resource development), structural component design (consumer/resources), and process comparisons (production/energy-consumer).

STUDYING THE HERITAGE OF TECHNOLOGY—FUTURE

The study of the heritage of technology—future may be undertaken through a variety of different forms of instructional organization. These could include the unit, group process, community analysis, or individual inquiry instructional procedures.

Because the future is something to be experienced and is that which lies ahead at any given time, it might be well to consider what it is about the future that the study of technology—future should be concerned with. The following may provide some direction for the educational design:

- 1. The individual will be faced with making decisions about technological alternatives to problems and issues.
- 2. Technology will play an increasing role in the solution of the problems in the future.
- 3. The design of the future is largely in the hands of humankind.
- 4. The democratic ideal will require a greater degree of understanding of technology and its potential.
- 5. The need for adjustment, flexibility, and adaptability on the part of the people.
- 6. The great emphasis on the ability to learn.
- 7. There will be a great emphasis on a "sustaining" of resources society rather than on a "depleting" of resources society.

Each of the techniques or instructional procedures listed previously in this section has some role to play in the study of technology with respect to the future.

The study of technological alternatives is very effectively dealt with in the unit approach where a single problem area is identified and each student takes on a different technological approach to the problem. The following is an example:

The unit topic would be. The Development and Application of Alternative Energy Sources in the Solution of Society's Needs in the Future.

Subtopics (selected by individual students) would be solar energy, wind power. geothermal, hydroelectric, chemical, wave (ocean), nuclear fission, nuclear fusion, plant sources, trash utilization, coal, shale, gas, and thermal-differential.

The design of the future is effectively pursued through two different processes

previously identified.

- a. The group project provides many opportunities for creative experience in developing three-dimensional images of proposed developments with respect to communities or systems in a community.
- Community (examples)
 - 1. Model cities development
 - 2. Community change models
 - 3. Inner-city redevelopment
- System Development (examples)
 - 1. Transportations systems
 - 2. Communications systems
 - 3. Energy development systems
 - 4. Housing and recreational systems
- b. The community involvement instructional process has an exceptional potential for approaching the design of the future with respect to the kind of a community that would appear appropriate. This would take the realities that exist in a given area or community and then have the classes
- redesign the community in terms of projected ideals (use of models, drawings, schematics).
- 2. redevelop certain sections of the given community (use of models, drawings, schematics).
- redesign the transportation system in a given community tuse of models, drawings, schematics, flow charts).
- 4. develop pollution control measures for a community.
- 5. develop water and waste treatment facilities in the community.

Each of the above categories of instructional design (unit, group project or community involvement) would have a great deal of individual inquiry and problem solving associated with them. However, if the teacher and the students would elect to pursue such topics on an individual basis, this too could be done. It would be important, however, to provide some systematic procedure for sharing ideas, developments, and outcomes.

SUMMARY

It is important to note that the teaching of the heritage of technology—past, present, and future is much more than dealing with the hardware of technology in given periods. The educational programs should be designed for the development of people capable of living and contributing to the present and the future. This brings into focus the important dimensions of the processes of education

The impact of the study of sectorings with responsible to the

human component must deal with the processes of learner involvement in systematic inquiring, problem solving, analyzing, synthesizing, and generalizing. The process of learning to learn and the development of the resourcefulness of the individual must be stressed in any rapidly changing society so profoundly affected by the accelerated technology. The processes of education must also strive for the development of the personal qualities of flexibility, adaptability, and mobility.

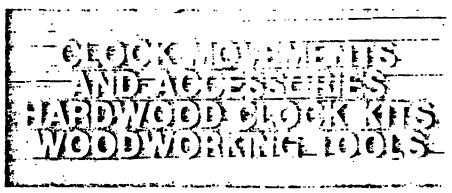
These people requirements in the 1980s and the century ahead must grow out of the study of technology. The design for learning will be equally or more important than what is to be learned. The systems previously described—unit studies, group

processes, research and perimentation and the community involvement models—are designed around the centrality of the individual in the learning process as well as the human needs to function effectively in the present and future.

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